

EASTERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT

CHRIS HANI

2024/2025 ANNUAL PERFORMANCE PLAN

DISTRICT DIRECTOR'S STATEMENT

The Chris Hani District accounts for a total population of 842 000 or 12% of the total population of the Eastern Cape. This is a youthful District with the largest share of the population being children and the youth. Influenced by District Demographics, Research findings and Emerging Social ills, targets have been set with Poorest Wards having been prioritized in all six (6) Local Municipalities.

With a background of strong Partnerships attributable to active participation in Inter-Governmental Relations, the District is committing to make a meaningful contribution to service provisioning to all population groups in the Districts. Our commitment to implementation of the District Development Model, ensuring accessibility of services at Ward level through an Integrated approach, transformation of the lives of the people of Chris Hani will be realized.

We will ensure vigorous implementation of the MEC Priorities for 2024/25 are as follows:

 Strengthening the provision of Child Care and Protection Services to ensure that every

- child is protected and receives developmental opportunities at the early stages of his or her life.
- Strengthening Prevention and Early Intervention Programmes on Gender Based Violence and Femicide.
- 3. Improving Sustainable Community Development Interventions.
- Enhancing the participation, mainstreaming and empowerment of all our vulnerable groups, the persons with disabilities, Youth and Women Development.
- Growing and strengthening of the NPO Sector through improving monitoring and management.
- 6. Building capable, ethical and developmental state for effective service delivery.
- Strengthening Social Partnerships through which vulnerable individuals, groups and communities become capable and selfreliant participants in their own development.

As the District Director of Chris Hani, it is a great pleasure to submit the Annual Performance Plan for 2024/25.

MR. T. SOLANI DISTRICT DIRECTOR CHRIS HANI DISTRICT

EASTERN CAPE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT

MARCH 2024

OFFICIAL SIGN-OFF

It is hereby certified that this Annual Performance Plan:

- Was developed by the management of the Chris Hani District, Eastern Cape Department of Social Development under the guidance of the MEC, HOD, and the Management of the Department.
- Considers all the relevant policies, legislation and other mandates for which the Department of Social Development is responsible.
- Accurately reflects the Impact, Outcomes and Outputs which the Eastern Cape Department of Social Development will endeavor to achieve over the period 2024/2025.

Ms V. Didiza

Acting Programme Manager: Administration

Ms. N. Mbana

Social Work Manager: Programme 2

Ms. T. Ntshanga

Social Work Manager: Programme 3

Mr. P. Sinukela

Social Work Manager: Programme 4

Mr. M. Matiwane

Community Development Manager: Programme 5

Mr. T. Solani District Director Chris Hani District Signature

Signature

Signature

Signature

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LIST OF ACRONYMS

AFS	Annual Financial Statements	MOU	Memorandum of Understanding
AG	Auditor-General	MOA	Memorandum of Agreement
AGSA	Auditor-General South Africa	MP	Member of Parliament
AIDS	Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome	MTEF	Medium Term Expenditure Framework
AO	Accounting Officer	MTSF	Medium-Term Strategic Framework
APP	Annual Performance Plan	NAWONGO	National Association of Welfare Organisations and Non-Profit Organisations
APS	Anti-Poverty Strategy	NDA	National Development Agency
всм	Buffalo City Metro	NDP	National Development Plan
BEE	Black Economic Empowerment	NGO	Non-Governmental Organisation
BBBEEA	Black Economic Empowerment Act	NIA	National Intelligence Agency
СВО	Community-Based Organisation	NMM	Nelson Mandela Metro
CBR	Community-Based Rehabilitation	NPO	Non-Profit Organisations
CDP	Community Development Practitioner	NTR	National Treasury Regulations
CFO	Chief Financial Officer	NYS	National Youth Service
CNDC	Community Nutrition Development Centres	OD	Organisational Development
CIO	Chief Information Officer	OHSA	Occupational Health and Safety Act
COGTA	Cooperative Governance & Traditional Affairs	ОТР	Office of the Premier
COVID	Corona Virus Disease	ovc	Orphans and Vulnerable Children
CYCC	Child and Youth Care Centres	PDP	Provincial Development Plan
CYCW	Child and Youth Care Workers	PERSAL	Personnel and Salary System
DBE	Department of Basic Education	PIAPS	Provincial Integrated Anti-Poverty Strategy
DDG	Deputy Director-General	PFMA	Public Finance Management Act
DOE	Department of Education	PPP	Public-Private Partnership
DDM	District Development Model	PMDS	Performance Management Development System
DORA	Division of Revenue Act	SAPS	South African Police Service
DPSA	Department of Public Service Administration	SA	South Africa
DRDAR	Department of Rural Development and Agrarian Reform	SAHNES	South African National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey
DSD	Department of Social Development	SAQA	South African Qualifications Authority
DQA	Developmental Quality Assurance	SARS	South African Revenue Services
EC	Eastern Cape	SASSA	South Africa Social Security Agency
ECD	Early Childhood Development	SETA	Sector Education and Training Authority
ECSECC	Eastern Cape Socio Economic Consultative Council	SCM	Supply Chain Management
EPWP	Expanded Public Works Program	SCOA	Standard Chart of Accounts
EWP	Employee Wellness Policy	SCOPA	Standing Committee on Public Accounts
EXCO	Executive Council	SDIP	Service Delivery Improvement Plan
FBM	Family Based Model	SDIMS	Social Development Information Management System
FET	Further Education and Training	SEZs	Special Economic Zones
GBV	Gender Based Violence	SITA	State Information Technology Agency
GITO	Government Information Technology Officer	SLA	Service Level Agreement
HCBC	Home Community Based Care	SM	Senior Manager
HOD	Head of Department	SMME	Small Medium Micro Enterprise
HIV	Human Immunodeficiency Virus	SP	Strategic Plan
HR	Human Resources	STI	Sexually Transmitted Infection
HRD	Human Resource Development	TADA	Teenagers Against Drug Abuse
HRM	Human Resource Management	TIDs	Technical Indicator Descriptors
IA	Internal Audit	ТВ	Tuberculosis
IT	Information Technology	UN	United Nations
ICT	Information and Communication Technology	UNICEF	United Nations Children's Education Fund

IEC	Information Education and Communication	VEP	Victim Empowerment Program
IDP	Integrated Development Plan	VCANE	Violence Child Abuse Neglect and Exploitation
IFMS	Integrated Financial Management Systems	WEGE	Women Empowerment and Gender Equality
IMST	Information Management Systems Technology	WHO	World Health Organisation
ISS	Institutional Support Services		
IPFMA	Institute of Public Finance Management and Auditing		
LED	Local Economic Development		
LGBTI+	Lesbian Gay Bisexual Transgender & Intersex		

The Department of Social Development will continue to provide social protection services through Integrated Developmental Social Services and lead government efforts to forge partnerships through which vulnerable individuals, families, groups and communities become capable and self-reliant participants in their own development.

1.1 CONSTITUTIONAL MANDATE

The Constitutional Mandate of the Department of Social Development is derived from the Section 27 of South Africa's Constitution:

- (1) Everyone has the right to have access to
 - a. health care services, including reproductive health care
 - b.sufficient food and water; and
 - c. social security, including, if they are unable to support themselves and their dependents, appropriate social assistance
- (2) The state must take reasonable legislative and other measures, within its available resources, to achieve the progressive realisation of each of these rights

Section 28(1) of the Constitution enshrines the <u>rights of the children</u> with regard to appropriate care, basic nutrition, shelter, health care services and social services

Schedule 4 of the Constitution mandates the Provincial Governments to render population development and welfare services

1.2 CORE FUNCTIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

To provide Developmental Social Services to individuals, families, groups and communities through the following social protection measures:

- **Protective** Measures are introduced to save lives and reduce levels of deprivation.
- Preventive Acts as an economic stabilizer that seeks to help people avoid falling into deeper poverty and reduce vulnerability to natural disasters, crop failure, accidents and illness.
- Promotive Aims to enhance the capabilities of individuals, communities and institutions to participate in all spheres of activity.
- Transformative Tackles inequities and vulnerabilities through changes in policies, laws, budgetary allocations and redistributive measures.
- Developmental and generative Increases consumption patterns of the poor, promoting local economic development and enabling poor people to access economic and social opportunities.

1.3 PURPOSE OF DEVELOPMENTAL SOCIAL SERVICES

- Enhance social functioning and human capacities.
- Promote social solidarity through participation and community involvement in social welfare.

- Promote social inclusion through empowerment of those who are socially and economically excluded from the mainstream of society.
- Protect and promote the rights of populations at risk.
- Address oppression and discrimination arising not only from structural forces but also from social and cultural beliefs and practices that hamper social inclusion.
- Contribute significantly to community building and local institutional development.

1.4 MAIN SERVICES

The Department offers its programmes and services not as a single entity but collaboratively with the NPO sector established under the Non-Profit Organisations Act (1997). The services of the Department are rendered through a structured based approach adopted from the White Paper for Social Welfare Services 1997 and Framework for Social Welfare Services 2013.

Developmental Social Services are delivered to beneficiaries in terms of the life cycle of a person, namely childhood, youth, adulthood and aging focusing on the family as the central unit in communities targeting groups that are more vulnerable than others, Children, Youth, Women, Older persons and People with disabilities.

- Generic basket of services focusing on prevention, early intervention, rehabilitative, residential and Reunification and After Care Services in dealing with substance abuse prevention and rehabilitation, care and services to older persons, crime prevention and support, services to people with disabilities, child care and protection services, victim empowerment, home community based care services to HIV/AIDS infected and affected communities, social relief of distress, and care and support services to families;
- In ensuring community development, focus is given to community mobilisation, institutional capacity building and support for Non - Profit Institutions (NPIs), poverty alleviation and sustainable livelihoods, community-based research and planning, youth development, women development and population policy promotion.

1.5 DSD SECTOR PORTFOLIO COMMITMENTS FOR 2024 AND BEYOND

- Basic Income Support the sector has embarked on a consultation process on the Draft policy on the Basic Income Support (BIS) to be concluded in 2024/25 financial year
- Gender Based Violence (shelters + psychosocial support services) – Based on the mandate of providing psychosocial support services to victims of crime and violence, the DSD makes

- contribution in all the six pillars of the NSP on GBVF, while also leading Pillar 4 of the NSP which focuses on Response, Care, Support and Healing.
- Employment of Social Workers to address social behavioural change challenges and rising social ills.
- Alcohol and Substance Abuse the death of children and youth in EC (in a tavern)
- has put a spotlight on the sector.
- Disaster Management DSD is working on improving its disaster management responsiveness systems and enhancing coordination working with stakeholders across government, private sector and civil society spectrum.
- Youth and Gender Empowerment through skills development and job creation especially through

1.6. LEGISLATIVE AND POLICY MANDATES

The Department of Social Development derives its mandate from several pieces of legislation and policies. Based on its mandate, the Department develops and implements programmes for the alleviation of poverty, social protection and social development among the poorest of the poor, and the most vulnerable and marginalised. The Department effectively implements this through its partnerships with its primary customers/clients and all those sharing its vision.

- social entrepreneurship and EPWP looking at social and solidarity economy.
- Care and Protection of Children, the Elderly and People with Disability – DSD has a duty to reduce violence against children, child abuse, neglect and exploitation and to care and protect the rights of the elderly and people with disability.
- Support for NGOs on social behavioural change matters.
- Strengthening Partnerships to augment the shrinking resources and maximize impact South Africa is currently experiencing severe fiscus constrains. This is exacerbated by ailing international markets and poor economic outlook. DSD will strengthen these partnerships to augment its limited allocation from the fiscus and realise major impact in improving the quality of life of our people.

Table 1: Legislative Mandates

LEGISLATION	PURPOSE
	Section 27 (1) (c) of the Constitution provides for the right of access to appropriate social
1996	assistance to those unable support themselves and their dependants.
Child Justice Amendment Act 28 of 2019	To establish a criminal justice system for children, who are in conflict with the law and are accused of committing offences and make provision for the assessment of children; the possibility of diverting matters away from the formal criminal justice system, in appropriate circumstances and extend the sentencing options available in respect of children who have been convicted; to entrench the notion of restorative justice in the criminal justice system in respect of children who are in conflict with the law.
Children's Act 38 of 2005, as amended	To give effect to rights of the children as contained in the constitution and sets out principles for the care and protection of children that define parental responsibility and rights.
Children Amendment Act 17 of 2022	intends: to amend the Children's Act, 2005, so as to amend and insert certain definitions; to extend the children's court jurisdiction; to further provide for the care of abandoned or orphaned children and additional matters that may be regulated
Cooperatives Act, 14 of 2005	To provide for the formation and registration of co-operatives; the establishment of a Co-operatives Advisory Board as well as the winding up of co-operatives.
Criminal Law (Sexual Offences and Related Matters) Amendment Act 13 of 2021	The act provides various services to the victims of sexual offences, including but not limited to the creation of the National Register for Sex Offenders which records the details of those convicted of sexual offences against children or people who are mentally challenged.
Criminal Procedure Act 51 of 1997 as amended	It provides for the promotion of the rule of law and the protection of the rights of all individuals involved in criminal proceedings in South Africa. It also provides a clear framework for the conduct of criminal proceedings, ensuring that justice is served fairly and transparently
Domestic Violence Amendment Act 24 of 2021	To afford the victims of domestic violence the maximum protection from domestic abuse that the law can provide; and to introduce measures which seek to ensure that the relevant organs of state give full effect to the provisions of this Act, and thereby to convey that the State is committed to the elimination of domestic violence.
Intergovernmental Relations Framework Act, 13 of 2005	To establish a framework for the national government, provincial governments and local governments to promote and facilitate intergovernmental relations; to provide for mechanisms and procedures to facilitate the settlement of intergovernmental disputes; and to provide for matters connected therewith.
Mental Health Act, 17 of 2002	To provide for the care and treatment of persons who are mentally ill and sets out different procedures to be followed in the admission of such persons.
National Youth Development Agency Act 54 of 2008	To provide for the establishment of the National Youth Development Agency aimed at creating and promoting coordination in youth development matters; to provide for the objects and functions of the agency.
Non-Profit Organisations Act, 1997	This Act repealed the Fund-Raising Act, 1997, excluding the chapter that deals with relief funds, and provided for an environment in which non-profit organisations can flourish. The Act also established an administrative and regulatory framework within which non-profit organisations can conduct their affairs. The Act was amended in 2000 to effect certain textual alterations.
Older Persons Act 13 of 2006	To deal effectively with the plight of Older Persons through a framework aimed at empowering, protecting, promoting and maintaining their status, rights, wellbeing, safety and security.
Prevention and Combatting of Trafficking in Persons Act, 7 of 2013	The prevent, suppress and punish trafficking in persons, especially women and children, supplementing the UN convention against transnational organised crime.
Prevention and Treatment for Substance Abuse Act, 70 of 2008	This Act provides for the implementation of comprehensive and integrated service delivery in the field of substance abuse amongst all government Departments. The main emphasis of this Act is the promotion of community based and early intervention programmes as well as the registration of therapeutic interventions in respect of substance abuse.
Probation Services Act, 116 of 1991	To provide for the establishment and implementation of programmes aimed at the combating of crime; for the rendering of assistance to and treatment of certain persons involved in crime; and for matters connected therewith.
Probation Services Amendment Act, 35 of 2002	To make provision for programmes aimed at the prevention and combating crime; to extend the powers and duties of probation officers; to provide for the duties of assistant probation, officers; to provide for the mandatory assessment of arrested children; to provide for the establishment of a probation advisory committee; to provide for the designation of family finders; and to provide for matters connected therewith.
Public Finance Management Act, 1999	To regulate financial management in the national government; to ensure that all revenue, expenditure, assets and liabilities of that government are managed efficiently and effectively; to provide for the responsibilities of persons entrusted with financial management in that government; and to provide for matters connected therewith.
Skills Development Act, 97 of 1998	To develop the skills of the South African workforce - to improve the quality of life of workers, their prospects of work and labour mobility; to improve productivity in the workplace and the

LEGISLATION	PURPOSE
	competitiveness of employers; to promote self-employment; and to improve the delivery of social services; encourage employers - to use the workplace as an active learning environment; to provide employees with the opportunities to acquire new skills; to provide opportunities for new entrants to the labour market to gain work experience; to employ persons who find it difficult to be employed; and encourage workers to participate in learning programmes; to improve the employment prospects of persons previously disadvantaged by unfair discrimination and to redress those disadvantages through training and education.
Social Assistance Act, 59 of 1992	To provide those unable to support themselves and their dependents with a right of access to appropriate services social assistance.
Social Service Practitioners Act 2018	To provide for the establishment of a South African Council for Social Service Professions and to define its powers and functions; for the registration of Social Workers, student Social Workers, social auxiliary workers and persons practising other professions in respect of which professional boards have been established; for control over the professions regulated under this Act; and for incidental matters.
Social Work Amendment Act 102 of 1998	To enable applicants and beneficiaries to apply to the Agency to reconsider its decision; to further regulate appeals against decisions of the Agency; and to effect certain textual corrections; and to provide for matters connected therewith,
White Paper on Population Policy for South Africa, 1998	To promote sustainable human development and quality of life for all South Africans through the integration of population issues into development planning in all spheres of government and in all sectors of society. The policy mandates the Department of Social Development to monitor the implementation of the policy and its impact on population trends and dynamics in the context of sustainable human development.
White Paper on Social Welfare, 2015	To set out the principles, guidelines, proposed policies and programmes for developmental social welfare in South Africa. As the primary policy document, the White Paper serves as the foundation for social welfare in the post-1994 era.
Women Empowerment and Gender Equality Bill of 2012	To give effect to section 9 of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996, in so far as the empowerment of women and gender equality is concerned; to establish a legislative framework for the empowerment of women; to align all aspects of laws and implementation of laws relating to women empowerment, and the appointment and representation of women in decision making positions and structures; and to provide for matters connected therewith.
Disaster Management Act 57 of 2002	Requires the establishment of a National Disaster Management Centre (NDMC) responsible for promoting integrated and co-ordinated National Disaster Risk Management Policy.

Table 2: Policy Mandates

LEGISLATION	PURPOSE
Generic Norms and Standards for	The development and implementation of service standards is a critical requirement for the
Social Welfare Services (2011)	transformation and improvement of service delivery by public institutions. This is provided
,	for in the White Paper on the Transformation of Public Service (1995), which outlines
	service standards as one of the eight principles underpinning the transformation process.
Household food and nutrition	This is about government commitment in ensuring food security through implementation of
security strategy for South Africa	the comprehensive food security and nutrition strategy to benefit vulnerable households.
National Development Plan, Vision	The NDP 2030 is based on a thorough reflection of the grinding and persistent poverty,
2030 (Outcome 13: Social Protection)	inequality and unemployment. It provides a shared long-term strategic framework within
	which more detailed planning can take place and also provides a broader scope for social
	protection focusing on creating a system to ensure that none lives below a pre-determined
National Stratogic Plan on Gondon	social floor Provide a multi-sectoral, coherent strategic policy and programming framework to ensure a
	coordinated national response to the crisis of gender-based violence and femicide by the
2030)	government of South Africa and the country as a whole
•	To provide strategic direction, guidance and prevent the spread of HIV and AIDS and other
	sexually transmitted diseases (STI's) and mitigate the impact thereof.
National Youth Policy (2015 – 2020)	The Policy is a cornerstone and a key policy directive in advancing the objective of
	consolidating and integrating youth development into the mainstream of government
	policies, programmes and the National budget.
	To improve the effectiveness and efficiency of the skills development system; establish and
III (2011-2016)	promote closer links between employers and training institutions and between both of these
	and the SETAs and enable trainees to enter the formal workforce or create a livelihood for
National policy for food and putrition	themselves. To ensure physical, social and economic access to sufficient, safe and nutritious food by all
security	people, at all times to meet the dietary and food preferences.
Policy on Financial Awards to	To guide the country's response to the financing of service providers in the Social
Service Providers	Development sector, to facilitate transformation and redirection of services and resources,
	and to ensure effective and efficient services to the poor and vulnerable sectors of society.
White Paper on Disability	To accelerate transformation and redress with regard to full inclusion, integration and
	equality for persons with disabilities. We believe that the WPRPD and its Implementation
	Matrix will offer both the public, private and civil society sectors a tangible platform to do
	things differently to expedite the process of improving the quality of life of persons with
Policy on Disability	disabilities and their families. To enhance the independence and creating opportunities for people with disabilities in
Policy on Disability	collaboration with key stakeholders.
Population Policy of South Africa	To influence the country's population trends in such a way that these trends are consistent
1998	with the achievement of sustainable human development.
South African Policy for Older	To facilitate services that are accessible, equitable and affordable to Older Persons and that
Persons	conform to prescribed norms and standards.
	To provide a statutory framework for the promotion and upholding of the rights of victims of
(2020)	violent crime; to prevent secondary victimisation of people by providing protection,
	response, care and support and re-integration programmes; to provide a framework for
	integrated and multi-disciplinary co-ordination of victim empowerment and support; to provide for designation and registration of victim empowerment and support services
	centres and service providers; to provide for the development and implementation of victim
	empowerment services norms and minimum standards; to provide for the specific roles and
	responsibilities of relevant departments and other stakeholders; and to provide for matters
	connected therewith.
National Childcare and Protection	It provides a unifying framework for effective and systemic translation of the country's
Policy (2019)	childcare and protection responsibilities to realise the vision. The Policy recognises that
	parents, families, and caregivers are the primary duty-bearers for the care, development
	and protection of their children, and that most parents, caregivers and families have the
Supervision Francusals for the	desire and capacity to provide care and protection.
Supervision Framework for the Social Work Profession in South	It protects clients, supports practitioners, and ensures that professional standards and quality services are delivered by competent social workers
Africa 2012	quality solvitous are delivered by competent social workers
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Table 3: Frameworks, Norms and Standards

NO.	FRAMEWORKS, NORMS AND STANDARDS
01.	National Norms and Standards for Social Service Delivery
02.	Integrated National Disability Strategy
03.	National Drug Master Plan 2019 – 2024
04.	GCR Integrated Anti Substance Abuse Strategy 2020 – 2025
05.	National Policy on the Management of Substance Abuse
06.	National Minimum Norms and Standards for Inpatient Treatment Centres
07.	National Minimum Norms and Standards for Outpatient Treatment Centres
08.	National Minimum Norms and Standards for Diversion
09.	National Policy Framework for Accreditation of Diversion Services in South Africa
10.	National Guidelines on Home-based Supervision
11.	National Blueprint Minimum Norms and Standards for Secure Care Facilities
12.	Interim National Protocol for the Management of Children Awaiting Trial
13.	National Norms and Standards for Foster Care
14.	National Norms and Standards for Adoption
15.	National Norms and Standards for Home Community Based Care (HCBC) and Support Programme
16.	National Norms and Standards for Prevention and Early Intervention Programmes
17.	National Norms and Standards for CYCC
18.	Generis Norms and Standards for Social Welfare Services
19.	Norms and Standards for Community Development Practitioners
20.	Ministerial Determination 4: Expanded Public Works Programme, Notice No 347
21.	EPWP Recruitment Guidelines 2017
22. 23.	National Community Development Policy
23. 24.	National Policy on Food and Nutrition Security
	National Strategy on Household Food and Nutrition Security
25.	Eastern Cape DSD Women Empowerment and Gender Equality Policy
26.	Supervision Framework for Social Service Practitioners
27.	National Youth Policy 2020-2030

2.1 POLITICAL DIRECTIVES AND PRIORITIES FOR 2024/2025

Guided by the National Development Plan, the Department's principal vision is to create an all and Inclusive Responsive Social Protection System that forges a consensus on transforming of social protection within a developmental paradigm. The MEC's political directives are embedded in the Departments' core functions, which are to provide the following:

- Inclusive and Responsive Social Protection System
- Integrated and developmental social welfare services (preventive, rehabilitative, therapeutic).
- Community development facilitation and support.

Below are the political and policy imperatives which will be carried out in the 2024/25 Annual Performance Plan:

Table 4: Political Directives

AGENDA	INTERVENTIONS
PRIORITY AREA 1	Strengthening the provision of Child Care and Protection Services to ensure that every child is protected and receives developmental opportunities at the early stages of his or her life.
PRIORITY AREA 2	Strengthening Prevention and Early Intervention Programmes on Gender Based Violence and Femicide.
PRIORITY AREA 3	Improving Sustainable Community Development Interventions
PRIORITY AREA 4	Enhancing the participation, mainstreaming and empowerment of all our vulnerable groups (persons with disabilities, Youth and Women Development)
PRIORITY AREA 5	Growing and strengthening of the NPO Sector through improving monitoring and management.
PRIORITY AREA 6	Fighting poverty, unemployment and inequality by reducing the rate of unemployed social workers
PRIORITY AREA 7	Strengthening district operations to be hubs of service delivery and development in line with the DDM
PRIORITY AREA 8	Building capable, ethical and developmental state for effective service delivery

2.2 STRATEGIC FOCUS AREAS IN RESPONSE TO DEMAND FOR DEVELOPMENTAL SOCIAL WELFARE SERVICE

CARE AND SUPPORT SERVICES TO OLDER PERSONS

The Older Persons Act, 2006 was put in place by the South African government to protect, promote and maintain the status, rights, well-being and security of older persons. In support of the Older Persons Act, South Africa has seen several non-governmental organisations (NGOs) focusing on the needs of the older people. The Department will focus on the following for the 2024/25 financial year:

- Provision of Residential Facilities for older persons
- Provision of Community Based Care Services for older Persons in funded and non-funded sites
- Provision of psychosocial support services and Advocacy Programmes for protection of older persons
- · Promotion of Active Ageing

SERVICES TO THE PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES

The White paper for Persons with Disabilities advocates for equality of persons with disabilities, removing discriminatory barriers to access and participation and ensuring that universal design informs access and participation in the planning, budgeting and service delivery value chain of all

programmes. The Department will focus on the following for the 2024/25 financial year:

- Provision of Residential Facilities for persons with disabilities
- Provision of Protective Workshops for persons with disabilities
- Provision of psychosocial support services
- Provision of Community Based Care Services.

HIV AND AIDS

The Department implements the National Strategic plan for HIV/AIDS which seeks to maximise equitable and equal access to services and solutions for HIV/TB AIDS and STIs and these are implemented through a compendium of Social and Behaviour Change Programmes through YOLO, Ke Moja, ZAZI, the family (e.g. Families Matter programmes), the community (e.g. Community Capacity Enhancement (CCE), Traditional Leaders and Men Championing Change.

SOCIAL RELIEF

The Department implements the Social Assistance Act No 13 of 2004 which provides for temporary relief for individuals and communities experiencing undue hardships. And The act is implemented through the following relief programmes:

- Food parcels and vouchers to qualifying individuals and families
- · School uniforms
- Psychosocial support services
- Sanitary dignity Programmes to children of indigent families and households who are from Quintile 1-3 schools.

CARE AND PROTECTION SERVICES FOR CHILDREN

The implementation of the Children's Act 38 of 2005 as amended aims to provide regulations, services and programmes that promote the protection and care of children as well as building resilience of families. Services include:

- Statutory and Alternative Care services e.g. Temporary Safe Care, Foster Care, Residential Care and Adoption Programme.
- Programmes aimed at reuniting children previously placed in alternative care with their families or communities of origin.
- Public Education and prevention programmes, focusing on parental responsibilities and rights, targeting children, parents, families and communities.
- Partial Care Services targeting children with disabilities
- Child and Youth Care Centres
- Community-Based Care Services for children through Drop-in Centres, RISIHA and Safe Parks
- Provision of services by Child Protection Organisations

PROMOTION OF FAMILY WELL-BEING AND STRENGTHENING OF FAMILY RELATIONSHIPS

- Provision of Family Preservation Services, Parenting Programmes and Family reunification services
- Expand families' knowledge of and access to social welfare services that can meet their needs at different points in the family life course.
- Provision of Psychosocial support and Therapeutic services
- Provision of family services through various NGOs and faith- based organisations.
- Protect all families' right to have access to sufficient food to meet family members' basic needs
- Empowering families to develop sustainable livelihood strategies.

CARE AND SUPPORT TO FAMILIES

Along with the economy, polity and education, the family is universally viewed as one of the essential sectors without which no society can function (Ziehl, 2003). As the setting for demographic reproduction, primary socialisation, and the source of emotional, material, and instrumental support for its members (Belsey, 2005), families influence the way society is structured, organised, and is able to function. During a

family's life course, individuals within the family transition between different life stages. Each stage presents new challenges and new opportunities for growth and development. However, for a range of reasons, many families are less equipped and face significant stressors as they seek to respond to the needs of family members. Such circumstances may include (but are not limited to) poverty and a lack of economic opportunities, poor infrastructure and service delivery, substance abuse, crime, violence (Roman et al., 2016). In addition, pandemics, and other social and environmental shocks, such as HIV and AIDS and Covid-19, profoundly affect the well-being of South African families through shifts in the burden of care, health challenges, and loss. (National Family Policy, 2015). The Department will focus on the following for 2024/25 financial year:

CRIME PREVENTION AND SUPPORT

Crime and violence continue to be amongst the most serious and intractable impediments to development in the Eastern Cape. These impediments are the result of a multiplicity of factors related to the socio-economic challenges experienced by the province, which are characterised by extreme inequality and poverty, spatial segregation and high levels of unemployment.

In line with the National Development Plan (NDP) sets out a vision for safer communities, recognising the need to address the drivers of crime and violence, the Department of Social Development implements Social Crime Prevention Strategy through the following measures:

- Expand provision of re-integration programme for ex-offenders
- Implementation of social crime programmes in hot spot areas
- Provision of diversion programmes for children in conflict with the law
- Provision of re-integration programme for exoffenders

SUBSTANCE ABUSE, PREVENTION AND REHABILITATION

The National Drug Master Plan seeks to provide an effective response prevention of social marginalisation and the promotion of non-stigmatising attitudes, encouragement to drug users to seek treatment and care, and expanding local capacity in communities for prevention, treatment, recovery, and reintegration.

The Department implements the National Drug Master Plan through the following measures:

- Strengthen functionality of Local Drug Action Committees in partnership with Local Municipalities
- Strengthen implementation of the Provincial Drug Master Plan targeting hot spot areas.

- Promote access and marketing of the Ernest Malgas Treatment Centre to benefit all children in need of rehabilitative service
- Strengthen implementation of integrated prevention programmes on substance abuse.
- Establish collaborative relationships; promote joint planning and integration internally and externally.
- Capacity building of emerging organizations in to have capacity to render restorative services.
- Roll out of prevention programme through implementation of awareness
- Provision of in and out-patient treatment programme
- Provision of aftercare and re-integration programme

VICTIM EMPOWERMENT

The National Policy Guidelines for Victim Empowerment are intended to achieve a society in which the rights and needs of victims of crime and violence are acknowledged and effectively addressed within a restorative justice framework.

The Department will implement the following measures:

- Strengthen prevention and early intervention programmes
- Continue to support White Door Centres of Hope and Shelters for Women
- Provision of support services to all victims of crime and violence in line with the Norms and Minimum Standards for Victim Empowerment.
- Implementation of the National Strategic Plan on Gender Based Violence and Femicide (2020-2030) with emphasis on Pillar 4, 2 and 5 focusing on response, care, support & healing, prevention of gender-based violence and femicide and empowerment of survivors of GBV.

YOUTH DEVELOPMENT

National Youth Policy 2020-2030 sets out interventions that facilitates holistic positive development for young people to enable them to contribute positively and actively in the socioeconomic platforms within the society.

Youth Development Programme focus areas: Support to Youth Development Structures (Youth Cooperatives & NPOs), Skills Development and Youth Mobilisation.

 Support to youth development structures focuses on empowering young people by providing them with livelihood opportunities to enhance their capabilities and create self-employment opportunities. These initiatives are democratic organisations which emanates from youth mobilisation sessions with a social purpose that addresses both economic need and social need initiated and sustained by the combination of public and private resources. The programme provides financial support, capacity building and mentorship in relevant aspects such as governance, entrepreneurship development, financial management, bookkeeping, marketing leadership, social cohesion and nation building for effective performance and for service delivery.

Skills Development

- Youth development incorporates youth skilling through training, internship and learnerships for young people to access a range of available opportunities within the mainstream economy. These programmes provide foundation for youth to enter a range of qualification based training on community development methodologies, technical scarce skills and soft skills such as Culinary Skills, carpentry (construction & cabinet making), upholstery, community house building, electrical, plumbing, welding, life skills, computer training, skills. business skills, sewing, entrepreneurship and drivers licence)
- Youth Mobilisation involves continuous engagement of young people for empowerment and to equip them with tools for personal development and sustainable livelihoods. Personal development covers any activity that improves awareness or identity, enhances quality of life/develops talents and skills so at to contribute to social cohesion and nation building. Young people are mobilised to work together, engage, raise awareness, create a strong voice, actively participate in their own development using a solution focused approach that empowers them to solve their own problems. These programmes are facilitated through youth outreach programmes, youth dialogues, intergenerational dialogues, youth month events and Provincial Youth Camp.

WOMEN DEVELOPMENT

Women's Economic Empowerment

The promotion of women empowerment and gender equality is a priority which is expressed in several South African laws which are aligned with regional, continental and global conventions and frameworks. In fostering an enabling environment for gender equality, the Department implements the following interventions:

Economic empowerment is central to women's ability to overcome poverty, cope with shocks and improve their well-being. Women's economic empowerment is when women can make and/or influence, and act on decisions about their participation in labour markets, their share of unpaid work and in the allocation and use of their own/their household's assets. The Department will implement the following interventions: Develop a database of NPOs, Cooperatives and informal trading entities

 Enable women to access start-up capital and funds for expansion of existing women-owned businesses.

- Promote cooperation among women led NPOS and cooperatives.
- Improve capacity and mentoring of women in business and potential entrepreneurs
- Facilitate skills development and training in business and entrepreneurship development, co-operatives development, organisational, financial management and stokvel savings management;

Promoting Women Empowerment through Cooperatives

A cooperative refers to an autonomous association of people who voluntarily cooperate for their mutual social, economic, and cultural benefit. It includes non-profit community organisations that are owned and managed by the people who use their services (consumer co-operatives) and/or by the people who work there (worker co-operatives). The Department will promote Women Empowerment through:

- Improved access to economic opportunities for women cooperatives.
- · Improved capacity and access to markets
- Strengthening management and governance of women cooperatives.
- Improved access to mentorship, information and advisory services

Support to Women's Social Empowerment and Protection Programmes

Women's social empowerment is understood as the process of developing a sense of autonomy and self-confidence, acting individually and collectively to change social relationships. It is when women gain the ability to make/influence decisions about their social interactions (e.g. mobility, association with others), reproduction, health and education

- Eradicating and supporting victims of Gender-Based Violence and Femicide.
- Strengthening women's development.
- Promoting and protecting women's rights

2.3.6 IMPLEMENTATION OF PROGRAMMES TARGETING MILITARY VETERANS

A proclamation through Government Notice, Number 32844, dated 28 December 2009; recognizing a need to acknowledge South African Military Veterans, and therefore established a department to handle their affairs, the Department of Military Veterans (DMV). Subsequent to that, the Military Veterans Act 18 of 2011 was passed as legislation to handle all matters relating to Military Veterans. Military Veterans were identified as a designated group in the Eastern Cape Province. For 2024/25 plans the Department will prioritise delivery of services to military veterans in the Eastern Cape, where there will be signed Mou' between the Department and Department of Military Veterans.

Section 9 Of the Bill of Rights addresses the right to equality while Section 10 guarantees the right to dignity. The Military Veterans Act 18 of 2011, provides

for principles that guide all benefits relating to military veterans, By Sector Departments. Military Veterans Act 18, 2011, Accommodates Military Veterans issues from all nine (9) Military Veterans associations and organisations, statutory and non-statutory.

The Department will focus on the following services to military Veterans.

- 1) Provision of Psychosocial support services
- 2) Profiling of Households
- 3) Provision of Social Relief of Distress
- 4) Facilitation of Business Development Support (Registration of, co-ops, NPO's).

2.3.7 IMPLEMENTATION OF PROGRAMMES TARGETING EX-MINE WORKERS

The Department will focus on the following services to ex-mine workers:

- 1. Provision of Psychosocial support services
- 2. Profiling of Households
- 3. Provision of Social Relief of Distress
- Facilitation of Business Development Support (Registration of, co-ops, NPO's).

2.3.8 PROVINCIAL ANTI-POVERTY STRATEGY

The Eastern Cape Provincial Administration gave a mandate to the Provincial Department of Social Development to facilitate and drive the implementation of the Provincial Anti-Poverty Strategy, which is aimed at reducing the incidence of poverty as well as to prevent the reproduction of poverty within households and communities of the Eastern Cape Province.

At the centre of the fight against poverty is the creation of economic opportunities and enabling or empowering communities and individuals to access these opportunities. Providing a safety net in the form of social assistance and provision of basic services continues to be critical in the efforts towards eradication of poverty.

In line with the multidimensional nature of poverty, the anti-poverty framework is anchored on the five pillars listed below:

- <u>Pillar 1:</u> Promote social inclusion, implement social capital Initiatives and build safer communities.
- Pillar 2: Invest in human capital and Human Development: This objective responds to the need to provide health care, education and training needed to engage with the economy and in political processes. Central here is ensuring that poor children grow up healthy, are provided with quality and efficient preventative and curative care and ensuring that illness or disability do not plunge poor households into destitution.
- <u>Pillar 3:</u> Improve the health profile: Adequate healthcare is critical in the struggle against poverty to maintain good quality of life, ensure adults are able to work and care for their families, and that

children grow up healthy. If healthcare is unaffordable, an illness can plunge a marginal family into crisis. Moreover, providing adequate healthcare for all is a critical element in building social trust and solidarity.

- Pillar 4: Ensure income security, create economic opportunities and jobs: The strategy recognises the importance of providing safety nets for the most vulnerable, primarily through social grants. This is to ensure that vulnerability associated with disability, age and illness does not plunge poor households into destitution. Measures to ensure income security for those without access to economic opportunities take two forms namely, social assistance and social insurance.
- <u>Pillar 5:</u> Better targeted access to basic services and assets: This pillar addresses what has been termed a social wage, consisting of services such as subsidised housing, and expanded access to

water, electricity, refuse removal and sanitation; as well as a raft of minimum free basic services for vulnerable sectors of the population. It is an important principle that inability to pay for basic services should not prevent the poor from accessing these services altogether.

The Anti-Poverty and Rural Development Strategy is intended to be implemented in accordance with the policy directives of the Provincial Medium - Term Strategic Framework 2020-2024 in the poorest nodal points within 39 Wards in the identified Local Municipalities with special focus on the 476 villages.

The following are the services and interventions that the Department of Social Development will be contributing in the 39 Wards to enhance human capabilities, building resilience in individuals, families and development and empowerment of communities.

ANTI-POVERTY CONTRIBUTION

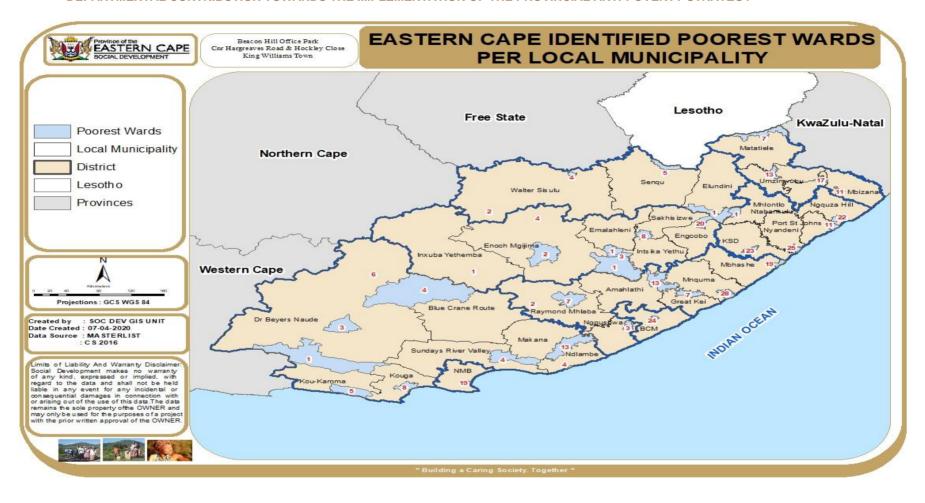
PILLARS	EXPECTED OUTCOMES	INDICATORS	KEY PROGRAMMES	SERVICE RECIPIENTS	PROVINCIAL 2024/25	CHRIS HANI 2024/25	SERVICE OFFICE 2022/23 TARGETS	POOREST WARDS	POOREST WARDS 2024/25 TARGETS	(QUARTERLY TARGETS		
					TARGETS	TARGETS				Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Pillar 1: Promote	Self-reliant	Number of	Household profiling to	Young people,	29 013	4 378	DR AB Xuma	20	64	16	16	16	16
social inclusion, implement social	communities	Household profiled	inform development of community-based plans	children, women, people with			Intsika Yethu	3	600	150	150	150	150
capital initiatives			to improve accurate	disabilities, older			Emalahleni	1	100	0	0	0	100
and build safer communities			targeting of intervention to change the lives of the	persons			Sakhisizwe	8	20	20	20	20	20
communities			poor and most vulnerable.				Enoch Mgijima	2	30	15	15	0	0
							338	27	100	25	25	25	25
								28	108	27	27	27	27
								31	60	15	15	15	15
								34	40	10	10	10	10
							Inxuba Yethemba	01					
		Number of family	Family preservation	Young people,	24 816	1 620	DR AB Xuma	20	12	3	3	3	3
		members participating in		children, women, people with			Intsika Yethu	3	12	3	3	3	3
	Family Preservation youth m		disabilities, older			Emalahleni	1	12	3	3	3	3	
		service	support, community conferencing, marriage preparation and marriage enrichment)	persons			Sakhisizwe	8	20	5	5	5	5
							Enoch Mgijima	2	10	5	5	0	0
								27	30	10	5	10	5
								28	10	0	5	5	0
								31	10	5	5	0	0
								34	40	10	10	10	10
							Intsika Yethu	1	40	10	10	10	10
		Number of victims	Counselling, professional	Young people,	19 748	1 710	DR AB Xuma	20	20	5	5	5	5
		of crime and violence accessing	support, services rendered at Shelters,	children, women, people with			Intsika Yethu	3	3	-	1	1	1
		Support services	Green and White Doors	disabilities, older			Emalahleni	1	20	5	5	5	5
			Houses, Welfare Organizations / NPOs /	persons			Sakhisizwe	8	20	5	5	5	5
			NGOs & other service				Enoch Mgijima	2	20	5	5	5	5
			organisations funded by					27	20	5	5	5	5
			บรบ					28	5	5	0	0	0
								31	80	20	20	20	20
								34	20	5	5	5	5

PILLARS	EXPECTED OUTCOMES	INDICATORS	KEY PROGRAMMES	SERVICE RECIPIENTS	PROVINCIAL 2024/25	CHRIS HANI 2024/25	SERVICE OFFICE 2022/23 TARGETS	POOREST WARDS	POOREST WARDS 2024/25 TARGETS	(QUARTERL TARGETS					
					TARGETS	TARGETS				Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4			
							Inxuba Yethemba	01	-	-						
		Number of victims	Young people,		319	22	DR AB Xuma	20	-							
		of GBVF and crime who accessed		children, women, people with			Intsika Yethu	3	30	10	5	10	5			
		sheltering services		disabilities, older			Emalahleni	1								
			persons	persons			Sakhisizwe	8								
						Enoch Mgijima	2									
								27								
								28								
								31								
								34								
							Inxuba Yethemba	01	40	10	10	10	10			
		Number of	Participation in	Sex Workers, Older	64 317	9 480	Engcobo	20	400	50	200	100	50			
			awareness programmes focusing on behavior change with disabilities, Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Trans-gen Inter-sexual, Quee Asexual+ (LGBTIQA+s) and	Persons, Persons			Intsika Yethu	3	50	15	10	10	15			
		Social and Behavior		focusing on behavior	focusing on behavior	ocusing on behavior Lesbian, Gay, Bi-	Lesbian, Gay, Bi-			Emalahleni	1	40	10	10	10	10
		Change Programmes		Inter-sexual, Queer, Asexual+	Inter-sexual, Queer, Asexual+			Sakhisizwe	8	150	40	40	40	30		
				(LGBTIQA+s) and Families experiencing			Enoch Mgijima	2	83	23	20	20	20			
				Gender Based Violence			659	27	325	80	80	80	85			
								28	122	35	37	25	25			
											31	50	25	25	0	0
											34	79	20	20	20	19
							Inxuba Yethemba	01	70	20	30	60				
			Access to sanitary dignity	Children, Young	99 899	11 693	DR AB Xuma	20	98		98	98				
Investment in human capital	education		health through Integrated School Health	people and Women			Intsika Yethu	3	250	-	250	-	-			
		School Health Programmes				Emalahleni	1	80	-	80	80	80				
		Programmes					Sakhisizwe	8	150	0	50	50	50			
							Enoch Mgijima	2	100	0	100		0			
							759	27	160	0	160		0			
								28	285	0	285		0			

PILLARS	EXPECTED OUTCOMES	INDICATORS	KEY PROGRAMMES	SERVICE RECIPIENTS	PROVINCIAL 2024/25	CHRIS HANI 2024/25	SERVICE OFFICE 2022/23 TARGETS	POOREST WARDS	POOREST WARDS 2024/25 TARGETS	(QUARTERLY TARGETS		1						
					TARGETS	TARGETS				Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4						
								31	100	0	100		0						
								34	114	0	114		0						
					0.707	005	Inxuba Yethemba	1	40		\vdash								
	Participation in skills development/	Number of youth participating in		Young people and Women	2 705	365	DR AB Xuma	20	10		10								
	empowerment	skills development	building and institutional	VVOINCII			Intsika Yethu	3	48	2	23	18	5						
	programmes	Programmes	building programmes				Emalahleni	1	10		5		5						
							Sakhisizwe	8	10	0	0	10	0						
							Enoch Mgijima	2	55	0	10	0	0						
							50	27	306	-	-	10-	-						
						30	28	285	-	-	10								
							31	100	0	0	0	10							
			g in					34	255	0	0	10	0						
							Inxuba Yethemba	01	150	40	40	36	36						
		Number of women		Young people and Women	eople and 11 648	1 572	DR AB Xuma	20	40		40								
		participating in women					Intsika Yethu	3	224	55	109	150	224						
		empowerment							Emalahleni	1	25		10		15				
		programmes													Sakhisizwe	8	20	0	15
							Enoch Mgijima	2	20	0	0	20	0						
							216	27	60	10	13	17	10						
								28	28	0	12	16	10						
								31	50	0	50	0	0						
								34	58	0	35	23	0						
							Inxuba Yethemba	01	200			200							
Pillar 3:	Increased access	Number of people	Sustainable Development	Young people,	6 346	1 073	DR AB Xuma	20											
Improving the health Profile	to food	accessing food through DSD	Programmes, Integrated Food and Nutrition	children, women, people with			Intsika Yethu	3	153	130	130	153	153						
ilealtii Fiolile		Community,	Security Programmes	disabilities, older			Emalahleni	1											
		Nutrition and		persons			Sakhisizwe	8											
		Development programmes					Enoch Mgijima	2	0	0	0	0	0						
	programmes					50	27	0	0	0	0	0							
								28	50	50	50	50	50						
								31	0	0	0	0	0						
								34	0	0	0	0	0						

PILLARS	EXPECTED OUTCOMES	INDICATORS	KEY PROGRAMMES	SERVICE RECIPIENTS	PROVINCIAL 2024/25	CHRIS HANI 2024/25	SERVICE OFFICE 2022/23 TARGETS	POOREST WARDS	POOREST WARDS 2024/25 TARGETS		QUARTERLY TARGETS		
					TARGETS	TARGETS				Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
							Inxuba Yethemba	01	15	3	6	6	0
		Number of		Young people,	4 582	295	DR AB Xuma	20	50		10	20	20
		beneficiaries who		children, women, people with			Intsika Yethu	3	20	-	20	-	-
		Social Relief		disabilities, older			Emalahleni	1	15	-	10	-	15
		Programmes	, , ,	persons			Sakhisizwe	8	20	0	7	7	6
			experiencing undue hardships (due to poverty				Enoch Mgijima	2	4	4	0	0	0
			and natural disasters)				50	27	13	10	0	3	0
							00	28	19	5	9	5	0
								31	5	0	5	0	0
								34	9	5	0	4	0
							Inxuba Yethemba	01	150	40	110	130	150
Pillar 4: Creation	Increased job	Number of Work	Job Creation and skills	Young people, women, people with disabilities	3 646	562	DR AB Xuma	20	14	14	14	14	14
of economic opportunities and	creation (biased	Opportunities created through					Intsika Yethu	3	2	1			1
ensuring income	designated	Extended Public					Emalahleni	1	2	2	2	2	2
	groups)	Works Programme					Sakhisizwe	8					
		(EPWP)					Enoch Mgijima	2	31	31	31	31	31
								27	17	17	17	17	17
								28	12	12	12	12	12
								31	16	16	16	16	16
								34	4	4	4	4	4
							Inxuba Yethemba	01	400	360	400	400	400

DEPARTMENTAL CONTRIBUTION TOWARDS THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PROVINCIAL ANTI-POVERTY STRATEGY



INSTITUTIONALIZATION OF LIFE-CYCLE APPROACH

The Life Cycle approach is an attempt to realign Departmental interventions and programmes to contribute to all the life stages of a person from the infant stage to older persons (from the cradle to the grave). Below are the examples of how the Department intervenes from in each stage of the life cycle:

Figure 1: Life-Cycle Approach

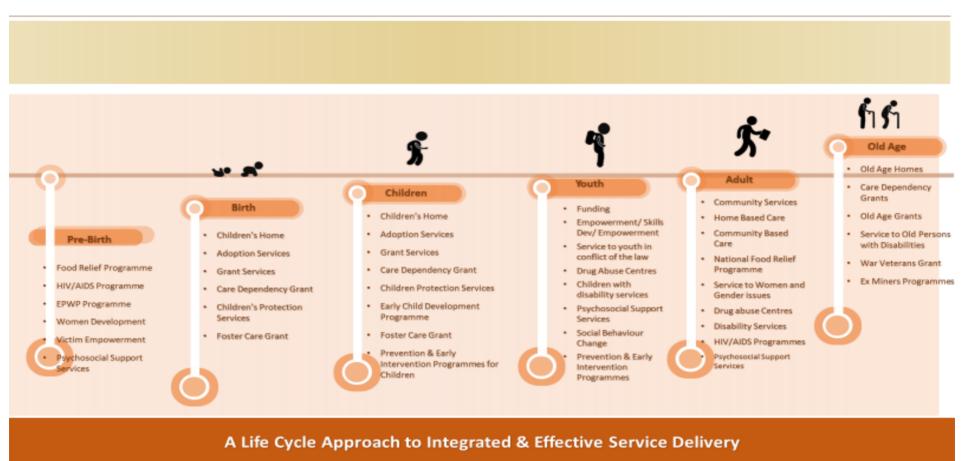


Table: Service Beneficiary Analysis in Line with The Life Cycle Approach

BENEFICIARY	SERVICES	PROGRAMME
 Infant Development (Newborn - 1 year); Toddler Development (1 - 3 years); Preschooler Development (3 - 5 years); Middle childhood Development (6 - 11 years) Children in need of care and protection (0-18) Children with disabilities 	Child Care and Protection Alternative placement (Foster care placement, CYCC and Adoption) Community Based Care Services Child Poverty & Malnutrition	 Partial Care & Special Day Centres Child Care and Protection Alternative placement (Foster care placement, CYCC and Adoption) Community Based Care Services Integrated Services to Families
 Youth between ages 14 – 35 Youth (In and out of school) Youth in conflict with the law 	Mobilisation through awareness campaigns, youth camps and dialogues to participate in their own development through the establishment of youth structures. Youth skills development programmes will support these structures through provision of life, technical and business skills training. This includes the National Youth Service Programme. Current funding focus on youth clubs and cooperatives and need to be expanded to NPOs which provide youth development services including skills development. CYCCs for children and youth between the ages 18-24 accessing services specified for orphans, child-headed households and children living on the streets	 Youth Development Women Development Crime Prevention and Support Substance Abuse Prevention and Rehabilitation Victim Empowerment Programme Psycho- social support (Counselling and material support) Community Nutrition and Development Centre Social and Behavior Change Programmes Integrated School Health Programmes
 Women (single, married, divorced and widows) Abused women Men Persons with disabilities Families 	Women participate in socio-economic empowerment programmes to create their own sustainable livelihoods. Single mothers, female-headed households and victims of GBV and Femicide. Women funding also focuses on women cooperatives and need to be expanded to NPOs focusing on women development matters e.g. women clubs and not only income generation. Women empowerment is broader than economic empowerment. Promotion of savings clubs should be included in all funded programmes. Women and gender rights in their programmes focusing the various policies and charters in this sphere.	 Crime Prevention and Support Substance Abuse Prevention and Rehabilitation Victim Empowerment Programme Psycho- social support (Counselling and material support) Community Nutrition and Development Centre Integrated Services to Families
- Older Persons	Care, protection and development of older persons	 Community Nutrition and Development Centre Community Based Service Centres for older persons Residential Facilities Victim Empowerment Programme Psycho- social support (Counselling and material support)

2.3.13 THE FAMILY BASED MODEL AS AN APPROACH FOR THE PROVISION DEVELOPMENTAL SOCIAL WELFARE SERVICES

The Department through the implementation of the Family Based Model is committed in all its Programmes to promote reciprocal care within and amongst family members as well as social solidarity amongst community members as an innovative strategy to protect vulnerable families and those at risk. Family Based Model is a developmental model which places a family as a central unit in Department of Social Development for delivering integrated, holistic and developmental interventions to build strong family capacities and structures within communities where they stay and live. It locates the individual within a family and takes the family as the main system of development. It also promotes an indepth description of the socio-economic conditions of communities in which these families and households exist.

It encourages the use of strength-based and participatory approaches to poverty reduction. It is aimed at avoiding looking at individual families or households only without contextualising them in their specific villages and communities where they are located. The model strengthens the social well-being to have ability to care for one's self and for one's own family and children; maintaining self-respect and dignity; living in peace and harmony with family and community; having freedom of choice and action in all aspect of life. It is aimed at improving the quality of life and social-well-being of the poor, marginalised and vulnerable families. It is also focused on the socio-economic transformation of a family as a critical unit co-existing within the entire community around it.

The Family Based Model is conceptualised on improving the socio-economic well-being of a family in terms of:

- Material well-being i.e. having sufficient food, assets, capacities and sustainable livelihood, access to job opportunities, self- employment and improving income
- Physical, emotional and spiritual well-being i.e. possessing good health, healthy human relationships, good and healthy conditions.

2.3.14 DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT MODEL

The District Development Model (inspired by the Khawuleza Presidential call to action), launched by the President aims to accelerate, align and integrate service delivery under a single development plan per district or metro that is developed jointly by national,

provincial and local government as well as business, labour and community in each district. Each district plan must ensure that national priorities such as economic growth and employment; improvements to living conditions; the fight against crime and corruption and better education outcomes are attended to in the locality concerned. In the Eastern Cape, OR Tambo District Municipality has been identified as the rural pilot of the District Development Model (DDM). The Model will be rolled out in all the districts and metros in the Province. This will assist in ensuring that planning and spending across the three spheres of government is integrated and aligned and that each district or metro plan is developed with the interests and input of communities taken into account upfront.

The Department of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs (COGTA) is championing the implementation of the DDM by all sector departments in the province is still finalizing a Provincial Institutionalization Framework that will assist to formally institutionalize, provincialize and localize the DDM with structured response and accountability.

The Department will participate through district offices in ward-based planning and Municipal IDP processes to ensure alignment of departmental plans and budgets with local government plans.

The implementation of the DDM has fostered practical intergovernmental relations to plan, budget and implement jointly with other sector departments and local government in order to provide coherent and seamless services to communities. DSD will continue to strengthen IGR systems at all levels for enhanced and integrated

These key projects will be implemented through these interventions: A myriad of integrated Developmental Social Services intervention are implemented with the District to address the social ills that exist. The following interventions are implemented with stakeholders and Social Partners.

• KEY DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT IMPLEMENTATION PROJECTS

Over the MTSF, the Department will contribute to the DDM through these interventions.

Table: District Development Model Interventions

rable. District Development woder interventions	
1. Food Security	8.Services to Persons with Disabilities
2. Psychosocial Support & Therapeutic interventions	9. Community development interventions
3. Sustainable Livelihoods	10. Youth Development
4. Social Behavior Change Programmes	11. Women Development
5. Anti-Substance Abuse Interventions	12.Household Profiling
6.Gender-Based Violence, Femicide & Victim Empowerment interventions	13. NPO Management
7.Child Care & Protection Services	

Table: CHRIS HANI CONTRIBUTION TOWARDS DDM FOR 2024/25

AREAS OF INTERVENTION	PROJECT DESCRIPTION	DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY	DISTRICT NAME	DISTRICT TARGET	SERVICE OFFICE	LOCATION: GPSY COORDINATES	LOCATION: GPS X COORDINATES	PROJECT LEADER	SOCIAL PARTNERS	EXPECTED BENEFITS/ SPIN-OFFS						
YOUTH DEVELOPMENT		Location of the <u>17</u> development	CHRIS HANI	17	COFIMVABA – 2	-31,524247	27,699088	Mr. X. Ntshona, CD: Development	DEDEAT, DRDAR,	Increase in the number of						
DEVELOT MENT	structures	structures	HAN		COGHLEN – 1	-32,003072	27,581332	& Research	HWSETA,	youth skilled &						
	supported	supported			CRADOCK - 1	-31,665551	28,163444		SEDA, NYDA, Stats SA	empowered						
					ELLIOT – 1	-32,166966	25,617901									
					ENGOBO – 2	-31,376308	27,047239									
					INDWE - 1	-31,335487	27,849944									
					INTABA YETHEMBA - 1	-31,677798	27,997148									
					LADY FRERE – 1	-31,654886	26,806366	-								
					MIDDLEBURG – 1	-31,468119	27,338347	-								
					QUEENSTOWN - 1	01,400110	21,00041									
					STERKSTROOM - 1	-31,702579	26,232234									
											TARKASTAT - 1	-31,493663	25,004242	-		
										I					TSOMO - 1	-31,894133
					WHEATTLESEA - 1	-31,557580	26,551021	-								
					ZIBELENI - 1	-32,008022	26.261472	-								
WOMEN	Women livelihood	Location of the 5	CHRIS HANI	5	COGHLAN -1	-31,665551	28,163444	Mr. X. Ntshona,	DEDEAT, DRDAR.	Increase in the						
DEVELOPMENT	initiatives	livelihood initiatives supported			INTABA-	-	-	- CD: Development &	HWSETA,	number of women skilled						
	supported				YETHEMBA - 1 WHEATTLESEA - 1	-	-	Research	SEDA, NYDA, Stats SA	& empowered						
GENDER BASED	Sheltering	Location of the	CHRIS HANI	22	LADY FRERE -	-31,702579	26,232234	Safety & Liaison,	Reduction of	-						
VIOLENCE & FEMICIDE	victims of Gender	shelters where the 22 beneficiaries will be coming from			ZIBELENi	-32,173698	26,823002	SAPS, Education, Health	Gender Based Violence							

AREAS OF INTERVENTION	PROJECT DESCRIPTION	DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY	LOCATION: GPS COORDINATES	TOTAL BUDGET	PROJECT LEADER	SOCIAL PARTNERS	EXPECTED BENEFITS/ SPIN-OFFS
ANTI-POVERTY PROGRAMMES	Implementation of Anti-Poverty initiatives targeting vulnerable groups in the Eastern Cape, with special focus on the 39 poorest wards	Anti-poverty sites in all eight districts	See Map below	•	Mrs. A Siziba, Director: Provincial Antipoverty Coordination	All Departments All Municipalities	Decrease in the number of vulnerable people living below poverty line, including children, youth, women, men, older persons with disabilities

The following are the court rulings will continue having an impact on the Departmental operations or service delivery obligations during the 2024/25 financial year and beyond:

i. High Court Ruling on NPO Funding Policy – NAWONGO v MEC for Social Development and Others Case No. 1719/2010, Free State High Court

A group of NPO's in the Free State Province, brought a court application against the Free State Provincial Department of Social Development, after several years of serious frustration in the manner that the Free State Provincial Department had dealt with the transfers of their subsidies. The first part of the NPO's application was that government should immediately pay the transfers that had already been allocated to the NPO's but was yet to be transferred. The second part of the NPO's application was that the Free State Provincial Department should urgently review its policies in respect of NPO funding.

The first part of the judgment, delivered in August 2010, noted that 1 400 NPOs were currently funded by the Free State Provincial Department of Social Development, and that the Department openly acknowledged that these organisations played a major role in delivering social services to children, older people, people with disabilities and others. In fact, the Department was dependent on the NPO's for delivering services which the Department was responsible for in terms of the Children's Act and the Persons Act. The Department acknowledged that the funding to the NPO's do not cover the full costs of delivering these services, yet the allocations to NPO's and the way in which it makes (or does not make) payment do not reflect these acknowledged facts.

The judgement provided guidance to the Free State Provincial Department of Social Development on how it should revise its funding policy in order for the policy to be reasonable. Firstly, the policy must recognise that the NPO's are providing services that the Department itself is obliged to provide in terms of the Constitution and the applicable relevant legislation. Secondly, the policy must have a fair, equitable and transparent method of determining how much the department should pay and how much the NPO's should contribute from other sources of income such as donations from funders.

While the judgment was against the Free State Department of Social Development, it is relevant to all Provincial Departments of Social Development because the Free State's NPO funding policy is the same as the national policy. Therefore, the judgement was also a strong indictment of the existing national framework for the funding of NPO's that all provincial

governments followed. The Eastern Cape Department of Social Development continually strives to adhere to

the guidance provided by the High Court in developing and improving its funding policies.

ii. High Court Matter on reduction / termination of subsidies Eastern Cape NGO Coalition v MEC for Social

Eastern Cape NGO Coalition v MEC for Social Development and others, Case No. 2460 /2018, Grahamstown High Court

The Legal Resource Centre, an NGO based in Grahamstown was acting on behalf of the Eastern Cape NGO Coalition, a group of NPO's based in the Nelson Mandela Metro District. An urgent court application was launched during August 2018 for an order to compel the Department to review its decision to cut, reduce and/or terminate the payment of subsidies to the affected NPO's. In essence, this matter dealt with the historical imbalance of NPO funding in the developed part of the Eastern Cape, i.e. the Port Elizabeth and East London metropolitan areas, and the underdeveloped part of the Eastern Cape, i.e. the former Ciskei and Transkei.

The High Court found that the Department's decision to cut, reduce and/or terminate the payment of the affected NPO's was unlawful, irrational and unconstitutional. The Court further found that the Department's consultative process with the affected NPO's was not comprehensive nor was it transparent as the Department appeared to have already made a decision before the consultation process had commenced. The High Court did not grant any compensation due to the elapse of time that had passed since the matter was initiated. The judgment is however important as the Department had to review its entire consultative process to be one that is inclusive, encompassing, open and transparent. The Department has ensured that all future consultative processes with NPO stakeholder forums, individual NPO's and the community at large is just that to prevent any claim that the Department has embarked on the consultative process with a pre-determined decision.

iii. High Court Matter on suspending subsidies based on alleged corruption -

Sakhingomso Training and Development Centre v MEC for Social Development and one other.

Case No. 4244 / 2021, Mthatha High Court

The District received an anonymous tip off alleging corruption and mismanagement of subsidised funds at the Sakhingomso Training and Development Centre in Mthatha. The District reported the allegations to the Provincial Head Office and requested a forensic investigation. The District then decided to suspend the further payment of subsidies to the Centre pending the investigation. finalisation of the Alternative arrangements were made for the affected children at the Centre. In terms of the Department's service level agreement with the Centre, the Department reserved the right to suspend funding where allegations of such a serious nature are brought to the fore. The Department is however obligated in terms of the contractual agreement to finalise the investigation within a fairly quick turnaround time, which it failed to

The High Court found that the Department had not complied with the service level agreement and was in breach of its own contractual obligations. The Department should have concluded its investigation within the time period agreed and should have presented its findings to the Management Board of the Centre to allow them to implement the recommendations and/or remedial steps. The Court further found that the failure of the Department to conclude its own investigation due to budgetary constraints could not be laid at the door of the Centre and that the suspension of funds should at best have been lifted in order to allow the Centre to operate and render services.

The High Court ordered the Department to compensate the Centre all the outstanding subsidies that was withheld during the period of suspension. The judgment is important as the Department has learnt that it must comply with its own obligations in terms of its contractual agreement before taking the drastic decision to suspend funding. The Department has further revised its contractual agreement to allow itself a reasonable time to conclude investigations into allegations of fraud and corruption, and to define the special circumstances under which subsidies may be suspended.

iv. High Court Matter on the reduction of subsidies –

Imbumba Association for the Aged v MEC for Social Development and one other, Case No. 647 / 2022

The Department and the associated members of Imbumba entered into service level agreements on or about May/June 2021 to provide services at Service Centres for older persons in rural, poverty-stricken areas concentrated in the former Ciskei and Transkei. As a result of the devastating impact of the COVID pandemic on the national fiscus, the State implemented national and consequential provincial budget cuts across all organs of State, including the Department for the financial year 2020/2021. The budget cuts for the Department of Social Development were detrimental to its constitutional mandate with all five Departmental programmes adversely affected, including its core services. This resulted in the Department having to implement budget cuts across the board, with programme 2 deciding to limit the number of subsidised beneficiaries who visit service centres to a maximum of 20 beneficiaries. The decision was informed by the national state of disaster regulations implementing a national lockdown restricting the freedom of movement during the highest levels of COVID. Unbeknown to the Department, the care givers at these Imbumba affiliated service centres defied the ban and visited the beneficiaries at their homes to provide the assistance that they would ordinarily have received at the service centres but for the COVID lockdown.

Imbumba raised a dispute about the reduction of the number of beneficiaries to a maximum number of 20. Dissatisfied with the Department's responses, the dispute escalated into a formal application before the High Court in Makhanda under case no. 647 / 2022. The Department, alive to its constitutional mandate to *inter alia*, provide social security to older persons, and appreciative of the partnership with Imbumba, initiated negotiations through its internal legal services with the legal representatives of Imbumba in an effort to settle the dispute out of court.

In following this approach, the Department considered the fact that although the national lockdown restricted the movement of ordinary citizens including older persons, and despite the service centres not rendering the services at their institutions, the Department had a moral duty in terms of its Constitutional mandate to at least compensate the service centres for actual services rendered where sufficient proof could be provided of home visits. The circumstances were after all exceptional as none of the litigants could have foreseen the catastrophic consequences of the COVID pandemic that has now forever changed the landscape within which government renders its services to the marginalised and impoverished citizens of the country.

Due to the litigant parties having signed a confidentiality agreement, the Department is precluded from divulging the terms and conditions of the settlement agreement. The matter is important as it gives the Department a blueprint on how to manage a national disaster of the magnitude of the COVID pandemic, the likes of which has never been seen or experienced by past generations. More so, where such a pandemic has a detrimental impact on the State Fiscus, any budgetary reductions must first pass constitutional muster.

v. High Court Ruling on NPO Funding Policy – NAWONGO v MEC for Social Development and Others Case No. 1719/2010, Free State High Court

A group of NPO's in the Free State Province, brought a court application against the Free State Provincial Department of Social Development, after several years of serious frustration in the manner that the Free State Provincial Department had dealt with the transfers of their subsidies. The first part of the NPO's application was that government should immediately pay the transfers that had already been allocated to the NPO's but was yet to be transferred. The second part of the NPO's application was that the Free State Provincial Department should urgently review its policies in respect of NPO funding.

The first part of the judgment, delivered in August 2010, noted that 1 400 NPOs were currently funded by the Free State Provincial Department of Social Development, and that the Department openly acknowledged that these organisations played a major role in delivering social services to children, older people, people with disabilities and others. In fact, the Department was dependent on the NPO's for

delivering services which the Department was responsible for in terms of the Children's Act and the Older Persons Act. The Department also acknowledged that the funding to the NPO's do not cover the full costs of delivering these services, yet the allocations to NPO's and the way in which it makes (or does not make) payment do not reflect these acknowledged facts.

The judgement provided guidance to the Free State Provincial Department of Social Development on how it should revise its funding policy in order for the policy to be reasonable. Firstly, the policy must recognise that the NPO's are providing services that the Department itself is obliged to provide in terms of the Constitution and the applicable relevant legislation. Secondly, the policy must have a fair, equitable and transparent method of determining how much the department should pay and how much the NPO's should contribute from other sources of income such as donations from funders.

While the judgment was against the Free State Department of Social Development, it is relevant to all Provincial Departments of Social Development because the Free State's NPO funding policy is the same as the national policy. Therefore, the judgement was also a strong indictment of the existing national framework for the funding of NPO's that all provincial governments followed. The Eastern Cape Department of Social Development continually strives to adhere to the guidance provided by the High Court in developing and improving its funding policies.

vi. High Court matter on adoptions – National Adoption Coalition of South Africa v MEC for Social Development, KZN – Case Number D4680/2018. Durban High Court

The Department's budgetary constraints is further challenged by the KZN High Court Order relating to adoption services. In summary the case related to serious delays experienced in the issuing of Section 239 (Children's Act) letters by the KZN Department of Social Development. These delays in many instances prevented adoptions from proceeding due to the Department's failure to decide on the adoption and consequently preventing the Children's Court from timeously considering the adoptions.

The judgment handed down declared that the current adoption process followed in respect of Section 239 applications was infringing on the rights of the adoptable children, the rights of the birth parents and the rights of the prospective adoptive parents. The Court Order provided strict timelines for DSD to process all outstanding adoptions, namely 30 (thirty) days. The Court Order further directed that proper consideration of all the relevant factors be undertaken, and this now represented a significant departure from the past decision-making process that was more rigid.

The judgment sets an important precedent as it enforces the Department to provide and allocate adequate resources to ensure that the adoption

system flourishes and is managed efficiently and effectively. If not, the Department runs the risk of similar litigation. The Department has taken heed of the judgment and has implemented proactive steps to efficiently and effectively manage the adoption process despite serious budgetary constraints and stretched resources.

vii. High Court matter on children with Disruptive Behaviour Disorders Centre for Child Law v Ministers of Social Development, Health and Basic education (Children with Severe or Profound Disruptive Behavioural Disorders

The case focused on the plight of a 10-year-old girl who was orphaned and placed in foster care shortly after birth. The placement broke down, leading to 15 different placements in her 10 years of life. Three government Departments, namely Department of Social Development [DSD], the Department of Health [DOH] and Department of Basic Education [DBE] were taken to Court by the Centre for Child Law for their failure to cater for the provision of appropriate alternative care, mental services and basic education of an adequate quality for children with Severe or Profound Disruptive Behavioural Disorders (DBD).

The three departments ultimately acknowledged that their present policies, programmes and plans did not comply with the obligations imposed on them by the Constitution and legislation to provide appropriate assistance and care to children with severe or profound disruptive behaviour disorders.

A settlement was reached between the three Departments (DSD, DoH and DBE) and the Centre for Child Law.

settlement agreement required of the departments to develop an inter-sectoral policy, and an implementation plan that removes barriers that hinder children with behavioural difficulties' full and effective participation in society. The order further required that the policy and plan must also explain how residential care facilities, with appropriate programmes, will be spread out, to ensure that children have access to services they need and that these services address their particular needs if they are in need of care and protection. The policy and plan must also set out how basic education and appropriate health care services will be provided to the children as well as how support for families and respite care will be provided so that children are not unnecessarily removed from their family environment.

The order set out interim arrangements that were to be put in place while the policy and plan was being developed, with the departments required to ensure that children with behavioural difficulties brought to their attention must be provided with suitable alternative care and if necessary, have access to quality education and receive appropriate health care services while their families should be provided with necessary support.

The Department of Social Development was specifically ordered to make arrangements for children with DBD to be placed in the most suitable Alternative Care as well as ensuring provision of the necessary and suitable support to Parents/Caregivers of children with DBD who remain in their care.

viii. D and Another v Head of Department of Social Development, Gauteng and Others, S and Another v Head of Department of Social Development, Gauteng and Others (30205/2019, 55642/2019) [2021] ZAGPPHC 388 (17 June 2021)

Both matters relate to the proper interpretation of section 239(1)(d)[1] of the Children's Act 38 of 2005 (the Children's Act) to recommend an adoption. The applicants were of the view that such a letter (recommending an adoption) is not a peremptory requirement and should be interpreted to include a letter not recommending an appointment.

The Court considered the jurisdiction of the Children's Court to hear adoption applications and considered that the purpose of the letter implicitly recognizes that it is the Children's Court that must make a decision on the evidence before it on whether or not to grant an adoption. The Children's Court would, logically, consider the letter either recommending or not recommending the adoption in its assessment of, inter alia, 'best interests'. A Children's Court is not absolutely barred from hearing an application but rather may, in exceptional circumstances, condone that failure. The Court then held that it must then follow that a Children's Court that is in possession of a letter - albeit a letter not recommending the adoption - would still be entitled to consider the adoption application.

If this were not so, it would lead to the absurd conclusion that a Children's Court is bound by the decision of the first respondent and has no authority whatsoever to depart from it. This, in the view of the Court could not be correct and, in fact, would do violence to the separation of powers doctrine and defeat the very purpose of the Children's Court. A converse finding would not only run contrary to the spirit and purport of the Children's Act but would also violate several fundamental rights of children including: firstly, the purpose of the Children's Act as articulated in its Preamble; secondly, the objectives of the Children's Act, generally, and the objectives of adoption, specifically; thirdly, a child's right to 'family life'; fourthly, the child's right to appropriate alternative care; and fifthly, a child's right to have his or her best interests considered of paramount importance, particularly insofar as it deprives a child to 'family life' and leads to undue delay.

In conclusion, the court declared that the letter contemplated in section 239(1)(d) of the Children's Act 38 of 2005 includes a letter not recommending the adoption of the child.

ix. S v L M and Others (97/18; 98/18; 99/18; 100/18) [2020] ZAGPJHC 170; [2020] 4 All SA 249 (GJ); 2020 (2) SACR 509 (GJ); 2021 (1) SA 285 (GJ) (31 July 2020)

The matter has its genesis in an urgent review concerning four (4) children, which came before magistrates for diversions in terms of section 41 of the Child Justice Act. The children were alleged to have committed offences referred to in Schedule 1 of the Child Justice Act. They had all tested positive for cannabis which tests had been performed at school. They were accordingly alleged to have been in possession of cannabis which constitutes an offence in terms of Schedule 1 of the Child Justice Act.

The court in terms of the review application before it made the following declaratory order:

- a). It is declared that section 4(b) of the Drugs and Drug Trafficking Act 140 of 1992, as amended is inconsistent with the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996 ('Constitution') and invalid to the extent that it criminalises the use and/or possession of cannabis by a child.
- b) Pending the completion of the law reform process to correct the constitutional defects, no child may be arrested and/or prosecuted and/or diverted for contravening the impugned provision. This moratorium did not, in any way, prevent and/or prohibit any person from making use of any civil process and/or procedure to ensure a child receives appropriate assistance and/or interventions for cannabis use or dependency.
- c) That section 53(2) read with section 53(3) of the Child Justice Act 75 of 2008 ('Child Justice Act) does not permit, under any circumstances whatsoever, for a child accused of committing a schedule 1 offence to undergo any diversion programme involving a period of temporary residence.
- d) That section 58(4)(c) of the Child Justice Act does not authorise and/or empower a prosecutor or child justice court to refer a child, accused of committing a schedule 1 offence, and who failed to adhere to a previous diversion order, to undergo any further diversion programme involving a period of temporary residence.

1. OUR STRATEGIC FOCUS

	VISION					
"A caring society for the protection and development of the poor and vulnerable towards a sustainable society"						
Caring Society Through a collective approach or unity with stakeholders						
Poor & Vulnerable	By building trust, hope and assurance					
Sustainable society	Through continuous improvement & sustainability					

	MISSION					
"To transform our society by building conscious and capable citizens through the provision of comprehensive, integrated and sustainable social development services with families at the core of social change".						
Transformation	Changing the landscape of the Province through legislative reform; programmes which must radically change material conditions of our people and entrenching of human rights					
Consciousness	Building activist bureaucrats committed to the service of the Eastern Cape whilst creating a space for progressive awareness, critical engagement and participation of people in their development					
Capabilities	Enhancing social, human, financial, physical and natural assets of citizens so as to enjoy freedoms espoused in the Constitution of South Africa.					
Integrated service	Ensuring that our provision of welfare services, community development and social security respond to lifecycle challenges that our people face. This requires budget, structures, systems and processes that enforce integration.					

	VALUES
Integrity	Ensuring that we are consistent with our values, principles, actions, and measures and thus generate trustworthiness amongst ourselves and with our stakeholders.
Human Dignity	Fundamental Human Right that must be protected in terms of the Constitution of South Africa and facilitates freedoms, justice and peace
Respect	Showing regard for one another and the people we serve and is a fundamental value for the realisation of development goals.
Equality and Equity	We seek to ensure equal access to services, participation of citizens in the decisions that affect their lives and the pursuit of equity imperatives where imbalances exist
Empowerment	We aim to empower employees and communities by building on existing skills, knowledge and experience and by creating an environment conducive to life-long learning.
Accountability	Refers to our obligation to account for our activities, accept responsibility for them, and to disclose the results in a transparent manner.
Customer-oriented	Defined as an approach to sales and customer-relations in which staff focus on helping customers to meet their long-term needs and wants

NATIONAL DSD MANTRA

"Building cohesive, resilient families and communities by investing in people to eradicate poverty and vulnerability towards creating sustainable livelihoods

VALUE COMMITMENT

As the management and officials of the Eastern Cape Department of Social Development, we undertake to treat the people we serve, i.e. the poor, the vulnerable and the marginalised, with integrity and ensuring that we are consistent with our values, principles, actions, and measures and thus generate trustworthiness amongst ourselves and with our stakeholders. Our actions and decisions must be in the interest of the community and must be beyond reproach. We re committing to a rights-based and customer-oriented culture & professionalism in which the right to human dignity of individuals and communities is sacrosanct. We also commit into treating and serving our people with respect and compassion by acting professionally and diligently in our work. We aim to empower our employees and communities by building on existing skills, knowledge and experience and by creating an environment conducive to life-long learning. We pledge to be accountable and transparent to the citizens of the Eastern Cape Province through understanding the impact of our work and taking responsibility for our actions and decisions whilst forging strong partnerships with our stakeholders and civil society. Lastly, we seek to ensure equality and equity through ensuring equal access to services, participation of citizens in the decisions that affect their lives and the pursuit of equity imperatives where imbalances exist.

	PRINCIPLES
	Batho- Pele Principles in our efforts so as to ensure that our service provision is conducted lignity and results in positive and sustainable outcomes for the citizens of South Africa.
Consultation	People should be consulted about the level and quality of services they receive, and wherever possible, be given a choice.
Service standards	People should be told what level and quality of services they will receive.
Access	All citizens should have equal access to the services to which they are entitled.
Courtesy	All people should be treated with courtesy and consideration.
Information	Citizens should be given full, accurate information about the public services they are entitled to receive
Openness and transparency	Citizens should be told how national and provincial Departments are run, how much they cost, and who is in charge
Redress	If the promised standard of service is not delivered, citizens should be offered an apology, a full explanation and a speedy and effective remedy; and when the complaints are made, citizens should receive a sympathetic, positive response.
Value for Money	Public services should be provided economically and efficiently in order to give citizens the best possible value for money.

PROBLEM STATEMENT

Dysfunctional families due to socio-economic instabilities and social ills. (Addressing social dysfunctionality targeting poor and vulnerable individuals, families and communities)

IMPACT STATEMENT
Resilient and self-reliant families within empowered communities

OUTCOME STATEMENT Placing Individuals, Families and Vulnerable Groups at the centre of Care, Protection and Development

OUTCOMES						
OUTCOME 1	OUTCOME 1 Increased universal access to Developmental Social Welfare Services					
OUTCOME 2	Inclusive, responsive & comprehensive social protection system for sustainable and self- reliant communities					
OUTCOME 3	Functional, reliable, efficient & economically viable families					
OUTCOME 4	Improved administrative and financial systems for effective service delivery					

Chris Hani District Municipality is situated on the northern region of the Eastern Cape Province and covers a surface area of 36,756 Km2. Only 35.2% of the district population live in areas classified as urban, while 63.8% live in predominantly rural areas. The district also shares borders with five other districts, namely, Pixley ka Seme DM, Joe Gqabi DM, Sarah Baartman DM, Amathole DM and O.R. Tambo DM.

After the 2016 Local Government Election (3 August 2016), the number of local municipalities decreased from eight to six with the merger of Tsolwana LM, Inkwanca LM and Lukanji LM into a newly established municipality, ENOCH MGIJIMA Mgijima LM, which also hosts the district municipal headquarters and council chambers in Komani.

The following list presents the six Local Municipalities of the district with their urban nodes:

Local Municipalities	Service urban nodes
Inxuba Yethemba LM	Cradock and Middleburg.
Enoch Mgijima LM	Queenstown, Whittlesea, Tarkastad, Hofmeyer, Ntabethemba, Molteno, Ezibeleni, Sterkstroom.
Emalahleni LM	Lady Frere, Dordrecht and Indwe.
Intsika Yethu LM	Cofimvaba and Tsomo.
Sakhisizwe LM	Cala and Eliiot
Dr Ab Xuma LM	Engcobo and Coghlan

5.2 DEMOGRAPHICS

In this section, an overview is provided of the demography of the Chris Hani District Municipality and all its neighbouring regions. This section will also provide population distributions across race, age and gender as well as an indication of

population densities and various household dynamics.

The situational analysis for developmental social welfare services is influenced by the following social indicators as tabulated below:

TABLE 1. POPULATION AND DEMOGRAPHICS

ocial indicators						
 Population and Demographics 	ii. Poverty Dimensions					
iii. Food Security	iv. Unemployment					
v. Early Childhood Development	vi. Household Characteristics					
vii. Health Profile	viii. Disability Prevalence					
ix. Access to Basic Services	x. Crime					
xi. Gender Based Violence						

TOTAL POPULATION

TABLE 2. TOTAL POPULATION - CHRIS HANI, EASTERN CAPE AND NATIONAL TOTAL, 2007-2017 [NUMBERS PERCENTAGE]

	Chris Hani	Eastern Cape	National Total	Chris Hani as % of province	Chris Hani as % of national
2007	801,000	6,470,000	48,400,000	12.4%	1.65%
2008	803,000	6,500,000	49,100,000	12.4%	1.63%
2009	806,000	6,540,000	49,800,000	12.3%	1.62%
2010	810,000	6,600,000	50,700,000	12.3%	1.60%
2011	813,000	6,650,000	51,500,000	12.2%	1.58%
2012	816,000	6,710,000	52,400,000	12.2%	1.56%
2013	821,000	6,780,000	53,200,000	12.1%	1.54%
2014	827,000	6,850,000	54,100,000	12.1%	1.53%
2015	834,000	6,930,000	54,900,000	12.0%	1.52%
2016	842,000	7,010,000	55,700,000	12.0%	1.51%
2017	849,000	7,080,000	56,500,000	12.0%	1.50%
Average Annual					
growth	0.58%	0.91%	1.56%		
2007-2017					

With 849 000 people, the Chris Hani District Municipality housed 1.5% of South Africa's total population in 2017. Between 2007 and 2017 the population growth averaged 0.58% per annum which is more than half than the growth rate of South Africa as a whole (1.56%). Compared to Eastern Cape's average annual growth rate (0.91%), the growth rate in Chris Hani's population at 0.58% was close to half than that of the province.

TABLE 3. TOTAL POPULATION - LOCAL MUNICIPALITIES OF CHRIS HANI DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY, 2007, 2012 AND 2017 [NUMBERS PERCENTAGE]

	2007	2012	2017	Average Annual growth
Inxuba Yethemba	63,500	66,300	70,300	1.03%
Intsika Yethu	153,000	152,000	154,000	0.09%
Emalahleni	119,000	122,000	126,000	0.59%
Engcobo	157,000	157,000	162,000	0.28%
Sakhisizwe	63,400	63,200	65,200	0.29%
Enoch Mgijima	246,000	256,000	272,000	1.02%
Chris Hani	801,407	816,266	849,231	0.58%

Source: IHS Markit Regional eXplorer version 1479

The Inxuba Yethemba Local Municipality increased the most, in terms of population, with an average annual growth rate of 1.03%, the ENOCH MGIJIMA Mgijima Local Municipality had the second highest growth in terms of its population, with an average annual growth rate of 1.02%. The Intsika Yethu Local Municipality had the lowest average annual growth rate of 0.09% relative to the other within the Chris Hani District Municipality.

5.3 POPULATION BY POPULATION GROUP, GENDER AND AGE

The total population of a region is the total number of people within that region measured in the middle of the year. The total population can be categorised according to the population group, as well as the sub-categories of age and gender. The population groups include African, White, Coloured and Asian, where the Asian group includes all people originating from Asia, India and China. The age subcategory divides the population into 5-year cohorts, e.g. 0-4, 5-9, 10-13, etc.

TABLE 4. POPULATION BY GENDER - CHRIS HANI AND THE REST OF EASTERN CAPE PROVINCE, 2017 [NUMBER].

	Male	Female	Total
Chris Hani	410,000	439,000	849,000
Nelson Mandela Bay	616,000	657,000	1,270,000
Buffalo City	413,000	445,000	859,000
Sarah Baartman	248,000	252,000	500,000
Amatole	415,000	452,000	867,000
Joe Gqabi	181,000	196,000	377,000
O.R.Tambo	699,000	794,000	1,490,000
Alfred Nzo	402,000	465,000	867,000
Eastern Cape	3,380,000	3,700,000	7,080,000
-			

Source: IHS Markit Regional eXplorer version 1479

Chris Hani District Municipality's male/female split in population was 93.5 males per 100 females in 2017. The Chris Hani District Municipality appears to be a fairly stable population with the share of female population (51.69%) being very similar to the national average of (51.05%). In total there were 439 000 (51.69%) females and 410 000 (48.31%) males. This is different from the Eastern Cape Province as a whole where the female population counted 3.7 million which constitutes 52.23% of the total population of 7.08 million

TABLE 5. POPULATION BY POPULATION GROUP, GENDER AND AGE - CHRIS HANI DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY, 2017 [NUMBER].

	Afric	an	Whit	e	Colou	red	Asia	n
	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
00-04	45,300	46,900	416	416	1,710	1,680	112	90
05-09	46,200	48,300	410	486	1,660	1,610	74	73
10-14	39,700	42,300	523	415	1,700	1,620	54	71
15-19	33,300	37,500	422	395	1,350	1,500	64	49
20-24	32,500	35,900	372	370	1,430	1,500	63	148
25-29	33,500	37,800	532	547	1,490	1,360	80	263
30-34	29,200	31,100	524	495	1,250	1,050	96	203
35-39	24,800	24,700	521	508	1,140	1,080	66	145
40-44	17,700	14,300	529	554	1,100	998	68	134
45-49	16,200	9,600	592	547	885	997	53	69
50-54	17,800	9,810	666	642	832	802	29	57
55-59	19,500	11,000	613	614	823	687	43	26
60-64	16,700	10,400	553	480	702	601	45	39
65-69	13,400	9,410	459	464	549	410	12	21
70-74	11,700	7,770	321	343	374	249	11	12
75+	15,200	8,240	505	349	391	205	26	17
Total	413,000	385,000	7,960	7,630	17,400	16,400	896	1,420

Source: IHS Markit Regional eXplorer version 1479

In 2017, the Chris Hani District Municipality's population consisted of 93.92% African (798 000), 1.84% White (15 600), 3.97% Coloured (33 700) and 0.27% Asian (2 310) people.

The largest share of population is within the babies and kids (0-14 years) age category with a total number of 282 000 or 33.2% of the total population. The age category with the second

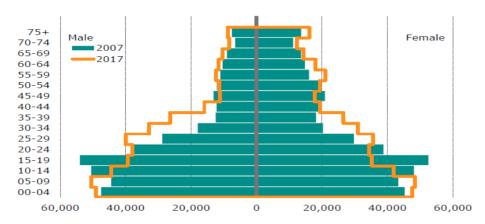
largest number of people is the young working age (25-44 years) age category with a total share of 26.8%, followed by the teenagers and youth (15-24 years) age category with 147 000 people. The age category with the least number of people is the retired / old age (65 years and older) age category with only 70 400 people, as reflected in the population pyramids below.

POPULATION PYRAMIDS

A population pyramid is a graphic representation of the population categorised by gender and age, for a specific year and region.

With the African population group representing 93.9% of the Chris Hani District Municipality's total population, the overall population pyramid for the region will mostly reflect that of the African population group. The chart below compares Chris Hani's population structure of 2017 to that of South Africa.

CHART 2. POPULATION PYRAMID - CHRIS HANI DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY, 2007 VS. 2017 [PERCENTAGE]



When comparing the 2007 population pyramid with the 2017 pyramid for the Chris Hani District Municipality, some interesting differences are visible:

- 6 In 2007, there were a significant smaller share of young working age people aged 20 to 34 (21.7%) compared to 2017 (24.9%).
- 7 Fertility in 2007 was slightly lower compared to that of 2017.
- 8 The share of children between the ages of 0 to 14 years is significantly larger in 2007 (34.8%) compared to 2017 (33.2%).

9 Life expectancy is increasing.

In 2017, the female population for the 20 to 34 years age group amounted to 11.1% of the total female population while the male population group for the same age amounted to 10.6% of the total male population. In 2007 the male working age population at 13.0% still exceeds that of the female population working age population at 11.9%.

i. NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS BY POPULATION GROUP

If the number of households is growing at a faster rate than that of the population it means that the average household size is decreasing, and vice versa. In 2017, the Chris Hani District Municipality comprised of 230 000 households. This equates to an average annual growth rate of 1.46% in the number of households from 2007 to 2017. With an

average annual growth rate of 0.58% in the total population, the average household size in the Chris Hani District Municipality is by implication decreasing. This is confirmed by the data where the average household size in 2007 decreased from approximately 4 individuals per household to 3.7 persons per household in 2017.

TABLE 6. NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS - CHRIS HANI, EASTERN CAPE AND NATIONAL TOTAL, 2007-2017 [NUMBER PERCENTAGE]

	Chris Hani	Eastern Cape	National Total	Chris Hani as % of province	Chris Hani as % of national
2007	198,000	1,600,000	13,100,000	12.4%	1.51%
2008	203,000	1,630,000	13,400,000	12.5%	1.52%
2009	210,000	1,670,000	13,700,000	12.5%	1.53%
2010	211,000	1,680,000	13,900,000	12.5%	1.52%
2011	213,000	1,700,000	14,200,000	12.5%	1.50%
2012	214,000	1,710,000	14,500,000	12.5%	1.48%
2013	216,000	1,730,000	14,700,000	12.5%	1.46%
2014	216,000	1,740,000	15,000,000	12.4%	1.44%
2015	220,000	1,770,000	15,400,000	12.4%	1.43%
2016	225,000	1,810,000	15,700,000	12.4%	1.43%
2017	229,000	1,860,000	16,100,000	12.4%	1.43%
Average Annual growth	1.46%	1.52%	2.02%		
2007-2017					

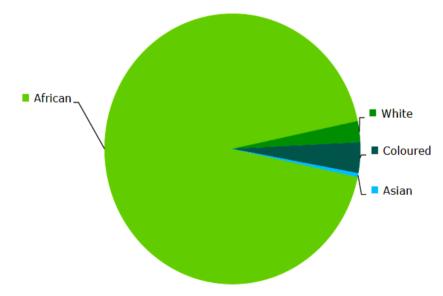
Source: IHS Markit Regional eXplorer version 1479

Relative to the province, the Chris Hani District Municipality had a lower average annual growth rate of 1.46% from 2007 to 2017. In contrast, the South Africa had a total of 16.1 million households, with a growth rate of 2.02%, thus growing at a higher rate than the Chris Hani.

The composition of the households by population group consists of 93.4% which is ascribed to the

African population group with the largest number of households by population group. The Coloured population group had a total composition of 3.7% (ranking second). The White population group had a total composition of 2.5% of the total households. The smallest population group by households is the Asian population group with only 0.4% in 2017.

CHART 7. NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS BY POPULATION GROUP - CHRIS HANI DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY, 2017 [PERCENTAGE]

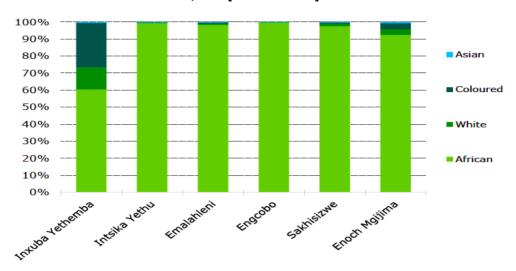


Source: IHS Markit Regional eXplorer version 1479

The growth in the number of African headed households was on average 1.52% per annum between 2007 and 2017, which translates in the number of households increasing by 30 000 in the period. Although the Asian population group is not

the biggest in size, it was however the fastest growing population group between 2007 and 2017 at 12.42%. The average annual growth rate in the number of households for all the other population groups has increased with 1.43%.

TABLE 7. NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS BY POPULATION GROUP - LOCAL MUNICIPALITIES OF CHRIS HANI DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY, 2017 [PERCENTAGE]



• NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS BY INCOME CATEGORY

Income categories start at R0 - R2,400 per annum and go up to R2,400,000+ per annum. A household is either a group of people who live together and provide themselves jointly with food and/or other essentials for living, or it is a single

person living on his/her own. These income brackets do not take into account inflation creep: over time, movement of households "up" the brackets is natural, even if they are not earning any more in real terms.

HOUSEHOLDS BY INCOME CATEGORY - CHRIS HANI, EASTERN CAPE AND NATIONAL TOTAL, 2017 [NUMBER PERCENTAGE]

It was estimated that in 2017 19.06% of all the households in the Chris Hani District Municipality, were living on R30,000 or less per annum. In comparison with 2007's 49.69%, the number is about half. The 30000-42000 income category has

the highest number of households with a total number of 31 700, followed by the 54000-72000 income category with 29 900 households. Only 28 households fall within the 0-2400 income category.

ii. HEALTH

HIV+ AND AIDS ESTIMATES

HIV and AIDS can have a substantial impact on the growth of a particular population. However, there are many factors affecting the impact of the HIV virus on population progression: adult HIV prevalence rates; the speed at which the virus progresses; age distribution of the virus; the mother-to-child transmission; child treatment; adult treatment; and the percentage by which the virus decreases total fertility. ARV treatment can also prolong the lifespan of people that are HIV+. In the absence of any treatment, people diagnosed with HIV live for approximately 10 years before reaching the final stage of the disease (called AIDS). When patients reach this stage, recovery is highly unlikely.

TABLE 21. NUMBER OF HIV+ PEOPLE - CHRIS HANI, EASTERN CAPE AND NATIONAL TOTAL, 2007-2017 [NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE]

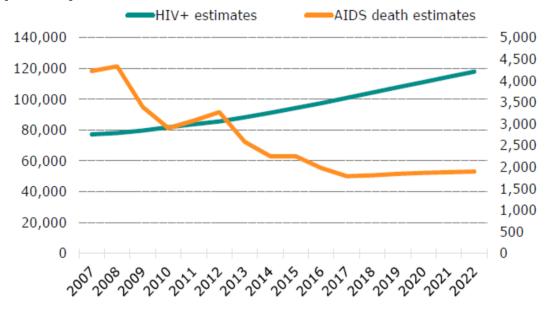
	Chris Hani	Eastern Cape	National Total	Chris Hani as % of province	Chris Hani as % of national
2007	77,200	626,000	5,370,000	12.3%	1.44%
2008	78,000	631,000	5,400,000	12.4%	1.44%
2009	79,600	643,000	5,480,000	12.4%	1.45%
2010	81,800	660,000	5,590,000	12.4%	1.46%
2011	83,800	676,000	5,680,000	12.4%	1.47%
2012	85,600	691,000	5,760,000	12.4%	1.49%
2013	88,200	712,000	5,880,000	12.4%	1.50%
2014	91,200	736,000	6,010,000	12.4%	1.52%
2015	94,200	760,000	6,130,000	12.4%	1.54%
2016	97,500	786,000	6,280,000	12.4%	1.55%
2017	101,000	812,000	6,430,000	12.4%	1.57%

Source: IHS Markit Regional eXplorer version 1479

In 2017, 101 000 people in the Chris Hani District Municipality were infected with HIV. This reflects an increase at an average annual rate of 2.71% since 2007, and in 2017 represented 11.88% of the district municipality's total population. The Eastern Cape Province had an average annual growth rate of 2.64% from 2007 to 2017 in the

number of people infected with HIV, which is lower than that of the Chris Hani District Municipality. When looking at the South Africa as a whole it can be seen that the number of people that are infected increased from 2007 to 2017 with an average annual growth rate of 1.83%.

CHART 21. AIDS PROFILE AND FORECAST - CHRIS HANI DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY, 2007-2022 [NUMBERS]



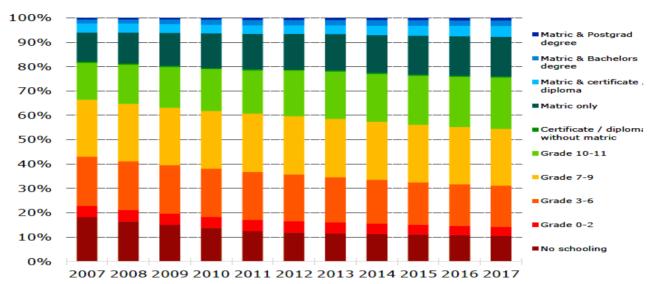
Presenting the number of HIV+ people against the number of people living with AIDS, the people with AIDS added up to 4220 in 2007 and 1790 for 2017. This number denotes an decrease from

2007 to 2017 with a high average annual rate of 8.24% (or -2440 people). For the year 2017, they represented 0.21% of the total population of the entire district municipality.

iii. EDUCATION

Educating is important to the economic growth in a country and the development of its industries, providing a trained workforce and skilled professionals required.

CHART 22. HIGHEST LEVEL OF EDUCATION: AGE 15+ - CHRIS HANI DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY, 2007-2017 [PERCENTAGE]



Source: IHS Markit Regional eXplorer version 1479

Within Chris Hani District Municipality, the number of people without any schooling decreased from 2007 to 2017 with an average annual rate of -3.70%, while the number of people within the 'matric only' category, increased from 49,600 to 80,300. The number of people with 'matric and a certificate/diploma' increased with an average

annual rate of 3.60%, with the number of people with a 'matric and a Bachelor's' degree increasing with an average annual rate of 4.84%. Overall improvement in the level of education is visible with an increase in the number of people with 'matric' or higher education.

HIGHEST LEVEL OF EDUCATION: AGE 15+ - CHRIS HANI, EASTERN CAPE AND NATIONAL TOTAL, 2017 [NUMBERS]

The number of people without any schooling in Chris Hani District Municipality accounts for 16.69% of the number of people without schooling in the province and a total share of 2.30% of the national. In 2017, the number of people in Chris Hani District Municipality with a matric only was

80,300 which is a share of 9.32% of the province's total number of people that has obtained a matric. The number of people with a matric and a Postgrad degree constitutes 8.80% of the province and 0.73% of the national.

TABLE 23. HIGHEST LEVEL OF EDUCATION: AGE 15+, INXUBA YETHEMBA, INTSIKA YETHU, EMALAHLENI, ENGCOBO, SAKHISIZWE AND ENOCH MGIJIMA MGIJIMA LOCAL MUNICIPALITIES 2017 [PERCENTAGE]

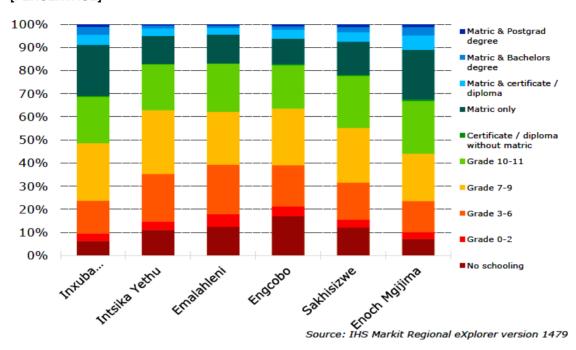
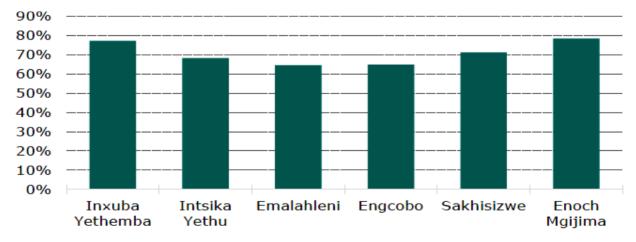


CHART 23. FUNCTIONAL LITERACY: AGE 20+, COMPLETED GRADE 7 OR HIGHER - CHRIS HANI, EASTERN CAPE AND NATIONAL TOTAL, 2007-2017 [PERCENTAGE]

Chris Hani District Municipality's functional literacy rate of 71.47% in 2017 is lower than that of Eastern Cape at 78.13%. When comparing to National Total as whole, which has a functional

literacy rate of 84.14%, the functional literacy rate is higher than that of the Chris Hani District Municipality.

CHART 24. LITERACY RATE - INXUBA YETHEMBA, INTSIKA YETHU, EMALAHLENI, ENGCOBO, SAKHISIZWE AND ENOCH MGIJIMA MGIJIMA LOCAL MUNICIPALITIES, 2017 [PERCENTAGE]



In terms of the literacy rate for each of the regions within the Chris Hani District Municipality, ENOCH MGIJIMA Mgijima Local Municipality had the highest literacy rate, with a total of 78.3%. The

Academic institutions in the district include a satellite campus of the Walter Sisulu University which is based in Queenstown and Whittlesea.

lowest literacy rate can be observed in the Emalahleni Local Municipality with a total of 64.5%.

There is TVET College (Ikhala TVET College) in Queenstown and Ezibeleni. The municipality is also endowed with a number of good primary and secondary schools as well as pre-primary schools.

	No of education facilities					Total
Municipality	Pre-school	Primary	Combined schools	Secondary	Tertiary	
Inxuba Yethemba	28	16		7	1	52
Enoch Mgijima		133	41	44	2	218
Emalahleni	8					173
Sakhisizwe		19	45	6	0	70
Engcobo		55	90	25	0	170
Intsika Yethu	16	58	154	8		254
Chris Hani DM	52	281	330	90	3	937

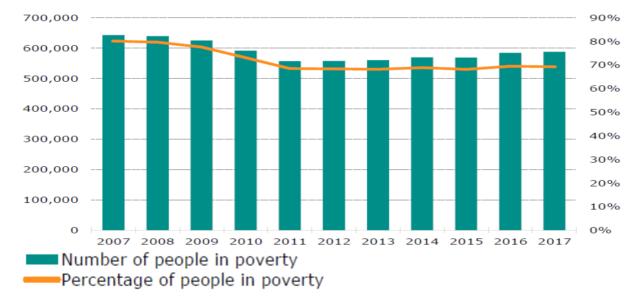
iv. DEVELOPMENT

Indicators of development, like the Human Development Index (HDI), Gini Coefficient (income inequality), poverty and the poverty gap, and education, are used to estimate the level of

development of a given region in South Africa relative to the rest of the country.

Curbing poverty and alleviating the effects thereof should be a premise in the compilation of all policies that aspire towards a better life for all.

CHART 25. NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF PEOPLE LIVING IN POVERTY - CHRIS HANI DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY, 2007-2017 [NUMBER PERCENTAGE]



In 2017, there were 588 000 people living in poverty, using the upper poverty line definition, across Chris Hani District Municipality - this is 8.55% lower than the 643 000 in 2007. The

percentage of people living in poverty has decreased from 80.17% in 2007 to 69.27% in 2017, which indicates a decrease of 10.9 percentage points.

TABLE 25. PERCENTAGE OF PEOPLE LIVING IN POVERTY BY POPULATION GROUP - CHRIS HANI, 2007-2017 [PERCENTAGE]

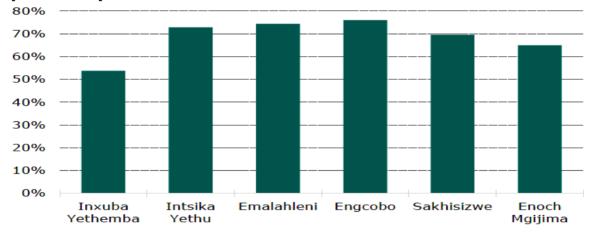
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	African	White	Coloured	Asian
2007	82.6%	1.9%	64.9%	12.5%
2008	82.2%	2.0%	62.2%	14.8%
2009	80.2%	2.0%	57.2%	14.5%
2010	75.7%	1.4%	51.9%	12.1%
2011	71.0%	0.9%	47.4%	8.9%
2012	70.8%	0.9%	47.6%	9.0%
2013	70.6%	1.2%	47.4%	9.0%
2014	71.3%	1.9%	48.4%	8.8%
2015	70.5%	2.8%	48.0%	8.4%
2016	71.8%	3.4%	49.2%	10.8%
2017	71.6%	3.6%	48.2%	12.4%

Source: IHS Markit Regional eXplorer version 1479

In 2017, the population group with the highest percentage of people living in poverty was the White population group with a total of 1.9% people living in poverty, using the upper poverty line definition. The proportion of the White population group, living in poverty, decreased by -1.69 percentage points, as can be seen by the change

from 1.86% in 2007 to 3.56% in 2017. In 2017 71.61% of the African population group lived in poverty, as compared to the 82.62% in 2007. The Coloured and the Asian population group saw a decrease in the percentage of people living in poverty, with a decrease of 16.7 and 0.0905 percentage points respectively.

TABLE 26. PERCENTAGE OF PEOPLE LIVING IN POVERTY - INXUBA YETHEMBA, INTSIKA YETHU, EMALAHLENI, ENGCOBO, SAKHISIZWE AND ENOCH MGIJIMA MGIJIMA LOCAL MUNICIPALITIES,2017 [PERCENTAGE]



In terms of the percentage of people living in poverty for each of the regions within the Chris Hani District Municipality, Engcobo Local Municipality has the highest percentage of people living in poverty, using the upper poverty line

definition, with a total of 76.0%. The lowest percentage of people living in poverty can be observed in the Inxuba Yethemba Local Municipality with a total of 53.7% living in poverty, using the upper poverty line definition.

• POVERTY GAP RATE

The poverty gap is used as an indicator to measure the depth of poverty. The Poverty Gap deals with a major shortcoming of the poverty rate, which does not give any indication of the depth, of poverty. It is estimated that the poverty gap rate in

Chris Hani District Municipality amounted to 31.1% in 2017 - the rate needed to bring all poor households up to the poverty line and out of poverty.

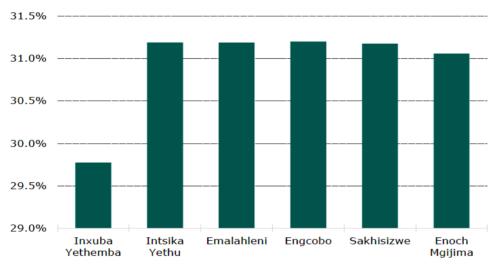
TABLE 27. POVERTY GAP RATE BY POPULATION GROUP - CHRIS HANI DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY, 2007-2017 [PERCENTAGE]



In 2017, the poverty gap rate was 31.1% and in 2007 the poverty gap rate was 33.8%, it can be seen that the poverty gap rate decreased from

2007 to 2017, which means that there were improvements in terms of the depth of the poverty within Chris Hani District Municipality.

TABLE 28. POVERTY GAP RATE – INXUBA YETHEMBA, INTSIKA YETHU, EMALAHLENI, ENGCOBO, SAKHISIZWE AND ENOCH MGIJIMA MGIJIMA LOCAL MUNICIPALITIES,2017 [PERCENTAGE]



Source: IHS Markit Regional eXplorer version 1479

In terms of the poverty gap rate for each of the regions within the Chris Hani District Municipality, Engcobo Local Municipality had the highest poverty gap rate, with a rand value of 31.2%. The

lowest poverty gap rate can be observed in the Inxuba Yethemba Local Municipality with a total of 29.8%.

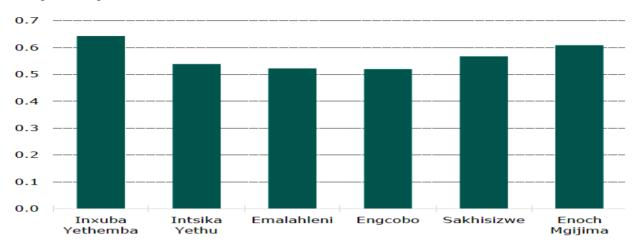
v. HUMAN DEVELOPMENT INDEX (HDI)

The Human Development Index (HDI) is a composite relative index used to compare human development across population groups or regions. HDI is the combination of three basic dimensions of human development: A long and healthy life, knowledge and a decent standard of living. A long and healthy life is typically measured using life expectancy at birth. On a technical note, the HDI

can have a maximum value of 1, indicating a very high level of human development, while the minimum value is 0, indicating no human development.

In 2017 Chris Hani District Municipality had an HDI of 0.57 compared to the Eastern Cape with a HDI of 0.603 and 0.659 of National Total as a whole.

CHART 29. HUMAN DEVELOPMENT INDEX (HDI) - INXUBA YETHEMBA, INTSIKA YETHU, EMALAHLENI, ENGCOBO, SAKHISIZWE AND ENOCH MGIJIMA MGIJIMA LOCAL MUNICIPALITIES, 2017 [NUMBER]



In terms of the HDI for each the regions within the Chris Hani District Municipality, Inxuba Yethemba Local Municipality has the highest HDI, with an index value of 0.642. The lowest can be observed in the Engcobo Local Municipality with an index value of 0.52.

vi. LABOUR

The labour force of a country consists of everyone of working age (above a certain age and below retirement) that are participating as workers, i.e.

people who are actively employed or seeking employment. This is also called the economically active population (EAP).

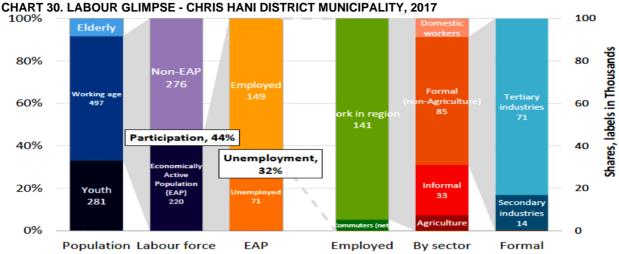
	Chris H	Hani Easter		Cape	National 1	National Total	
	2007	2017	2007	2017	2007	2017	
15-19	107,000	74,600	802,000	637,000	5,240,000	4,560,000	
20-24	77,300	72,300	707,000	661,000	5,350,000	4,860,000	
25-29	58,600	75,500	552,000	695,000	4,720,000	5,560,000	
30-34	38,200	63,900	369,000	606,000	3,690,000	5,420,000	
35-39	30,600	53,000	287,000	470,000	2,970,000	4,460,000	
40-44	31,700	35,300	279,000	315,000	2,610,000	3,280,000	
45-49	34,000	29,000	284,000	249,000	2,320,000	2,590,000	
50-54	31,600	30,600	246,000	245,000	1,920,000	2,290,000	
55-59	27,100	33,400	209,000	249,000	1,560,000	2,030,000	
60-64	25,100	29,600	172,000	213,000	1,210,000	1,660,000	
Total	460,830	497,083	3,906,362	4,341,032	31,597,274	36,711,715	

The working age population in Chris Hani in 2017 was 497 000, increasing at an average annual rate of 0.76% since 2007. For the same period the

The graph below combines all the facets of the labour force in the Chris Hani District Municipality into one compact view. The chart is divided into "place of residence" on the left, which is measured

Source: IHS Markit Reaional eXplorer version 1479 working age population for Eastern Cape Province increased at 1.06% annually, while that of South Africa increased at 1.51% annually.

from the population side, and "place of work" on the right, which is measured from the business side.



Reading the chart from the left-most bar, breaking down the total population of the Chris Hani District Municipality (849 000) into working age and non-working age, the number of people that are of working age is about 497 000.

Those that are of age 0 - 19 (youth) or age 65 and up (pensioners) are part of the non-working age population. Out of the working age group, 44.4% are participating in the labour force, meaning 221 000 residents of the district municipality forms currently part of the economically active population (EAP).

Comparing this with the non-economically active population (NEAP) of the district municipality:

fulltime students at tertiary institutions, disabled people, and those choosing not to work, sum to 276 000 people. Out of the economically active population, there are 71 400 that are unemployed, or when expressed as a percentage, an unemployment rate of 32.3%. Up to here all the statistics are measured at the place of residence.

On the far right we have the formal non-Agriculture jobs in Chris Hani, broken down by the primary (mining), secondary and tertiary industries. Most of the formal employment lies in the Tertiary industry, with 71 100 jobs. Formal jobs make up 60.4% of all jobs in the Chris Hani District Municipality.

ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE POPULATION (EAP)

The economically active population (EAP) is defined as the number of people (between the age

of 15 and 65) who are able and willing to work, and who are actively looking for work.

ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE POPULATION (EAP) - CHRIS HANI, EASTERN CAPE AND NATIONAL TOTAL, 2007-2017 [NUMBER, PERCENTAGE]

Chris Hani District Municipality's EAP was 221 000 in 2017, which is 26.01% of its total population of 849 000, and roughly 10.32% of the total EAP of the Eastern Cape Province. From 2007 to 2017,

the average annual increase in the EAP in the Chris Hani District Municipality was 1.87%, which is 0.388 percentage points higher than the growth in the EAP of Eastern Cape's for the same period.

EAP AS % OF TOTAL POPULATION - CHRIS HANI AND THE REST OF EASTERN CAPE, 2007, 2012, 2017 [PERCENTAGE]

In 2007, 22.9% of the total population in Chris Hani District Municipality were classified as economically active which increased to 26.0% in 2017. Compared to the other regions in Eastern Cape Province, Buffalo City Metropolitan Municipality had the highest EAP as a percentage

of the total population within its own region relative to the other regions. On the other hand, Alfred Nzo District Municipality had the lowest EAP with 19.5% people classified as economically active population in 2017.

• TOTAL EMPLOYMENT

Employment data is a key element in the estimation of unemployment. Total employment

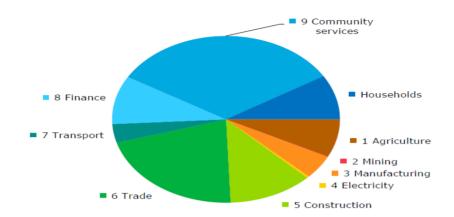
consists of two parts: employment in the formal sector, and employment in the informal sector.

• TOTAL EMPLOYMENT - CHRIS HANI, EASTERN CAPE AND NATIONAL TOTAL, 2007-2017 [NUMBERS]

In 2017, Chris Hani employed 141 000 people which is 9.71% of the total employment in Eastern Cape Province (1.46 million), 0.89% of total

employment in South Africa (15.9 million). Employment within Chris Hani increased annually at an average rate of 1.56% from 2007 to 2017.

CHART 34. TOTAL EMPLOYMENT PER BROAD ECONOMIC SECTOR - CHRIS HANI DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY, 2017 [PERCENTAGE]



• FORMAL AND INFORMAL EMPLOYMENT

The number of formally employed people in Chris Hani District Municipality counted 108 000 in 2017, which is about 76.42% of total employment, while the number of people employed in the informal

sector counted 33 300 or 23.58% of the total employment. Informal employment in Chris Hani increased from 30 200 in 2007 to an estimated 33 300 in 2017.

UNEMPLOYMENT

The unemployed includes all persons between 15 and 65 who are currently not working, but who are actively looking for work. It therefore excludes

people who are not actively seeking work (referred to as discouraged work seekers).

UNEMPLOYMENT (OFFICIAL DEFINITION) - CHRIS HANI, EASTERN CAPE AND NATIONAL TOTAL, 2007-2017 [NUMBER PERCENTAGE]

In 2017, there were a total number of 71 400 people unemployed in Chris Hani, which is an increase of 12 700 from 58 700 in 2007. The total number of unemployed people within Chris Hani constitutes 10.73% of the total number of unemployed people in Eastern Cape Province.

The Chris Hani District Municipality experienced an average annual increase of 1.98% in the number of unemployed people, which is better than that of the Eastern Cape Province which had an average annual increase in unemployment of 2.84%.

TABLE 37. UNEMPLOYMENT RATE (OFFICIAL DEFINITION) - CHRIS HANI, EASTERN CAPE AND NATIONAL TOTAL, 2007-2017 [PERCENTAGE]

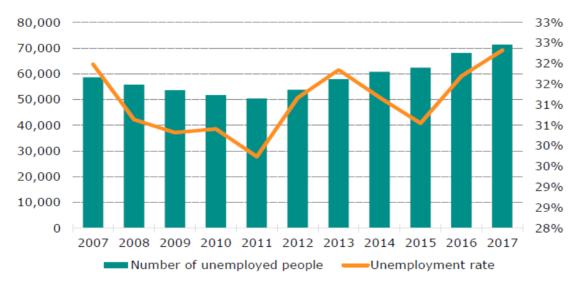
	Chris Hani	Eastern Cape	National Total
2007	32.0%	27.2%	24.8%
2008	30.6%	26.6%	23.6%
2009	30.3%	26.9%	23.8%
2010	30.4%	27.7%	24.8%
2011	29.7%	27.9%	24.9%
2012	31.2%	28.7%	25.0%
2013	31.8%	29.4%	25.1%
2014	31.2%	29.4%	25.1%
2015	30.5%	29.2%	25.5%
2016	31.7%	30.5%	26.4%
2017	32.3%	31.1%	27.2%

Source: IHS Markit Regional eXplorer version 1479

In 2017, the unemployment rate in Chris Hani District Municipality (based on the official definition of unemployment) was 32.33%, which is an increase of 0.343 percentage points. The unemployment rate in Chris Hani District

Municipality is higher than that of Eastern Cape. The unemployment rate for South Africa was 27.21% in 2017, which is a increase of -2.44 percentage points from 24.77% in 2007.

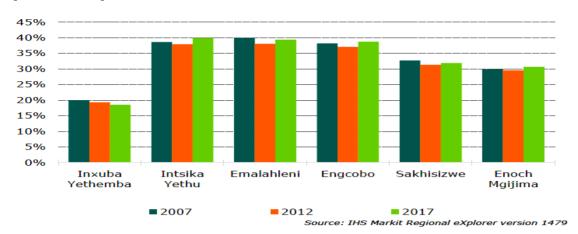
CHART 36. UNEMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT RATE (OFFICIAL DEFINITION) - CHRIS HANI DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY, 2007-2017 [NUMBER PERCENTAGE]



When comparing unemployment rates among regions within Chris Hani District Municipality, Intsika Yethu Local Municipality has indicated the highest unemployment rate of 39.9%, which has

increased from 38.6% in 2007. The Inxuba Yethemba Local Municipality had the lowest unemployment rate of 18.5% in 2017, which decreased from 20.0% in 2007.

CHART 37. UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - INXUBA YETHEMBA, INTSIKA YETHU, EMALAHLENI, ENGCOBO, SAKHISIZWE AND ENOCH MGIJIMA MGIJIMA LOCAL MUNICIPALITIES, 2007, 2012 AND 2017 [PERCENTAGE]



vii. COMMUNITY PERSPECTIVES

viii. CRIME

For the period 2005/2006 to 2015/2016 overall crime has decreased at an average annual rate of 3.08% within the Chris Hani District Municipality. Violent crime decreased by 3.23% since

2005/2006, while property crimes decreased by 1.78% between the 2005/2006 and 2015/2016 financial years.

6. PROBLEM ANALYISIS: ADDRESSING SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT CHALLENGES/ SOCIAL DETERMINANTS OF SOCIAL ILLS IN THE DEVELOPMENT CONTEXT

The table below depicts the nature and context of the social ills framed within a Lifecycle Approach prominent across all the 6 Area Offices and 9 Service Offices within the Chris Hani Districts.

1. SUMMARY OF MAJOR CHALLENGES: ADDRESSING SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT CHALLENGES/ SOCIAL DETERMINANTS OF SOCIAL ILLS IN THE DEVELOPMENT CONTEXT

The table below depicts the nature and context of the social ills framed within a Lifecycle Approach prominent across all the eight Districts within the Eastern Cape Province.

FOCAL PROBLEM: DYSFUNCTIONAL FAMILIES		
MAJOR SOCIAL PROBLEMS: POVERTY, UNEMPLOYMENT AND INEQUALITY		
Causes	Effects	
Poverty in the family	Child poverty	
Poor parenting	Child abuse, neglect and exploitation	
Absence of fathers	Orphanhood	
Separation and divorce	Children living and working on the streets	
Teenage pregnancy	Child abandonment	
Gender Based Violence and Femicide	Child trafficking	
Unemployment	Children in conflict with the law	
Child abduction (ukuthwala)	Child labour	
Disintegrated families	Child headed families	
Inequality	Abuse of alcohol and substances	
Substance Abuse	School drop out	
State of being frail – Inadequate/Limited Medical	Illiteracy	
services/support of Older Persons leading to death		
Migrant labour	Malnutrition	
Gender Inequality	Crime (Theft & Violence)	
Unequal Distribution of Resources	Children infected & affected by illness (HIV/AIDS)	
Exploitation of Natural Resources that benefits	Psychological Effects (Low self-esteem, withdrawal,	
Communities	bed wetting,)	
Limited Opportunities for Entrepreneurship	Bullyism	
Lack of Access to Credit Facility	Behavioural Problems	

FOCAL PROBLEM: DYSFUNCTIONAL FAMILIES		
MAJOR SOCIAL PROBLEMS: POVERTY, UNEMPLOYMENT AND INEQUALITY		
Causes	Effects	
Non-Participation of Communities in decision making	Family Disintegration	
Lack of Social Cohesion	Dependency Syndromes	
Lack of Ubuntu	Social Conflicts	
Lack of Infrastructure	Social Instability	
Deforestation		
Lack of Skills		
ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS		
Lack of positive Role Models	Illiteracy	
Easy access to media platforms	Domestic violence	
Decrease of ethical conduct	Poor education system	
Decrease of family values	Poor justice system	
Disregard of authorities by youth	Migrant labour	
Breakdown of nuclear family	High rate of school dropouts	
Gangsterism	Violence in schools	
Blended families	Witchcraft and killings of older persons	

Securing a better future requires the active engagement of individuals, families and communities, supported by a strong integration and participation at all levels of service delivery. Multi-pronged, multi-faceted interventions are the ideal, and are, in general, necessary to create real and permanent social change.

6.1 POVERTY DIMENSION TRENDS

- Measures of poverty
- Food Security
- Unemployment
- Living circumstances of households
- Household head
- Orphan hood
- Percentage of households per districts that received grant payment

6.2 PREVALENT SOCIAL ILLS / SOCIAL CHALLENGES

- HIV Mother to child transmission having been at the back foot due to COVID-19 pandemic
- · Crime- robberies, murder, sexual offenses, assault GBH and common, burglaries, vehicle break-ins, theft
- Substance and Alcohol Abuse
- Human Trafficking
- Gender-based Violence and Femicide
- Child abandonment and neglect
- Stateless children and people
- Illegal Immigrants and associated problems
- Homelessness/Displacement
- Gambling amongst Older Persons

BENEFICIARY ANALYSIS PER SERVICE RENDERED

INDICATORS	WOMEN BENEFICIARIES	YOUTH BENEFICIARIES	PEOPLE WITH DISABILITIES	TOTAL ORDERS ISSUED
Beneficiaries of business opportunities through our SCM Processes	109	68	02	266
EPWP beneficiaries employed on Persal	16	13	00	46
Management of funded NPOs	355	04	02	371
Beneficiaries of Social Relief of Distress	F-209	FY-46 MY-77	00*	374
No. of communities organised to coordinate their own Development	3	3	00	06
No. of people linked to socio- economic activities	08	03	00	15
No. of households profiled	363	47	08	614

• PESTEL ANALYSIS

To address the replicating negative effects of climate change and disasters more effective interventions will be incorporated to improve adaptive capacities of the most poor and vulnerable individuals and communities. In attempting to understand the external environment

PESTEL model was used to analyse the context in which the Programme implements its programmes over the remaining period of the sixth administration. The analysis using data and information drawn from different data sources as indicated in the citations.

		PLANNED INTERVENTIONS
POLITICAL FACTORS	Election period towards 7 th Administration might affect Planning and stability of the Department State of communities on service delivery may lead to service delivery protests which might affect implementation of services Possible changes in the political mandate might impact on implementation of pre-planned priorities. Implementation of the DDM approach at District level	Collaborations and engagement with the political office to regulate interventions during the process of preparing for 7th administration To review service delivery outputs of the 6thj administration and initiate a process for development of End of Term Report Facilitation and strengthening of joint planning, funding, implementation, monitoring and evaluation for integrated service delivery.
ECONOMIC FACTORS	Fiscal constraints and cost containment measures which might affect the number of individuals families and communities that receive developmental services Low growth in the economy might affect service delivery Burden of food insecurity from communities which might increase the cost of delivering due to demand from individuals and households Limited budget might have negative effect on work opportunities created within development programmes	Integrate service delivery initiatives on economic empowerment focusing on youth, women and persons with disabilities Work closely with other Government Departments to enhance food security initiatives Collaborating with external stakeholders (private sectors, civil society and other partners) to enhance service delivery initiatives.
SOCIAL FACTORS	 Rising social distress and increased vulnerability in individuals, families and communities, there is generally increase in social pathology and social problems, such as substance abuse Escalating levels of Gender Based Violence and Femicide including crime and social violence Unprecedented individual and collective tension and anxiety brought about & by the COVID-19 pandemic. (Accord 2020). COVID 19 exposed people to hunger and food insecurity, it has increased people's vulnerability, and this has led to the development of various coping mechanisms. Social exclusion and social ills hamper economic and social growth Impact of Covid 19 in increasing a state of vulnerability amongst women, children, youth, persons with disabilities and, Older Persons Women at the periphery of socio and economic space Overburdened / increased dependence on family, friends and their social network Fragile state of social cohesion Policy change to extend services to the destitute and homeless Substance Abuse The business activity index, which has been on steady decline Job losses in the province and nationally Residual effects of Covid-19 on social growth and development 	Development of a comprehensive multisectoral Social Transformation Programme that will address the effects of poverty, inequality and unemployment: Participation in the development of Food and Security Plan as a rapid response to Food insecurity. Special focus on Child Poverty and Malnutrition integrated interventions (rolling out of coherent and planned ICROP programme in the Province

		PLANNED INTERVENTIONS
TECHNOLOGICAL FACTORS ENVIRONMENTAL	Shortage of Microsoft licences to accommodate Departmental officials Rapid technology changes lead to poor adoption by the system users. The digitisation of services towards the Fourth Industrial Revolution has an impact on the provision of tools of trade i.e., mobile applications, data, and airtime Transfer of ICT Infrastructure to the Office of the Premier Poor network connectivity especially in rural and remote areas Cable theft and unavailability of ICT backup system Lack of relevant skills to support the migration towards the digitisation of ICT services. Linking of mass-based services to technology Lack of integrated system on data management Failure to integrate digital transformation in steering Young people towards social transformation (food production, skills development, job creation, access, etc)	Work closely with the Office of the Premier and Municipalities to enhance ICT technology and infrastructure Including digital innovation to enhance service delivery initiatives
FACTORS	 Climate change and disaster management affecting delivery of services Inadequate office accommodation to render developmental social work services Equitable and sustainable financing of Social Welfare Services Non standardisation of Social Welfare Services across the Province Streamlining of District coordination to enhance Service Delivery Model 	Development of a Disaster Management Strategy Work closely with the Department of Public Works on provision of office accommodation for Social Service practitioners Implement Social Welfare Services Framework to enhance the standard of services
LEGAL FACTORS	 There is no legislation or Policy to guide provision of Shelters for the homeless Equitable and sustainable financing of NPOs to minimise litigations and court interdicts Application and implementation of protection of Policy on Information Act Application and implementation of Local Economic Development Framework within Eastern Cape DSD Application and implementation of National Drug Master Plan by Local Municipalities Application and implementation of the Children's Act by the relevant Departments 	Development of a Strategy for provision of Shelters for the homeless Integration with other government departments to enhance resourcing of services Advocate for implementation of Social Welfare Legislation

SWOT ANALYSIS

SWOT analysis was used to undertake a Programme diagnosis of capability and capacity to respond to development challenges the

Programme is mandated to address in collaboration with other partners and stakeholders.

GOVERNANCE AND ADMINISTRATION

STRENGTHS WEAKNESSES Legislative and Policy Framework has been put in Lack of effective monitoring and evaluation of place to guide design and implementation of programme activities, outputs and outcomes. Poor integration in programme programmes. Strong network of active NPOs with established implementation, monitoring and evaluation. forums that could be utilised to increase capacity NPO Funding process and NPO Payment Value of the Department to address developmental Chain problems. Lack of Business Continuity Plan. The Department has a functional NPO payment Inadequate Document Management System. system. Lack of Operations Management Framework Shortage of tools of trade for social service practitioners **OPPORTUNITIES THREATS** Social compact creates opportunities on Corporate Decreasing equitable share due to tight economic Social Investment for partnerships conditions. collaborations - CSI Funding. Demand for Social Services is too high due to Partnership with SETA, SITA and institutions of escalating social ills. Higher Learning Comprehensive Social Research Data to address Capacity Building on Performance Information the emerging Social ills is limited Management. Lack of office space Institutionalisation of the District Development Misuse of funds and litigation by NPOs Model Emergence of entrepreneurial violence. Institutionalisation of Portfolio Approach (DSD Shortage of Microsoft licenses to accommodate SASSA & NDA) for joint planning, implementation Departmental officials and resource mobilisation Cable theft and unavailability of ICT backup system Mainstreaming of Gender Responsive Planning, Budgeting, Monitoring, Evaluation and Auditing Framework Capacity Building on Performance Management Strengthening of Internal Controls Partnership with other potential funders (LOTTO, Municipality) Improved Intergovernmental relations through cluster approach

SOCIAL WELFARE SERVICES

STRENGTHS	OPPORTUNITIES
 Availability of relevant legislation and policy Frameworks. Availability of services and interventions for older persons. Trained Social Workers to implement Older Persons, services for people with disabilities, Social and Behaviour Change Programmes. Functional and Operational Older Persons, Disabilities, HIV and AIDS Forums at District and Provincial levels Education, Capacity building, and awareness on the rights of older persons, disabilities, Social and Behaviour Change Programmes and Psychosocial Support Services. Provision of funding for older persons, disabilities, Social and Behaviour Change Programmes. Monitoring of Organizations rendering services. Resuscitation of active ageing Programmes Availability of services and interventions for Persons with disabilities (Residential Facilities, protective workshops, and Community Based Programmes) 	 Integration of youth development programmes with Older Persons Programmes especially at Service Centres Integration with Community Based Care Services for Children (RISIHA, Drop-in Centres & Safe Parks) Integration with Sustainable Livelihoods Programmes (CNDS & Household Food Gardens) Ageing policy in the province to be formulated. Integration with Older Persons Programme, HIV and AIDS Programme, Families, children, youth, women, sustainable livelihoods, persons with disabilities Integration and mainstreaming of Disability Programme at Planning, Budgeting Monitoring, Evaluation and Auditing. Integration with Services for children, youth, women, men, older persons, disabilities, and Families. Partnership with Institutions of Higher Learning, Civil Society and NPOs

WEAKNESSES

- Non-compliance with norms and standards as promulgated by the Older Persons Act No13 of 2006
- Inadequate funding for full implementation of Older Persons Act
- Lack of transport for older persons to access Service Centres.
- Limited services and programmes for persons disabilities (intellectual, mental disability, visual impaired).
- · Limited training on sign language.
- Rotation of trained personnel to other programmes resulting in the identification of new personnel with no adequate knowledge and skills.
- Inadequate staff to implement programmes.

THREATS

- Brutal killings of Older Persons
- Increase in abuse of Older Persons
- Increased number of orphans due toCOVID-19.
- Inadequate capacity of NPOs that are managing funded and non-funded NPOs
- Accusations of witchcraft
- People who are ageing need a certain level of education so that they can adapt to the everchanging digital world.
- Lack of legislation governing the services and rights of person with disabilities.
- Reliance on the Department of Health to provide assistive devices.
- Prevalence of HIV and AIDS, especially amongst young men and women.
- Increase in teenage pregnancy
- Increase in gender-based violence and femicide

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES

STRENGTHS

- Political support to address dysfunctional families in the Province.
- Availability of Legislation and Policy Frameworks
- Collaboration and partnerships with Child Protection Organisations, Home Affairs, Department of Justice, Department of Health, Department of Education, Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs.
- Funding of NPOs rendering family preservation services
- Awareness raising campaigns on services for families
- Functional and operational Child Protection forums.

OPPORTUNITIES

- Partnership with Civil Society and NPOs
- Integrated services to families in partnership with communities, Municipalities, Government Departments FBOs, Civil Society and NPOS.
- Training of Social Service Practitioners to deal with complex family issues.
- Availability of Child Protection System
- Political support on implementation of the Children's Act (Foster Care Services)
- Partnership with SASSA, DSD and NDA portfolio approach to strengthen implementation of services to children.

WEAKNESSES

- Inadequate training on Children's Act amongst other stakeholders such as DoH, Home Affairs, SAPS, and municipality.
- Inadequate programmes to intervene with children presenting with Behaviour Misconduct and Psychological anomalies.
- Limited partial care facilities
- Non-compliance to norms and standards for registration of partial care centres
- Limited supervision
- Limited tools of trade for Social Workers
- Inadequate budget for advertisements as per Regulation 56 of the Children's Act 38 of 2005.
- Lack of cooperation from foster parents.
- Misuse of foster care grant by foster parents.

THREATS

- Dysfunctional families
- Increase in child headed households.
- Increase in Single parenting.
- High rate of divorce
- Increase in substance abuse and domestic violence.
- Child malnutrition
- Child poverty
- Unemployment
- Impact of COVID 19 on families
- Dependence on stakeholders and other departments for finalisation of foster care processes and services.
- Non-registration of new births at Home Affairs
- Management of Foster care backlog.
- Different understanding and interpretation of North Gauteng High Court Order

RESTORATIVE SERVICES

STRENGTHS OPPORTUNITIES Linking of victims to sustainable livelihoods and Availability of legislation, policy frameworks, provincial guidelines, norms and standards. economic opportunities collaboration with Provincial Child Justice Forum More interventions on crime prevention and Partnership with relevant stakeholders on social awareness programmes for youth. mobilisation. awareness, and prevention Implementation and mainstreaming of Gender Responsive Planning, Budgeting, Evaluation and Auditing Framework Monitoring, programmes. Accredited Programmes in place for Diversion Partnerships and collaborations with communities, **Programmes** Availability of 365 Days Provincial Action Plan NPOs Civil Society and other departments Implementation of Pillar 4 & 5of the National Link beneficiaries to sustainable livelihood Strategic Plan on Gender Based Violence and opportunities and development programmes. Femicide Integration with Families, children, youth and Functional and operational Provincial GBV Forum women, services Established shelters for victims of violence. Partnership with Departments and Local Integrated services on victim empowerment. Municipalities Established Thuthuzela Centres and Command Centre Availability of National and Provincial Drug Master Availability of services and interventions for children, Youth, and adults Availability of TADA Programmes in schools Availability of a State Treatment Centre WEAKNESSES **THREATS** Referral system of children in conflict with the law High incidence of serious offences by young Non-compliance with the provisions of Minimum people Norms and Standards for Diversion Services. High dependence on SAPS & DOJ to implement Crime Prevention Programmes Services to victims are not informed by a Delay in implementing the Act by other legislative framework that guides the establishment of services and the quality of Stakeholders. services to be rendered. High prevalence gender-based violence in communities Limited programmes for children accommodated at shelters. Shelters not utilised fully due to victims opting for Non availability of Local Drug Committees in local another alternative. municipalities Only one State Treatment Centre Increase in substance abuse by young people. **Dysfunctional families** Non-compliance with the Liquor Act by Service Providers

DEVELOPMENT AND RESEARCH

Organisations

practices

Lack of learning network system to learn best

High levels of illiteracy in NPOs and Cooperatives

OPPORTUNITIES STRENGTHS Partnerships to integrate provincial Anti-Poverty Availability of legislation, norms and standards and guidelines to guide the development and Strategy with Government Departments, Civil implementation of programmes. Society, NPO and Private Sector Availability of Provincial Anti-Poverty Strategy Implementation of DDM will lead to joint planning, funding, implementation, monitoring and evaluation Availability of research studies on social ills affecting with Private Sector, Civil Society and other the Province Availability of services to unemployed youth and Government Departments. women through skills development and placement in Leverage digital innovation for Youth Development Partnerships to integrate Women Development Programmes with Malnutrition, Victim Empowerment EPWP work opportunities. Partnerships with NPOs. Programme Establishment of youth development structures Funding of Youth development Programmes, Projects Linking cooperatives to socio-economic opportunities and Initiatives esp. within DSD Portfolio. Partnerships to integrate with NDA and other Capacity Building Institutions Partnerships with NPOs and Cooperatives Women Development Funding of **Projects** Benchmarking opportunities Cooperatives. Leverage on unemployed graduates to build Funding of capacity development Programmes for competencies and capabilities NPOs and Cooperatives Multisectoral and multi-stakeholder approach to Civil Society and community participation mobilise communities Establishment of Community structures Resource mobilisation Active participation of communities the development process Linkage of Social Grant beneficiaries to sustainable livelihood programmes Identification of change agents Paradigm shift from Welfarist Approach to Developmental Approach WEAKNESSES THREATS Increased demand for food security programmes Inadequate implementation of Exit Management Strategy High unemployment rate of young people Lack of data analysis on household profiled data Negative impact of COVID-19 on families. Inadequate referral system on profiling Frequency of disasters and floods Data management of communities mobilised Prevalence of child malnutrition across the Province Poor referral system to development opportunities for Increase in youth unemployment. mobilised communities Limited exit opportunities for youth due to poor Programme design economic conditions. Limited resources to fund more Youth development High levels of Teenage Pregnancy, substance abuse, Programmes, Projects and Initiatives and Crime. Lack of internal integration of departmental services Prevalence of gender-based violence and femicide, holistically address Youth Development substance abuse and crime challenges. Non-compliance of NPOs and Cooperatives to the act Inadequate implementation of Exit Management and Legislation Strategy for women cooperatives Service delivery protest as a result of community Inadequate in-house capacity to deliver ICB dissatisfaction Programmes Service delivery backlogs Lack of capacity for NPOs to manage the

National Integrated Social Information System

(NISIS) does not provide expected level of

functionality

4.1 ORGANISATIONAL ENVIRONMENT

The Department provides social protection services and leads government efforts to forge partnerships through which vulnerable individuals, groups and communities become capable and self-reliant participants. This mandate requires the service delivery model, organisational structure and the fiscal resources to also effectively address the triple challenges of poverty, unemployment and inequality, as articulated in the NDP. The challenge is that the fiscal resources required to bring further interventions keep on shrinking. This has a negative impact on the Department's capacity to implement policies, reduce poverty and create employment opportunities in the country at a desired rate. Public Service Regulations stipulate the creation of an organisational structure and posts necessary to perform the relevant functions of the Department while remaining within the current budget.

Historical and structural challenges also pose a great challenge in the functionality and hamper the implementation of services for improved service delivery. Fragmentation and lack of synergy and integration among all spheres of governance within the Department also posed a huge challenge which resulted in silo and parallel planning and implementation of programmes. It is evident that there is an urgent need to redesign/ streamline/ reconfigure, standardized and resource the Local Service Offices

for optimal performance and targeted service delivery. There is therefore a need for the Department to engage and discuss proposals on how Service Offices can be strengthened for optimal performance and service delivery.

As guided by the five-year 2020/21 – 2024/15 Strategic Plan, the Department has reviewed its organisational structure and service delivery model to address some of the afore-mentioned organisational challenges. The Department is in the process of finalising its Service Delivery Model, through in which it seeks to promote, cconsolidate, align and link new or existing departmental strategies towards a singular guiding directive within the district sphere. This will be achieved with focus on the following sub-objectives:

- Align provincial and national development outcomes with district operations'
- Create an enabling, transparent and conducive environment for developmental social welfare services service provisioning
- Streamline decentralisation processes to improve service delivery to ensure that services are spread across and funneled effectively into rural regions.
- Linking performance management and strategy to Service Delivery Model

4.2 HUMAN RESOURCES

• EMPLOYMENT AND VACANCIES/ HUMAN RESOURCES

In expanding its capacity to deliver, the District has prioritised the employment of Social Service

Practitioners with the majority of these as Social Workers and Supervisors.

PARTNERSHIPS & STAKEHOLDER ANALYSIS PER SERVICE RENDERED

PROGRAMME	INTERVENTION	PARTNERS IN THE DELIVERY OF THE SERVICES (FORMAL & INFORMAL)
Victim Empowerment Programmes & Gender Based Violence	 Continue to support mentorship programmes for men and boy child and also look at the idea of having Victim Support Centres for man Strengthen prevention and early intervention programmes Strengthen sheltering services for Victims of Gender Based Violence, Femicide and crime Strengthen Social and Behaviour Change Programmes 	SAPS, DOH, Council Of Churches; NPOs and District and Local Municipality
HIV and AIDS	Strengthen implementation of Social and Behavior Change Programmes	DOH, DOE, District and Local Municipality
Substance Abuse & Social Crime Prevention and Support	 Strengthen social crime prevention services Strengthen substance abuse prevention services Expand provision of diversion service for children at risk and in conflict with the law with special focus on under serviced areas. Expand provision of therapeutic and vocational skills training to children in conflict with the law sentenced and awaiting trial Expand provision of re-integration programme for ex-offenders 	SAPS, DOH, DOE, DOJ and Local Municipality
Foster Care	Facilitate placement of children in foster care and extension of foster care orders	DOJ, DOH, DOE, District and Local Municipality and Traditional Leaders
Development and Research	Implementation of community development initiatives	DEDEAT, DRDAR, JOGEDA, NDA, SEDA, SAYC, ECDC, ECRDA, District and Local Municipality

1.5 IMPLEMENTATION OF SERVICES WITH NON-PROFIT ORGANISATIONS

The Department offers its programmes and services not a single entity but collaboratively with the NPO sector established under the Non-Profit Organisations Act 71 of 1997. The primary purpose of the NPO Act is to create an enabling environment in which NPOs can flourish and to establish an administrative and regulatory framework within which organisations can conduct their affairs. Specifically, the Act aimed at encouraging NPOs to maintain adequate standards of governance, transparency and accountability.

In an endeavour to meet the imperatives of Sections 2 (b) and 5 (b) which obligates the Department to design programmes in supporting organisations to maintain adequate standards of governance, transparency and accountability, the strategic plan for

the 2024/25 financial year will be on increasing interventions aimed at monitoring the services rendered by NPOs through setting targeted outputs, monitoring outcomes and evaluating service orientation including service delivery quality.

Despite the compliance challenges within the NPO sector, the department will develop strategies to ensure that NPOs comply with the regulations of the Act in collaboration with the Sector stakeholders (NPO Forum).

To enhance monitoring and evaluation, the department is in a process of finalizing the NPO monitoring and evaluation policy which will also require repurposing resources.

PROGRAMME SERVICES	CHRIS HANI	BRANCH
	83	
Older Persons		
Disability	9	SOCIAL WELFARE SERVICES
HIV & AIDS	14	
Families	5	
Children CB	7	
Child & Youth Care Centre	2	CHILDREN AND FAMILIES
Special DCC	6	
Child Protection	6	
Crime Prevention	1	
VEP	23	RESTORATIVE
Substance Abuse	6	
Youth	2	
Women	4	COMMUNITY DEVEL ORMENT
Sustainable	3	COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT
CNDC	7	
TOTAL Prog 2,3,4	162	
TOTAL Prog 5	16	
GRAND TOTAL	178	

THEORY OF CHANGE

The Department will continue to implement and monitor the Theory Of Change that has been developed in addressing Social Dysfunctionality Targeting Poor And Vulnerable Individuals, Families and Communities.

The White Paper for Families (2013) outlines how the Department of Social Development will give assistance in terms of promoting and strengthening family life. It views the family as a key development imperative and seeks to mainstream family issues into government-wide, policy-making initiatives in order to foster positive family well-being and overall socio-economic development in the country. Its primary objectives are to:

- Enhance the socializing, caring, nurturing and supporting capabilities of families so that their members are able to contribute effectively to the overall development of the country,
- Empower families and their members by enabling them to identify, negotiate around and maximize economic, labor market and other opportunities available in the country, and
- Improve the capacities of families and their members to establish social interactions which make a meaningful contribution towards a sense of community, social cohesion and national solidarity.

In addition to the objectives, the White Paper is also informed by the Human rights principles which are seen as contributors for functional families. Through this, socialization is built, and children are nurtured in terms of becoming responsible citizens thereby being tolerant with others' views. Family diversity is another principle which in a nutshell guides the government to take into consideration the diversity of South African families when developing initiatives for addressing their plight.

Another principle is the family resilience; it is important for the government to understand these attributes when providing interventions at family level. Community participation is another principle to be considered because families exist within communities and active participation ensures that families are supported and safeguarded. The promotion and strengthening of marriages is also vital for stability of families and ultimately for society's wellbeing. Through this White Paper it is the government's responsibility to make sure that families wellbeing is promoted and strengthened. Again family stability is dependent on responsible parenting which must also be promoted and strengthened.

Though the implementation and monitoring of the objectives of the White Paper and other legislative frameworks, DSD will be able to minimise challenges faced by families in South Africa. The Family Programme will also be responding to other social ills that mainly cut across in terms of having a stable family life as well as a normal society. Through the Families Programme family values and productivity will be nurtured and in the long run be restored.

The White Paper on Social Welfare (1997) also places the family at the centre of development as it states that not only do families give their members a sense of belonging, they are also responsible for imparting values and life skills. Families create security; they set limits on behaviour; and together with the spiritual foundation they provide, instil notions of discipline. All these factors are essential for the healthy development of the family and of any society. Children grow up in a wide range of family forms and structures, with different needs, role divisions, functions

ADDRESSING SOCIAL DYSFUNCTIONALITY TARGETING POOR AND VULNERABLE INDIVIDUALS, FAMILIES AND COMMUNITIES

Problem statement: Some families are being made vulnerable and are at risk of being dysfunctional due to lack of family resilience and complex family systems.

Aim Long term vision

Outcomes Where do we want to be?

Health

Improved well-being of vulnerable groups and marginalized **Social Cohesion**

Enhanced coping mechanisms for people experiencing social distress connections with the community and outside the family.

Safe environment
Enhanced human
capabilities to advance
social change

Resilient and self-reliant families within empowered communities

Economic security and self-sustainability Family members live in economic security and independence Skills, learning and employment

Family members have the knowledge and skills to participate fully in society.

Placing Individuals, Families and Vulnerable Groups at the centre of Care, Protection and Development

Results How will we do it? Through Psycho/social behaviour changes in families in order to improve family preservation and to prevent family disintegration

- Provide prevention and early intervention programmes to Families equipped with the skills to prevent family disintegration
- Provide therapeutic and mediation Programmes to empowered and strengthened individual family members to contribute to healthy family functioning
- Provide protection and statutory services to families who are affected by statutory interventions to address risk factors
- Provide family re-integration/Re-unification and after Care Services to ensure well-functioning families that are able to adapt to various individual needs of the reunited family member

Through families who are economically selfsufficient and are able to sustain themselves

Provide support services to families to link them to accessible services and resources to ensure they can economically sustain themselves and be emancipated and empowered

ASSUMPTIONS	RISKS
 Families must be willing and open to change behavior Families have the willingness to move out of poverty. Common family values and principles will contribute to behavior change Poverty alleviation initiatives and services are accessible to vulnerable families Good family relations will contribute to behavior change Families should be willing to implement and use knowledge gained through empowerment programmes 	 Lack of funding to implement Family Programmes Families are not willing to change their behavior Families do not implement knowledge gained through Family Programmes Poverty in south Africa is increasing

Family well-being is defined as the state of having generally positive experiences with education and employment, good relationships with family and friends, adequate financial resources to meet basic needs and wants, physical health and comfort, resiliency, freedom from chronic stressors such as discrimination and oppression, and a consistent sense of belonging to a community.

Therefore, family wellbeing is achieved when the physical, material, social and emotional needs of the family are being met. Outcomes on how to achieve the afore mentioned are outlined in Part C, i.e. happy, healthy, well- functioning, resilient and preserved families that are successful in achieving their own life goals and enjoy a quality of life.

1. OVERVIEW OF 2024/25 BUDGET ESTIMATES

DEPT OF SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT - Chris Hani District Budget for 2024/25		
Chris Hani District	Budget (R'000)	
Programme	2024/25	
Administration	28 112	
Social Welfare Services	62 166	
Children and Families	102 180	
Restorative Services	53 314	
Development and Research	45 683	
Subtotal	291 454	

Economic classification	
Compensation of employees	245 581
Goods and services	1 592
Transfers and subsidies	44 281
Payments for capital assets	-
Payments for financial assets	-
Total economic classification	291 454

PART C: MEASURING OUR PERFORMANCE

• DEPARTMENTAL PROGRAMME STRUCTURE

The following Programme structure of the Amathole District, aligned to the Social Development Sector Budget Structure:

PROGRAMME	SUB- PROGRAMME
1. Administration	Office of the District Director NPO Management
2. Social Welfare Services	2.1. Management and Support 2.2. Services to Older Persons 2.3. Services to the Persons with Disabilities 2.4. HIV and AIDS 2.5. Social Relief
3. Children and Families	 3.1 Management and Support 3.2 Care and Services to Families 3.3 Child Care and Protection 3.4 Partial Care Services 3.5 Child and Youth Care Centres 3.6 Community-Based Care Services for children
4. Restorative Services	 4.1 Management and support 4.2 Crime Prevention and support 4.3 Victim empowerment 4.4 Substance Abuse, Prevention and Rehabilitation
5. Development and Research	 5.1. Management and Support 5.2. Community Mobilisation 5.3. Institutional capacity building and support for NPOs 5.4 Poverty Alleviation and Sustainable Livelihoods 5.5. Community Based Research and Planning 5.6. Youth development 5.7. Women development

DEPARTMENTAL PERFORMANCE INFORMATION OUTCOMES

PROBLEM STATEMENT	Dysfunctional families due to socio-economic instabilities and social ills. (Addressing social	
	dysfunctionality targeting poor and vulnerable individuals, families and communities)	

Placing Individuals, Families and Vulnerable Groups at the centre of Care, Protection and
Development
ncreased universal access to Developmental Social Services
Inclusive, responsive & comprehensive social protection system for sustainable and self-reliant
communities
Functional, reliable, efficient & economically viable families
Improved administrative and financial systems for effective service delivery

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS FOR 2024/25

The performance of the Department will be measured against the following core set of performance indicators as tabulated below:

PROGRAMME NAME	NO OF PERFORMANCE INDICATORS
Programme 1: Administration	11
Programme 2: Social welfare services	14
Programme 3: Children and families	16
Programme 4: Restorative services	10
Programme 5: Development and research	21
TOTAL	72

ADMINISTRATION

PROGRAMME PURPOSE

The purpose of the programme is to provide policy guidance and administrative support on strategic imperatives mandated by the constitution of the country. It consists of three sub – programmes,

namely Office of the District Director and Corporate Services.

Programme	Sub-programmes	Sub-programme purpose
1. ADMINISTRATION	1.1 Office of the District Director	The office of the District Director provides political and legislative interface between government, civil society and all other relevant stakeholders.
	1.2 NPO Management	The NPO Management Unit facilitates and coordinates various role players in the processes of funding of NPOs. It also assists NPOs with registration of NPOs as legal entities in terms of the NPO Act No.71 of 1997. Once registered, NPOs are obliged to comply with the provisions of the same Act. To that effect, the Unit conducts compliance support interventions intended to assist NPOs to submit the necessary compliance reports to maintain the validity of their registration status. Furthermore, the Unit monitors if NPOs operate in line with what they are funded for. The NPO Unit coordinates and supports the NPO Forums both Provincial and District.
	1.3 Financial Management	Responsible for managing the District's finances including financial planning, expenditure management, management of financial risks, financial reporting, asset management, record-keeping, fleet management, facilities and infrastructure management as well as supply chain management.
	1.4 Corporate Management Services	Corporate Management Services provides for the strategic direction and the overall management and administration of the Department. The office of the District Director is located under this section as well as the following functions: Communication and Customer Care and Security Management. Other support functions that fall under Programme One are Information & Communication Technology, Financial Management, Facilities and Infrastructure Management, Human Resource Management, Human Resource Development and Operations.

1.1 OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT DIRECTOR

The District Director is responsible for providing strategic leadership and guidance to the District. The District is also responsible for ensuring District integration to improve the provision of services to the communities of the OR Tambo District including planning, policy implementation and monitoring. The District Director will participate in various National, Provincial, Departmental and District activities, these will include IDP & Budget review meetings, Executive

Mayoral & Mayoral Outreach Programmes, EXCO Outreach Programme, District Lekgotla, District ECD Forum and Ward and Community Based Planning. Within the District the District Director will hold ongoing engagements with External Stakeholders, ensure implementation of partnership agreements and staff at large providing strategic direction for improved accountability and integration within the District.

OUTCOMES, OUTPUTS, PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND TARGETS: OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT DIRECTOR

Outcome Indicator	Outputs	Output Indicators	Audited /	Actual Per	formance	Estimated Performance 2023/24	formance		
			2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27
OUTCOME 4:	Improved admi	nistrative and fina	ncial syste	ms for eff	ective serv	ice delivery			
Effective, efficient and developmental administration for good governance	Stakeholder Engagement	1.1.1 Number of corporate governance interventions implemented	-	-	-	-	76	76	76

QUARTERLY TARGETS: OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT DIRECTOR

Output Indicators	Annual Target 2024/25		Calculation Type			
	2024/20	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	
Number of corporate governance interventions implemented	76	19	20	19	18	Cumulative year end

The NPO Management Unit facilitates and coordinates various role players in the processes of funding of NPOs. It also assists NPOs with registration of NPOs as legal entities in terms of the NPO Act No.71 of 1997. Once registered, NPOs are obliged to comply with the provisions of the same Act. To that effect, the Unit conducts compliance support interventions intended to assist NPOs to submit the necessary compliance reports so as to maintain the validity of their registration status. Furthermore, the Unit monitors if NPOs operate in line with what they

are funded for. The NPO Unit coordinates and supports the NPO Forums both Provincial and District.

During the 2024/25 financial year, there will be a slight increase on the number of NPOs assisted with registration as the baseline has indicated that there is a demand for this intervention by the Department. The shift towards the utilisation of electronic version in compliance support allows officials to reach more will also lead to more compliance interventions being undertaken.

OUTCOMES, OUTPUTS, PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND TARGETS: NPO MANAGEMENT

	Outputs	Output	Audited/	Actual per	formance	Estimated	Medium-	term target	s
Indicator		Indicators	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	performance 2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27
OUTCOME	4: Improved a	dministrative and f	inancial sy	stems for	effective s	ervice delivery			
ion	Registration of NPOs	1.2.3 Number of NPOs registered	16	48	48	60	80	85	85
Effective, efficient and developmental administration for good governance	Compliance interventions undertaken	1.2.4 Number of Compliance interventions implemented	12	18	18	24	28	28	28
ctive, e mental good g	Funding of NPOs	1.2.5 Number of funded NPOs	772	180	179	179	178	181	181
Effective, development for good	Funded organizations monitored	1.2.6 Number of funded organisations monitored	250	180	179	179	178	181	181

DISTRICT QUARTERLY TARGETS: NPO MANAGEMENT

	Output Indicators	Annual	(Quarterly	Targets		Calculation
		Target 2024/25	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	Туре
1.2.3	Number of NPOs registered	80	20	20	20	20	Cumulative year end
1.2.4	Number of compliance interventions implemented	28	7	7	7	7	Cumulative year end
1.2.5	Number of funded NPOs	178	178	178	178	178	Non-cumulative highest figure
1.2.6	Number of funded organizations monitored	178	178	178	178	178	Non-cumulative highest figure

SERVICE OFFICE QUARTERLY TARGETS: NPO MANAGEMENT

	OUTPUT INDICATORS	ENOCH MGIJIMA LSO	INXUBA YETHEMBA LSO	INTSIKA YETHU LSO	EMALAHLENI LSO	SAKHISIZWE LSO	DR AB XUMA LSO	2024/25 DISTRICT APP TARGET	CALCULATION TYPE
1.2.3	Number of NPOs registered	14	13	12	12	15	14	80	
	Q1	3	3	3	3	4	4	20	Cumulative
	Q2	4	3	3	3	3	4	20	Year end
	Q3	4	3	3	3	4	3	20	
	Q4	3	4	3	3	4	3	20	
1.2.4	Number of compliance interventions implemented	5	4	4	5	5	5	28	
	Q1	1	1	1	1	1	2	7	Cumulative
	Q2	2	1	1	1	1	1	7	Year end
	Q3	1	1	1	2	1	1	7	
	Q4	1	1	1	1	2	1	7	
1.2.5	Number of funded NPOs	47	21	22	38	29	21	178	
	Q1	47	21	22	38	29	21	178	Non-cumulative
	Q2	47	21	22	38	29	21	178	Highest figure
	Q3	47	21	22	38	29	21	178	
	Q4	47	21	22	38	29	21	178	
1.2.6	Number of funded organisations monitored	47	21	22	38	29	21	178	
	Q1	47	21	22	38	29	21	178	Non-cumulative
	Q2	47	21	22	38	29	21	178	Highest figure
	Q3	47	21	22	38	29	21	178	
	Q4	47	21	22	38	29	21	178	

Responsible for managing the District's finances including financial planning, expenditure management, management of financial risks, financial reporting, asset management,

record-keeping, fleet management, facilities and infrastructure management as well as supply chain management.

OUTCOMES, OUTPUTS, PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND TARGETS: FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT SERVICES

Outcome		Output	Audited	Actual Perf	ormance	Estimated	Mediu	um-term Tai	rgets		
Indicator		Indicators	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	Performance 2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27		
OUTCOM	OUTCOME 4: Improved administrative and financial systems for effective service delivery										
e, efficient elopmental tration for wernance	outcome	1.2.7 Audit opinion financial statements obtained	Unqualified Financial Audit Outcome	Unqualified Financial Audit Outcome	Unqualified Financial Audit Outcome	Financial Audit Outcome	Audit	Financial Audit	Unqualified Financial Audit Outcome		
ctive dev iinis	within 30	1.2.8 Percentage of invoices paid within 30 days.	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%		

QUARTERLY TARGETS: FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT SERVICES

	Output Indicators	Annual		Quarterly Ta	argets		Calculation
		Target 2024/2025	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	Туре
1.2.7	Audit opinion financial statements obtained	Unqualified Financial Audit Outcome	-	Unqualified Financial Audit Outcome	-	-	Non-cumulative highest figure
1.2.8	Percentage of invoices paid within 30 days	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	Non-cumulative highest figure

SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT SERVICES

Responsible for managing the district's finances including financial planning, expenditure management, management of financial risks, financial reporting,

asset management, record- keeping, fleet management, facilities and infrastructure management as well as supply chain management.

OUTCOMES, OUTPUTS, PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND TARGETS: FACILITIES AND INFRASTRUCTURE MANAGEMENT

Outcome	Outputs	Output	Audited/A	Actual Per	formance		Medium-term Targets				
Indicator		Indicators	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	Performance 2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27		
OUTCOME 4: I	OUTCOME 4: Improved administrative and financial systems for effective service delivery										
Effective, efficient and developmental administration for good governance	budget targeting local	1.2.9 Percentage of procurement budget spend targeting local suppliers in terms of LED Framework	75%	80%	80%	85%	75%	75%	75%		

QUARTERLY TARGETS: FACILITIES AND INFRASTRUCTURE MANAGEMENT

	Output Indicators			Quarterl	Calculation			
		Target 2024/2025	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	Туре	
1.2.9	Percentage of procurement budget spend targeting local suppliers in terms of LED Framework	75%	75%	75%	75%	75%	Non-cumulative Highest figure	

CORPORATE SERVICES BRANCH

Corporate Services branch involves the provision of Human Resources Administration, Conditions of Service and PERSAL administration, Recruitment; Human Resources Development and Management (Training, Staff Training

Development, Performance Management, Human Resources Planning and Organizational Development; and Employee Relations) Employee Wellness and Labour Relations.

OUTCOMES, OUTPUTS, PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND TARGETS: CORPORATE SERVICES BRANCH

Outcome	Outputs	puts Output Indicators	Audited/	Actual Per	formance	Estimated Performance 2023/24	Medium-term Targets					
Indicator			2020/21	2021/22	2022/23		2024/25	2025/26	2026/27			
OUTCOME 4:	OUTCOME 4: Improved administrative and financial systems for effective service delivery											
Human Capital	Human Capital Management Interventions Implemented	1.2.10 Number of Human Capital Management Interventions Implemented	6	8	8	8	6	6	6			

QUARTERLY TARGETS: CORPORATE SERVICES BRANCH

		Output Indicators			Quarterly	Calculation		
			Target 2024/2025	1 st	2 nd	3 rd	4 th	Туре
Ī	1.2.10	Number of Human Capital Management Interventions Implemented	6	6	6	6	6	Non-cumulative highest figure

SECURITY MANAGEMENT

Security Management is responsible to create a secure environment for the Department to deliver their services to the citizens of the Eastern Cape through the process of identification of security threats and risks to the Department and to implement mitigation measures to limit the impact should they manifest. Mitigation measures implemented

must protect people, movable and immovable assets deployed within the Department to enable the delivering of its mandate. Key to the Security Management mandate is improving the Departmental compliance with applicable Legislation and policies to create this secure environment

OUTCOMES, OUTPUTS, PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND TARGETS: SECURITY MANAGEMENT BRANCH

Outcome	Outputs	Output	Audited	Actual Per	formance	Estimated	Medium-term Targets					
Indicator		Indicators	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	Performance 2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27			
OUTCOME 4: In	OUTCOME 4: Improved administrative and financial systems for effective service delivery											
Human Capital	Security Practices implemented	1.2.11 Number of Security Practices implemented	4	4	4	4	2	2	2			

QUARTERLY TARGETS: SECURITY MANAGEMENT

Output Indicators		Annual		Quarterly	Calculation		
		Target 2024/2025	1 st	2 nd	3 rd	4 th	Туре
1.2.11	Number of Security Practices implemented	2	2	2	2	2	Cumulative year end

INFORMATION, COMMUNICATION AND TECHNOLOGY

OUTCOMES, OUTPUTS, PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND TARGETS: ICT

Outcome Indicator	Outputs	Output Indicators	Audited/Actual Performance		Estimated Performance	Medium-term Targets			
			2020/21	2020/21 2021/22 2022/23		2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27
OUTCOME 4: Ir	nproved admini	strative and financi	ial system	s for effec	tive servi	ce delivery			
Effective, efficient and developmental administration for good governance	Innovative ICT infrastructure support services implemented	1.2.13 Number of innovative ICT infrastructure support services implemented	-	21	21	21	9	9	9

QUARTERLY TARGETS: INFORMATION, COMMUNICATION AND TECHNOLOGY

Output Indicators		Annual		Quarterly	Calculation			
		Target 2024/2025	1 st	2 nd	3 rd	4 th	Туре	
1.2.	. 13	nber of innovative ICT infrastructure port services implemented	9	6	9	9	9	Cumulative year to date

[#] Local Service Office Targets Not Applicable

PROGRAMME ONE RESOURCE CONSIDERATIONS

Reconciling performance targets with the Budget and Expenditure estimates

Chris Hani District	Budget (R'000)
Sub-programmes	2024/25
District Management	28 112
Total	28 112
Compensation of employees	27 384
Goods and services	728
Transfers and subsidies	-
Payments for capital assets	-
Payments for financial assets	-
Total economic classification	28 112

PROGRAMME 2: SOCIAL WELFARE SERVICES

PROGRAMME 2: SOCIAL WELFARE SERVICES

PROGRAMME PURPOSE

To provide integrated developmental social welfare services to the poor and vulnerable in partnership with stakeholders and civil society organisations. There is no change in the programme structure.

Programme	Sub-programme	Sub-programme Purpose
	2.1 Management ar Support	Provide administration for programme staff and coordinates professional and development and ethics, provision of tools of trade for management and support staff providing services across all sub-programmes of this programme.
	2.2 Services to Old Persons	Design and implement integrated services for the care, support and protection of erolder persons through establishment of support structures, provision of governance, development and implementation of interventions for older persons, quality assurance and capacity building
2. SOCIAL WELFARE SERVICES	2.3 Services to Person with Disabilities	Design and implement integrated programmes and provide services that a facilitate the promotion of the well-being and the socio-economic empowerment of persons with disabilities through provision of intervention programmes and services as well as capacity building and support
2. SOCIAL WEI	2.4 HIV and AIDS	Design and implement integrated community-based care programmes and services aimed at mitigating the social and economic impact of HIV and AIDS by providing intervention programmes and services, prevention and psychosocial support programmes as well as financial and capacity building of funded organisations
	2.5 Social Relief	To respond to emergency needs identified in communities affected by disasters not declared, and or any other social condition resulting in undue hardship by providing counselling and support to affected individuals and families, developing care plans for short, medium and long term interventions and providing financial and material assistance to individuals or households directly or via suitable and approved service delivery partners

SUB PROGRAMME 2.1 MANAGEMENT AND SUPPORT

The sub-programme is managed by the Chief Director: Social Welfare Services, it provides administration support for Programme 2 personnel and coordinates professional development and ethics across all sub-programmes of this programme. Social Service Practitioners from all Districts are

capacitated for improved social service delivery as well as Developmental Quality Assurance (DQA) assessments are conducted for compliance with relevant Legislation. Programme performance plans and reports are also coordinated by the sub-programme.

OUTCOMES, OUTPUTS, PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND TARGETS: MANAGEMENT AND SUPPORT

Outcome Indicator	Outputs	Output Indicators	Audited/Actual Performance			Estimated Performance	Mediu	m-term Pa	argets
			2020/2021	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27
OUTCOME 4: In	nproved com	munity develop	ment for su	stainable a	nd self-reli	ant communitie	s		
Enhanced human capabilities to advance social change	Support services coordinated	2.1.1 Number of support services coordinated	32	24	20	20	36	36	36

QUARTERLY TARGETS: MANAGEMENT AND SUPPORT

Output Indicators		Annual Target		Calculation Type				
		2024/25	1st	2 nd	3rd	4th	.,,,,	
2.1.1	Number of support services coordinated	36	8	10	8	10	Cumulative year end	

SUB PROGRAMME 2.2 SERVICES TO OLDER PERSONS

The District Renders Care and Support Services to Older Persons through residential facilities as well as Community Based Care and Support Services. Residential facilities offer 24-hour care, protection and support services in a safe and secure environment whereas Community Based Care and Support Services happens in the service centres which are within communities, these promote recreation, social cohesion and Active Ageing (Golden Games). The

emphasis is on improvement of social wellbeing and the protection of Older Persons against any form of abuse through establishment of support structures. As a way of reaching out and extend services to Older Persons the Department will expand Community Based Care and Support services rather than institutionalization. This is also as part of the transformation agenda as outlined in the social sector priorities.

OUTCOMES, OUTPUTS, PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND TARGETS FOR SERVICES TO OLDER PERSONS

Outcome	Outputs	Output Indicators	Audited/	Actual Per	formance	Estimated	Mediu	ım-term Ta	argets
Indicator			2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	Performance 2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27
OUTCOME	2: Inclusive, re	sponsive & compre	hensive s	ocial prote	ction syste	em			
groups and	Older persons accessing Residential Facilities	2.2.1 Number of older persons accessing Residential Facilities	268	268	268	242	238	238	238
sing of vulnerable g marginalized	Older persons accessing Community Based Care and Support Services	2.2.2 Number of older persons accessing Community Based Care and Support Services	1 735	1 500	1 881	2 080	2 100	2 100	2 100
Improved well-being of vulnerable groups and marginalized	Older persons accessing Community Based Care and Support Services in Non -Funded Facilities	2.2.3 Number of older persons accessing Community Based Care and Support Services in Non-Funded Facilities	63	535	803	336	327	327	327

QUARTERLY TARGETS: SERVICES TO OLDER PERSONS

	Output Indicators	Annual		Quarte	Calculation		
		Target 2024/25	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	Туре
2.2.1	Number of older persons accessing Residential Facilities	238	238	238	238	238	Non-cumulative Highest Figure
2.2.2	Number of older persons accessing Community Based Care and Support Services	2 100	2 100	2 100	2 100	2 100	Non-cumulative Highest Figure
2.2.3	Number of older persons accessing Community Based Care and Support Services in Non- Funded Facilities.	327	327	327	327	327	Non-cumulative Highest Figure

2024/25 LOCAL SERVICE OFFICE TARGETS: SERVICES TO OLDER PERSONS

	DUTPUT INDICATORS	ENOCH MGIJIMA LSO	INXUBA YETHEMBA LSO	INTSIKA YETHU LSO	EMALAHLENI LSO	SAKHISIZWE LSO	DR AB XUMA LSO	2024/25 DISTRICT APP TARGET	CALCULATION TYPE
2.2.1	Number of older persons accessing Residential Facilities	121	75	-	42	-	-	238	
	Q1	121	75	-	42	-	-	238	Non-cumulative
	Q2	121	75	-	42	-	-	238	highest figure
	Q3	121	75	-	42	-	-	238	
	Q4	121	75	-	42	-		238	
2.2.2	Number of older persons accessing Community Based Care and Support Services	356	142	239	696	346	321	2 100	Non avendative
	Q1	356	142	239	696	346	321	2 100	Non-cumulative highest figure
	Q2	356	142	239	696	346	321	2 100	
	Q3	356	142	239	696	346	321	2 100	
	Q4	356	142	239	696	346	321	2 100	
2.2.3	Number of older persons accessing Community Based Care and Support Services in Non- Funded Facilities	-		77	150	38	62	327	Non-cumulative
	Q1	-	-	77	150	38	62	327	Highest Figure
	Q2	-	-	77	150	38	62	327	
	Q3	-	-	77	150	38	62	327	
	Q4	-	-	77	150	38	62	327	

2024/25 TARGET DISTRIBUTION PER SUB-PROGRAMME

The Table below depicts the contribution made by the funded NPOs and Departmental Social Service Practitioners in the implementation of sub-programme Performance Indicators:

PEFORMANCE INDICATOR	2024/25 ANNUAL TARGETS:								
	SOCIAL	BY DSD SERVICE FIONERS	COMBINEI BY FUND		TOTAL ANNUAL TARGET				
	No	%	No	%					
2.2.1. Number of older persons accessing Residential Facilities.	-		238		238				
2.2.2. Number of older persons accessing Community Based Care and Support Services.	-		2 100		2 100				
2.2.3. Number of older persons accessing Community Based Care and Support Services in Non -Funded Facilities.	-		327		327				

The Programme provides services that facilitate the promotion of the social well-being and the socio-economic empowerment of Persons with disabilities through provision of intervention programmes and services as well as capacity building and support.

Implementation of Community Based Rehabilitation services and advocacy within a rights-based approach around developmental programmes as well as access to services will contribute positively to their participation within the community.

OUTCOMES, OUTPUTS, PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND TARGETS: PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES

Outcome	Outputs	Output	Audited	/Actual Pe	rformance	Estimated	Medium-term Targets		
Indicator		Indicators	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	Performance 2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27
OUTCOME		niversal access	to Develo	pmental S	Social Welf	are Service			•
	Persons with disabilities accessing Residential Facilities	2.3.1 Number of Persons with disabilities accessing Residential Facilities	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
nalized	disabilities accessing	2.3.2 Number of Persons with disabilities accessing services in Protective Workshops	133	127	127	127	127	127	127
oups and margi	Persons accessing Community Based Rehabilitation Services	2.3.3 Number of Persons accessing Community Based Rehabilitation Services	273	767	767	1 805	1 805	1 805	1 805
Improved well-being of vulnerable groups and marginalized	Families caring for children and adults with disabilities who have access to a well-defined basket of social support services	2.3.4 Number of families caring for children and adults with disabilities who have access to a well-defined basket of social support services		-		50	50	50	50
	Number of persons with disabilities receiving personal assistance services support	2.3.5 Number of persons with disabilities receiving personal assistance services support	-	-	-	30	22	22	22

QUARTERLY TARGETS: SERVICES TO PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES

	Output Indicators	Annual		Quarterly	/ Targets		Calculation Type
		Target 2024/25	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	
2.3.1	Number of persons with disabilities accessing Residential Facilities	36	36	36	36	36	Non-Cumulative Highest Figure
2.3.2	Number of persons with disabilities accessing services in Protective Workshops	127	127	127	127	127	Non-Cumulative Highest Figure
2.3.3	Number of Persons accessing Community Based Rehabilitation Services	1 805	430	449	496	430	Cumulative year end
2.3.4	Number of families caring for children and adults with disabilities who have access to a well-defined basket of social support services	50	08	18	16	08	Cumulative year-end
	Number of persons with disabilities receiving personal assistance services support	22	1	7	9	5	Cumulative year-end

2024/25 LOCAL SERVICE OFFICE TARGETS: SERVICES TO PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES

	OUTPUT INDICATORS	ENOCH MGIJIMA LSO	INXUBA YETHEMBA LSO	INTSIKA YETHU LSO	EMALAHLENI LSO	SAKHISIZWE LSO	DR AB XUMA LSO	2024/25 DISTRICT APP TARGET	CALCULATION TYPE
2.3.1	Number of persons with disabilities accessing Residential Facilities	-	-	36	-	-	-	36	
	Q1	-	-	36	-	-	-	36	Non-cumulative
	Q2	-	-	36	-	-	-	36	highest figure
	Q3	-	-	36	-	-	-	36	
	Q4	-	-	36	-	-	-	36	
2.3.2	Number of persons with disabilities accessing services in Protective Workshops	102	-		25	-	-	127	
	Q1	102	-	-	25	-	-	127	Non-cumulative
	Q2	102	-	-	25	-	-	127	highest figure
	Q3	102	-	-	25	-	-	127	
	Q4	102	-	-	25	-	-	127	
2.3.3	Number of Persons accessing Community Based Rehabilitation Services	760	190	190	285	190	190	1 805	
	Q1	184	47	49	70	40	40	430	Cumulative
	Q2	192	48	49	80	40	40	449	year end
	Q3	200	48	48	80	60	60	496	
	Q4	184	47	44	55	50	50	430	
2.3.4	Number of families caring for children and adults with disabilities who have access to a well-defined basket of social support services	20	5	4	6	5	10	50	Cumulative
	Q1	5	1	1	-	-	1	8	year end
	Q2	7	1	1	3	2	4	18	
	Q3	4	2	1	3	3	3	16	
	Q4	4	1	1	-		2	08	

	OUTPUT INDICATORS	ENOCH MGIJIMA LSO	INXUBA YETHEMBA LSO	INTSIKA YETHU LSO	EMALAHLENI LSO	SAKHISIZWE LSO	DR AB XUMA LSO	2024/25 DISTRICT APP TARGET	CALCULATION TYPE
2.3.5	Number of persons with disabilities receiving personal assistance services support	4	5	2	6	2	3	22	
	Q1	0	1	-	-	-	-	1	Cumulative
	Q2	1	2	1	2	-	1	7	year end
	Q3	2	1	1	3	1	1	9	
	Q4	1	1	-	1	1	1	5	

2024/25 TARGET DISTRIBUTION PER SUB-PROGRAMME

The Table below depicts the contribution made by the funded NPOs and Departmental Social Service Practitioners in the implementation of sub-programme Performance Indicators:

PEFORMANCE INDICATOR	2024/25 ANNUAL TARGETS:								
	SOCIAL	BY DSD SERVICE TIONERS	COMBINEI BY FUND	_	TOTAL ANNUAL TARGET				
	No	%	No	%					
2.3.1. Number of Persons with disabilities accessing Residential Facilities.	-		36		36				
2.3.2. Number of Persons with disabilities accessing services in Protective Workshops.	-		127		127				
2.3.3. Number of Persons accessing Community Based Rehabilitation Services.	1 747		58		1 805				
2.3.4 Number of families caring for children and adults with disabilities accessing a well-defined basket of social support services.	50		-		50				
2.3.5 Number of Persons with disabilities receiving personal assistance services support	22		-		22				

SUB PROGRAMME 2.4 HIV AND AIDS

The National Development Plan notes that in 2007, South Africa represented 0.7 percent of the World's population but accounted for 17 percent (about 5.5 Million people) of the global number of HIV infections. In the Eastern Cape specific focus is more on areas where there is high HIV prevalence as HIV has enormous strain on the capacity of families to cope with Psycho – Social and economic consequences of the illness as well as to curb new HIV infections.

Young people aged (15 -24 years) are identified as key population mostly affected by HIV and AIDS hence strengthening of Prevention Programme through social and behavior change and Psycho-social support

services. In response to this, DSD derives its mandate from the National Strategic Plan (NSP) for HIV&AIDS, TB and STI's 2017-2022 which acknowledges that HIV&AIDS is not only a health issue, but a developmental issue, hence the combination approach. In the next financial year focus will also be on Key populations that have not been key in the Programme i.e. Sex Workers, Older Persons, Persons with disabilities, Lesbian, Gay, Bi-sexual, Transgender, Inter-sexual, Queer, Asexual plus (LGBTIQA+'s) and Families experiencing Gender Based Violence which will have an effect on the Programme target population.

OUTCOMES, OUTPUTS, PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND TARGETS: HIV AND AIDS

Outcome	Outputs	Output Indicators	Audited/	Actual Perf	ormance	Estimated	Mediu	ım-term Ta	argets
Indicator			2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	Performance 2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27
OUTCOME 1	TCOME 1: Increased universal access to Developmental Social Welfare Services								
ell-being of vulnerable and marginalized	trained on Social and Behavior	2.4.1 Number of implementers trained on Social and Behavior Change Programmes	140	137	137	313	313	313	313
Improved well-being of vulnerable groups and marginalized	Beneficiaries reached through Social and Behavior Change Programmes		4 992	5 353	5 353	8 180	10 280	10 280	10 280
Enhanced coping mechanism for people experiencing social distress	Beneficiaries receiving Psychosocial Support Services	2.4.3 Number of beneficiaries receiving Psychosocial Support Services	7 557	8 334	8 334	8 334	8 749	8 749	8 749

QUARTERLY TARGETS: HIV AND AIDS

	Output Indicators	Annual		Quar	terly Targe	ts	Calculation
		Target 2024/25	1 st	2 nd	3 rd	4 th	Туре
2.4.1	Number of implementers trained on Social and Behaviour Change Programmes	313	62	113	103	35	Cumulative Year end
2.4.2	Number of beneficiaries reached through Social and Behavior Change Programmes	10 280	2 105	2 505	3 163	2 507	Cumulative Year end
2.4.3	Number of beneficiaries receiving Psychosocial Support Services	8 749	1 977	2 454	2 057	2 261	Cumulative Year end

2024/25 SERVICE OFFICE QUARTERLY TARGETS: HIV AND AIDS

C	OUTPUT INDICATORS	ENOCH MGIJIMA LSO	INXUBA YETHEMBA LSO	INTSIKA YETHU LSO	EMALAHLENI LSO	SAKHISIZWE LSO	DR AB XUMA LSO	2024/25 DISTRICT APP TARGET	CALCULATION TYPE
2.4.1	Number of implementers trained on Social and Behaviour Change Programmes	67	47	46	56	42	55	313	Cumulative
	Q1	13	23	11	7	8	-	62	Year end
	Q2	23	24	16	21	9	20	113	
	Q3	21	-	19	18	10	35	103	
	Q4	10	-	-	10	15	-	35	
2.4.2	Number of beneficiaries reached through Social and Behavior Change Programmes	1 917	1 413	1 100	2 350	2 000	1 500	10 280	Cumulative
	Q1	477	353	275	300	400	300	2 105	Year end
	Q2	477	353	275	600	350	450	2 505	
	Q3	483	355	275	700	900	450	3 163	
	Q4	480	352	275	750	350	300	2 507	
2.4.3	Number of beneficiaries receiving Psychosocial Support Services	2 319	1 300	1 000	1 550	1 580	1 000	8 749	
	Q1	618	324	251	300	334	150	1 977	Cumulative
	Q2	622	324	251	450	457	350	2 454	Year end
	Q3	451	325	249	350	382	300	2 057	
	Q4	628	327	249	450	407	200	2 261	

2024/25 TARGET DISTRIBUTION PER SUB-PROGRAMME

The Table below depicts the contribution made by the funded NPOs and Departmental Social Service Practitioners in the implementation of sub-programme Performance Indicators:

PEFORMANCE INDICATOR	2024/25 ANNUAL TARGETS:								
	SOCIAL	BY DSD SERVICE TIONERS	TARG	BINED ET BY D NPOs	TOTAL ANNUAL TARGET				
	No	%	No	%					
2.4.1. Number of implementers trained on Social and Behaviour Change Programmes.	183		130		313				
2.4.2. Number of beneficiaries reached through Social and Behavior Change Programmes.	3 000		7 280		10 280				
2.4.3. Number of beneficiaries receiving Psychosocial Support Services.	4749		4 000		8 749				

SUB PROGRAMME 2.5 SOCIAL RELIEF

The Department is mandated by the Social Assistance Act to develop a safety net for individuals, families and communities in difficult circumstances and to respond to situations of disaster declared and undeclared. This the Department does in collaboration with South African Social Security Agency (SASSA) as the Department Agency. The services are aimed at the eligible poor and vulnerable and can be offered in the form of counseling and material aid (uniform, clothing, food parcels etc.). The unit cost of intervention per beneficiary is based on the pronouncement of the increase or decrease of the Old Age Social Grant as

pronounced by the Minister of Finance annually which impacts on reaching out to more beneficiaries sometimes due to budget limitations.

The Department will further contribute to the Integrated School Health Programme in ensuring that indigent learners from Quintile 1,2 &3 schools receive material support in partnership with Department of Education and Department of Health. The Department will further ensure that these services are more biased towards Anti-Poverty sites.

OUTCOMES, OUTPUTS, PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND TARGETS: SOCIAL RELIEF

Outcome	Outputs	Output	Audited/	Actual Per	formance	Estimated	Medi	um-term	Targets
Indicator		Indicators	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	Performance 2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27
OUTCOME 1	l: Increased un	iversal access to	Developme	ntal Social	Welfare S	ervice			
coping mechanism for experiencing social distress	Beneficiaries who benefited from DSD Social Relief Programmes	2.5.1 Number of beneficiaries who benefited from DSD Social Relief Programmes	12 391	579	579	608	623	623	623
Enhanced coping me people experienc distress	Leaners who benefited through Integrated School Health Programme	2.5.2 Number of leaners who benefited through Integrated School Health Programmes	4 131	7 523	7 523	10 023	11 693	11 693	11 693

SERVICE QUARTERLY TARGETS: SOCIAL RELIEF

	Output Indicators	Annual		Quarterly Ta	rgets		Calculation
		Target 2024/25	1st	2nd	3rd	4 th	Туре
2.5.1	Number of beneficiaries who benefited from DSD Social Relief Programmes	623	50	256	251	66	Cumulative year end
2.5.2	Number of leaners who benefited through Integrated School Health Programmes	11 693	-	6 960	4 733	-	Cumulative year end

2024/25 LOCAL SERVICE OFFICE TARGETS: SOCIAL RELIEF

O	UTPUT INDICATORS	ENOCH MGIJIMA LSO	INXUBA YETHEMBA LSO	INTSIKA YETHU LSO	EMALAHLENI LSO	SAKHISIZWE LSO	DR AB XUMA LSO	2024/25 DISTRICT APP TARGET	CALCULATION TYPE
2.5.1	Number of beneficiaries who benefited from DSD Social Relief Programmes		66	124	124	61	124	623	
	Q1	17	8	6	6	7	6	50	Cumulative
	Q2	45	15	60	56	35	45	256	Year end
	Q3	49	30	48	52	9	63	251	
	Q4	13	13	10	10	10	10	66	
	Number of leaners who benefited through Integrated School Health Programme	2 044	1 060	2 111	1 842	1 565	2 174	11 693	Curryletive
	Q1		-	-	-	-	-	-	Cumulative year end
	Q2	1 500	760	1 200	1 000	1 000	1 500	6 960	,
	Q3	1 441	300	911	842	565	674	4 733	
	Q4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

2024/25 TARGET DISTRIBUTION PER SUB-PROGRAMME

The Table below depicts the contribution made by the funded NPOs and Departmental Social Service Practitioners in the implementation of sub-programme Performance Indicators:

PEFORMANCE INDICATOR	2024/25 ANNUAL TARGETS:							
	SOCIAL	BY DSD SERVICE TIONERS	TARG	BINED ET BY D NPOs	TOTAL ANNUAL TARGET			
	No % No %							
2.5.1. Number of beneficiaries who benefited from DSD Social Relief Programmes.	623		-		623			
2.5.2. Number of leaners who benefitted through Integrated School Health Programmes.	11 693		-		11 693			

PROGRAMME TWO RESOURCE CONSIDERATIONS

Reconciling performance targets with the Budget and Expenditure estimates

Chris Hani District	Budget (R'000)
Sub-programmes	2024/25
Management and Support	11 013
Services to Older Persons	27 245
Services to Persons with Disabilities	7 291
HIV and AIDS	12 956
Social Relief	3 661
Total	62 166
Compensation of employees	40 319
Goods and services	104
Transfers and subsidies	21 742
Payments for capital assets	-
Payments for financial assets	-
Total economic classification	62 166

Programme 3

PROGRAMME PURPOSE

To provide comprehensive child and family care and support services to communities in partnership with stakeholders and Civil Society Organisations. There is no change in the programme structure.

Programme	Sub-programme	Sub-programme Purpose
	3.1 Management and Support	Provide administration for programme staff and coordinates professional development and ethics, provision of tools of trade for management and support staff providing services across all sub- programmes of this programme.
Ø	3.2 Care and Support Services to Families	Programmes and services (interventions, governance, financial and management support) to promote functional families and to prevent vulnerability in families
	3.3 Child Care and Protection Services	Design and implement integrated programmes and services (interventions, evidence-based management and information support, human resource development and capacity building) that provide for the development, care and protection of the rights of children
CHILDREN AND FAMILIES	3.4 Partial Care Services	Provide reception, protection, development and partial care to children on behalf of their parents or caregivers for a temporary period during the day and could include overnight. Develop Provincial Partial Care Strategy and profile for Partial Care as enshrined in the Children's Act No 38 of 2005 Registration and Monitoring of partial care facilities (private school hostels, temporary respite care referred to as special day care centres and after-school care) to ensure compliance with norms and standards.
ဗ	3.5 Child and Youth Care Centres	Provide alternative care and support to vulnerable children through Governance (Registration, funding, monitoring and evaluation of CYCC, Drop-in-Centres) and Capacity building (training of all relevant stakeholders on the Children's Act)
	3.6 Community-Based Care Services for children	Provide protection, care and support to vulnerable children in communities Including services to children with disabilities, child headed households, Children living and working on the Streets, Children accessing Drop in Centre services, Orphans and vulnerable children (due to other various reasons), Registration of children in Child Headed Households, Public awareness and education on OVCs & services available and ISIBINDI Community-based care model

SUB PROGRAMME 3.1 MANAGEMENT & SUPPORT

The sub-programmes is driven by the Chief Director: Social Welfare Services, it provides administration for Programme three staff and coordinates professional development and ethics across all sub-programmes of this programme. Plans and reports of the programme are also coordinated by the sub-programme.

OUTCOMES, OUTPUTS, PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND TARGETS: MANAGEMENT & SUPPORT

Outcome	Outputs	Output	Audited/	Actual Perf	formance	Estimated	Medium-term Targets		
Indicator		Indicators	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	Performance 2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27
OUTCOME	3: Functional,	reliable, effici	ent & econ	omically via	able familie	S			
Reduction in families at risk	services coordinated	3.1.1 Number of support services coordinated							
Increase in functional and restored families			20	20	20	20	36	36	36

SERVICE QUARTERLY TARGETS: MANAGEMENT AND SUPPORT

Output Indicators		Annual		Calculation			
		Target 2024/25	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	Туре
3.1.1	Number of support services coordinated	36	8	10	8	10	Cumulative year end

SUB PROGRAMME 3.2 CARE AND SERVICES TO FAMILIES

The Department renders programmes and services that promote stable, healthy, resilient and well functional families and prevent vulnerability in families. The Department intervenes by intensifying Family

Preservation, Fatherhood and parenting programmes with a special focus on implementing the Strategy for Teenage Parents to vulnerable groups.

OUTCOMES, OUTPUTS, PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND TARGETS: CARE AND SERVICES TO FAMILIES

	come	Outputs	Output	Audited/	Actual Pe	rformance	Estimated	Medi	um-term Ta	rgets
Ind	Indicator		Indicators		2021/22	2022/23	Performance 2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27
OUT	COME	3: Functiona	l, reliable, efficient	& econom	ically viab	le families				
es at risk	estored	members participating in Family Preservation	Family		1 035	1 223	1 223	1 620	1 800	2 000
Reduction in families at risk	functio famili	Family members re- united with their families	re- united with	85	85	74	74	52	65	70
Reduct	Increas	members participating in parenting			1 030	1 165	1 165	1 740	1 750	1 850

QUARTERLY TARGETS: CARE AND SUPPORT SERVICES TO FAMILIES

	Output Indicators			Quarterl	Calculation		
			1st	2nd	3rd	4th	Туре
3.2.1	Number of family members participating in Family Preservation service	1 620	396	482	420	322	Cumulative year end
3.2.2	Number of family members re-united with their families	52	7	11	21	13	Cumulative year end
3.2.3	Number of family members participating in parenting Programmes.	1 740	498	423	433	386	Cumulative year end

2024/25 LOCAL SERVICE OFFICE TARGETS: CARE AND SUPPORT SERVICES TO FAMILIES

	OUTPUT INDICATORS	ENOCH MGIJIMA LSO	INXUBA YETHEMBA LSO	INTSIKA YETHU LSO	EMALAHLENI LSO	SAKHISIZWE LSO	DR AB XUMA LSO	2024/25 DISTRICT APP TARGET	CALCULATION TYPE
3.2.1	Number of family members participating in Family Preservation service	370	350	200	300	150	250	1 620	
	Q1	73	118	40	70	30	65	396	Cumulative
	Q2	119	93	50	120	40	60	482	year end
	Q3	122	83	60	40	50	65	420	
	Q4	56	56	50	70	30	60	322	
3.2.2	Number of family members re- united with their families	26	4	4	7	6	5	52	
	Q1	5	0	0	0	1	1	7	Cumulative
	Q2	6	0	1	2	1	1	11	year end
	Q3	10	2	2	2	2	3	21	
	Q4	5	2	1	3	2	0	13	
3.2.3	Number of family members participating in parenting Programmes	580	190	300	300	120	250	1 740	
	Q1	140	43	100	120	30	65	498	Cumulative
	Q2	160	53	50	70	30	60	423	year end
	Q3	150	48	100	40	30	65	433	
	Q4	130	46	50	70	30	60	386	

2024/25 TARGET DISTRIBUTION PER SUB-PROGRAMME

The Table below depicts the contribution made by the funded NPOs and Departmental Social Service Practitioners in the implementation of sub-programme Performance Indicators:

PEFORMANCE INDICATOR	2024/25 ANNUAL TARGETS:							
	TARGET BY DSD SOCIAL SERVICE PRACTITIONERS		COMBINED TARGET BY FUNDED NPOs		TOTAL ANNUAL TARGET			
	No	%	No	%				
3.2.1 Number of family members participating in Family Preservation service.	1 315		305		1 620			
3.2.2 Number of family members re-united with their families.	52		0		52			
3.2.3 Number of family members participating in parenting Programmes.	1 310		430		1 740			

SUB PROGRAMME 3.3 CHILD CARE AND PROTECTION

The primary focus of this programme is care and protection of children against Violence, Child Abuse, Neglect and Exploitation (VCANE). This is undertaken through provision of Community Based Prevention and Early Intervention Services to support Vulnerable Children in communities. It also ensures provision of Therapeutic, Psychological, Rehabilitative services as well as Alternative Care Services for children found to be in need of care and protection through Temporary Safe Care, Foster Care, Child and Youth Care Centres including Adoption Services for those requiring permanency.

Child Care and Protection is a highly legislated terrain, rooted on both the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, Act No. 108 of 1996 and the Children's Act 38 of 2005 as amended. The Programme needs to ensure compliance to legislation/professional

standards/service standards to avoid litigation. This requires design and implementation of integrated programmes and services (interventions, evidence-based management and information support, human resource development and capacity building) that provide for the development, care and protection of the rights of children. Full and effective implementation of the Children's Act 38 of 2005 as amended remains our biggest challenge.

The sector paradigm shift for provision of Child Protection Services emphasizes a shift from statutory services to Prevention and Early Intervention Programmes to ensure that abuse is prevented before it occurs, identified early enough, avoid children from getting deeper into the system and that all children are prepared for every stage of life in line with the life cycle approach.

OUTCOMES, OUTPUTS, PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND TARGETS: CHILD CARE AND PROTECTION

Outcome Indicator	Outputs	Output Indicators	Audited/A	ctual Perf	ormance	Estimated performance	Mediun	n-term Ta	rgets		
			2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26		
OUTCOME	1: Increased universal access to Developmental Social Welfare Services										
pez	Reported cases of child abuse	3.3.1 Number of reported cases of child abuse	206	165	170	137	148	149	162		
marginali	Children with valid foster care orders.	3.3.2 Number of children with valid foster care orders.	4 691	4 353	11 072	8 571	7 880	7 260	8 620		
oups and r	Children placed in foster care	3.3.3 Number of children placed in foster care.	500	463	354	302	287	194	301		
Ilnerable gro	Children in foster care re- unified with their families.	3.3.4 Number of children in foster care re-unified with their families.	0	NEW	52	44	3	4	16		
Improved well-being of vulnerable groups and marginalized	People accessing funded Prevention and Early Intervention Programmes	3.3.5. Number of people accessing Prevention and Early Intervention Programmes (PEIP)	1 700	1 565	2 753	7	2 395	2 535	2 386		
Improv	Children recommended for adoption	3.3.6 Number of children recommended for adoption	3	5	11	137	3	4	13		

QUARTERLY TARGETS: CHILD CARE AND PROTECTION

	Output Indicators			Calculation Type			
		target 2024/25	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	Турс
3.3.1	Number of reported cases of child abuse	149	40	36	42	31	Cumulative year end
3.3.2	Number of children with valid foster care orders.	7 260	6 986	7 045	7 110	7 260	Non-cumulative highest figure
3.3.3	Number of children placed in foster care.	194	51	54	47	42	Cumulative year end
3.3.4	Number of children in foster care re-unified with their families.	4	0	0	4	0	Cumulative year end
3.3.5	Number of people accessing Prevention and Early Intervention Programmes (PEIP)	2 535	930	585	510	510	Cumulative year end
3.3.6	Number of children recommended for adoption	4	0	1	2	1	Cumulative year end

2024/25 LOCAL SERVICE OFFICE TARGETS: CARE AND SUPPORT SERVICES TO FAMILIES

	OUTPUT INDICATORS	ENOCH MGIJIMA LSO	INXUBA YETHEMBA LSO	INTSIKA YETHU LSO	EMALAHLENI LSO	SAKHISIZWE LSO	ENGCOBO LSO	2023/24 DISTRICT APP TARGET	CALCULATION TYPE		
3.3.1	Number of reported cases of child abuse	45	24	23	20	31	6	149			
	Q1	14	6	5	4	7	4	40	Cumulative year end		
	Q2	11	6	5	6	8	0	36	your ond		
	Q3	13	6	7	6	8	2	42			
	Q4	7	6	6	4	8	0	31			
3.3.2	Number of children with valid foster care orders	2 256	670	971	786	1 247	1 330	7 260			
	Q1	2 213	639	943	735	1 230	1 226	6 986	Cumulative		
	Q2	2227	648	949	750	1232	1239	7 045	year to date		
	Q3	2240	654	956	763	1236	1261	7 110			
	Q4	2256	670	971	786	1247	1330	7 260			
3.3.3	Number of children placed in foster care	50	25	27	56	16	20	194			
	Q1	14	7	7	12	5	6	51	Cumulative		
	Q2	14	7	6	17	4	6	54	year end		
	Q3	14	6	6	14	3	4	47			
	Q4	8	5	8	13	4	4	42			
.3.4	Number of children in foster care re-unified with their families	3	1	0	0	0	0	4			
	Q1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Cumulative		
	Q2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	year end		
	Q3	3	1	0	0	0	0	4			
	Q4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
3.3.5	Number of people accessing Prevention and Early Intervention Programmes	620	670	400	340	405	100	2 535			
	(PEIP)		_				_		Cumulative		
	Q1	295	250	100	130	130	25	930	year end		
	Q2	135	155	125	50	95	25	585	, car ona		
	Q3	60	195	100	50	80	25	510			
	Q4	130	70	75	110	100	25	510			

	OUTPUT INDICATORS	INOCH MGIJIMA LSO	INXUBA YETHEMBA LSO	INTSIKA YETHU LSO	EMALAHLENI LSO	SAKHISIZWE LSO	ENGCOBO LSO	2023/24 DISTRICT APP TARGET	CALCULATION TYPE
3.3.6	Number of children recommended for adoption	1	1	0	0	1	1	4	
	Q1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Cumulative
	Q2	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	year end
	Q3	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	
	Q4	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	

SUB PROGRAMME 3.4 PARTIAL CARE SERVICES

The primary focus of the sub-programme is to provide reception, protection, development and partial care to children on behalf of their parents or caregivers for a temporary period during the day and could include overnight. Develop Provincial Partial Care Strategy and profile for Partial Care as enshrined in the Children's Act No 38 of 2005. Registration and Monitoring of partial care facilities (private school hostels, temporary respite care referred to as special day care centres and after-school care) to ensure compliance with norms and standards.

The programme also focuses more on prioritizing and

providing care for children with disabilities, which are those children with cognitive impairments, hearing impairments, deafness, speech or language impairments, blindness, deaf-blindness, serious emotional disturbance, orthopedic impairments, severe or multiple disabilities, autism, traumatic brain injury, developmental delay, or specific learning disabilities and who by reason of qualifying disability require special education and care. The rationale for target setting is to ensure that Partial Care Facilities meet the expected levels of performance and remain meet the compliance standards to ensure that children are protected.

OUTCOMES, OUTPUTS, PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND TARGETS: PARTIAL CARE SERVICES

Outcome	Outputs	Output Indicators	Audited/A	ctual Per	formance	Estimated	Medium-term Targets		
Indicator			2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	Performance 2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27
OUTCOME	1: Increased un	iversal access to D	evelopmen	tal Social	Welfare Se	ervices			
ilnerable zed	partial care facilities	3.4.1 Number of newly registered partial care facilities	-	-	18	10	9	12	15
ell-being of and margir	registered partial	3.4.2 Number of children accessing newly registered partial care facilities	-	-	218	150	116	150	200
Improved we groups	funded Special	3.4.3 Number of Children benefiting from funded Special Day Centres	-	-	90	102	102	102	102

QUARTERLY TARGETS: PARTIAL CARE SERVICES

	Output Indicators	Annual		Quarter	rly Targets		Calculation
		Target 2024/25	1 st	2nd	3rd	4th	Туре
3.4.1	Number of newly registered partial care facilities	9	1	3	4	1	Cumulative year-end
3.4.2	Number of children accessing newly registered partial care facilities	116	15	37	49	15	Cumulative year-end
3.4.3	Number of Children benefiting from funded Special Day Centres	102	102	102	102	102	Non-cumulative highest figure

2024/25 LOCAL SERVICE OFFICE TARGETS: PARTIAL CARE SERVICES

C	DUTPUT INDICATORS	ENOCH MGIJIMA LSO	INXUBA YETHEMBA LSO	INTSIKA YETHU LSO	EMALAHLENI LSO	SAKHISIZWE LSO	DR AB XUMA LSO	2024/25 DISTRICT APP TARGET	CALCULATION TYPE
3.4.1	Number of newly registered partial care facilities	2	2	2	1	0	2	9	
	Q1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	Cumulative
	Q2	0	1	1	0	0	1	3	Year end
	Q3	1	1	0	1	0	1	4	
	Q4	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	
3.4.2	Number of children accessing newly registered partial care facilities	31	25	30	6	0	24	116	
	Q1	15	0	0	0	0	0	15	Cumulative Year end
	Q2	0	10	15	0	0	12	37	
	Q3	16	15	0	6	0	12	49	
	Q4	0	0	15	0	0	0	15	
3.4.3	Number of Children benefiting from funded Special Day Centres	46	34	0	14	8	0	102	
	Q1	46	34	0	14	8	0	102	Non-cumulative
	Q2	46	34	0	14	8	0	102	highest figure
	Q3	46	34	0	14	8	0	102	
	Q4	46	34	0	14	8	0	102	

2024/25 TARGET DISTRIBUTION PER SUB-PROGRAMME

The Table below depicts the contribution made by the funded NPOs and Departmental Social Service Practitioners in the implementation of sub-programme Performance Indicators:

PEFORMANCE INDICATOR	2024/25 ANNUAL TARGETS:							
	SOCIAL	BY DSD SERVICE FIONERS	COME TARG FUNDE	ET BY	TOTAL ANNUAL TARGET			
	No	%	No	%				
3.4.1 Number of newly registered partial care facilities	9		0		9			
3.4.2 Number of children accessing newly registered partial care facilities	116		0		116			
3.4.3 Number of children benefiting from funded Special Day Care Centres	102		0		102			

SUB PROGRAMME 3.5 CHILD AND YOUTH CARE CENTRES (CYCC)

The sub-programme provides residential care services and support to vulnerable children through governance (registration, funding, monitoring and evaluation of Child and Youth Care Centres) and capacity building of all relevant stakeholders in the children's Act. Slow progress in reunification services for children in residential care Centres due to limited resources for case managers (external Social workers from Department of Social Development (DSD) and Child Protection Organizations).

The target and counting in this indicator also include children placed in state owned CYCCs, underperformance is viewed as positive deviation in line with the sector Paradigm shift that enforces CYCCs as the less preferred alternative care option, promoting family-based approach as opposed to institutionalization of children.

OUTCOMES, OUTPUTS, PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND TARGETS: CHILD AND YOUTH CARE CENTRES

Outcome	Outputs	Output	Audited	d/Actual Pe	erformance	Estimated	Mediu	ım-term Tar	gets	
Indicator		Indicators	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	Performance 2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	
OUTCOME 1: Increased universal access to Developmental Social Welfare Services										
sll-being of vulnerable groups and marginalized	in need of care and protection accessing services in funded Child and	3.5.1 Number of children in need of care and protection accessing services in funded Child and Youth Care Centres	85	70	68	64	64	62	62	
Improved well-being of and margin	in CYCCs re-unified with their	3.5.2 Number of children in CYCCs re-unified with their families	-	15	11	21	5	30	30	

QUARTERLY TARGETS: CHILD AND YOUTH CARE CENTRES

	Output Indicators			Quarter	Calculation Type		
		Target 2023/24	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	
3.5.1	Number of children in need of care and protection accessing services in funded Child and Youth Care Centres	64	64	64	64	64	Non-Cumulative highest figure
3.5.2	Number of children in CYCCs re-unified with their families	5	0	0	4	1	Cumulative year end

2023/24 LOCAL SERVICE OFFICE TARGETS: CHILD AND YOUTH CARE CENTRES

	OUTPUT INDICATORS	ENOCH MGIJIMA LSO	INXUBA YETHEMBA LSO	INTSIKA YETHU LSO	EMALAHLENI LSO	SAKHISIZWE LSO	ENGCOBO LSO	2023/24 DISTRICT APP TARGET	CALCULATION TYPE
3.5.1	Number of children in need of care and protection accessing services in funded Child and Youth Care Centres	30	34	0	0	0	0	64	Non oursulative
	Q1	30	34	0	0	0	0	64	Non-cumulative highest figure
	Q2	30	34	0	0	0	0	64	
	Q3	30	34	0	0	0	0	64	
	Q4	30	34	0	0	0	0	64	
3.5.2	Number of children in CYCCs re-unified with their families	3	2	0	0	0	0	5	
	Q1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Cumulative
	Q2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Year end
	Q3	3	1	0	0	0	0	4	
	Q4	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	

SUB PROGRAMME 3.6 COMMUNITY BASED CARE SERVICES FOR CHILDREN

Provide protection, care and support to vulnerable children in communities including services to children with disabilities (child headed household) children living and working on the street. This is undertaken through provision of Community Based Prevention and Early Intervention Services to support Vulnerable

Children in communities former "Isibindi" model and Drop-In Centres as an implementation mechanism. Target has not increased as there is no additional budget as this service is delivered through funded organizations implementing former Isibindi model and Drop-In Centres as provided for in the Children's Act 38 of 2005 as amended.

OUTCOMES, OUTPUTS, PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND TARGETS FOR: COMMUNITY BASED CARE SERVICES FOR CHILDREN

Outcome	Outputs	Output	Audited/	Actual Perf	ormance	Estimated	Medium-Term Target					
Indicator		Indicators	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	Performance 2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27			
OUTCOME 2: I	OUTCOME 2: Inclusive, responsive & comprehensive social protection system for sustainable and self-reliant communities											
Enhanced social cohesion	reached through community- based Prevention and Early Intervention Programmes	3.6.1 Number of Children reached through community-based Prevention and Early Intervention Programmes	4 695	5 115	6 417	4 530	3 500	6 675	6 680			

QUARTERLY TARGETS: COMMUNITY BASED CARE SERVICES FOR CHILDREN

	Output Indicators		Quarterly Targets			ts	Calculation
		Target 2024/25	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	Туре
3.6.1	Number of Children reached through community-based Prevention and Early Intervention Programmes	3 500	2 915	3 217	3 304	3 500	Cumulative year to date

2023/24 LOCAL SERVICE OFFICE TARGETS: COMMUNITY BASED CARE SERVICES FOR CHILDREN

	OUTPUT INDICATORS	INOCH MGIJIMA LSO	INXUBA YETHEMBA LSO	INTSIKA YETHU LSO	EMALAHLENI LSO	SAKHISIZWE LSO	ENGCOBO LSO	2023/24 DISTRICT APP TARGET	CALCULATION TYPE
3.6.1	Number of Children reached through community-based Prevention and Early Intervention Programmes		0	30	0	2 000	0	3 500	Currylativa
	Q1	940	0	25	0	1 950	0	2 915	Cumulative Year to date
	Q2	1 220	0	27	0	1 970	0	3 217	
	Q3	1 290	0	29	0	1 985	0	3 304	
	Q4	1 470	0	30	0	2 000	0	3 500	

PROGRAMME THREE RESOURCE CONSIDERATIONS

Reconciling performance targets with the Budget and Expenditure estimates

Chris Hani District	Budget (R'000)
Sub-programmes	2024/25
Management and Support	4 872
Care and Services to Families	16 668
Child Care and Protection	45 353
ECD and Partial Care	12 000
Child and Youth Care Centers	12 983
Community - Based Care Services for children	10 303
Total	102 180
Compensation of employees	86 709
Goods and services	106
Transfers and subsidies	15 365
Payments for capital assets	-
Payments for financial assets	-
Total economic classification	102 180

Programme 4

PROGRAMME 4: RESTORATIVE SERVICES

PURPOSE

To provide integrated developmental social crime prevention, anti-substance abuse services and victim empowerment and support services to the most

vulnerable in partnership with stakeholders and Civil Society Organisations. There is no change in the programme structure.

Programme	Sub-programme	Sub-programme Purpose
Ø	4.1 Management and support	Provide administration for programme staff and coordinates professional development and ethics, provision of tools of trade for management and support staff providing services across all subprogrammes of this programme
SERVICES	4.2 Crime Prevention and support	Develop and implement social crime prevention programmes and provide probation services targeting children, youth and adult offenders and victims within the criminal justice process
ORATIVE S	4.3 Victim empowerment	Design and implement integrated programmes and services (interventions, financial and management support, policy and legislation and governance) t support, care and empower victims of violence and crime in particular women and children
4. RESTC	4.4 Substance Abuse, Prevention and Rehabilitation	Design and implement integrated services (prevention governance, establishment of support structures stakeholder management and capacity building) support for substance abuse, prevention, treatment and rehabilitation

SUB PROGRAMME 4.1 MANAGEMENT AND SUPPORT

The sub-programmes provides administration for Programme staff and coordinates professional development and ethics across all sub-programmes of

this programme. Plans and reports of the programme are also coordinated by the sub-programme.

Outcome	Outputs	Output Indicators	Audited/	Actual Perf	ormance	Estimated	Med	Medium-term Targets				
Indicator			2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	Performance 2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27			
OUTCOME	JTCOME 2: Improved community development for sustainable and self-reliant communities											
Empowered sustainable and self-reliant communities		4.1.1 Number of support services coordinated	20	20	20	20	36	36	36			

QUARTERLY TARGETS: MANAGEMENT AND SUPPORT

	Output Indicators	Annual		Quarterly	Calculation			
		Target 2024/25	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	Туре	
4.1.1	Number of support services coordinated	36	8	10	8	10	Cumulative year end	

SUB PROGRAMME 4.2 CRIME PREVENTION AND SUPPORT

The sub-propgramme implements social crime prevention programmes and provide probation services targeting children, youth and adult offenders and victims within the criminal justice process.

OUTCOMES, OUTPUTS, PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND TARGETS: CRIME PREVENTION AND SUPPORT

Outcome	Outputs	Output	Audited/	Actual Perf	ormance	Estimated	Mediu	ım-term Ta	argets
Indicator		Indicators	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	Performance 2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27
OUTCOME	2: Inclusive, res	ponsive & compre	ehensive s	ocial proted	ction syste	m for sustainab	le and self	-reliant co	mmunities
and self-reliant s	persons reached through social crime prevention programmes	persons reached	-	9 250	9 445	9 445	9970	10 000	10 000
sustainable communitie	Persons in conflict with the law who completed Diversion Programmes	4.2.2 Number of persons in conflict with the law who completed Diversion Programmes	26	72	85	85	60	60	60
Empowered,	Children in conflict with the law who accessed secure care programmes	4.2.3 Number of children in conflict with the law who accessed secure care programmes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

QUARTERLY TARGETS FOR: CRIME PREVENTION AND SUPPORT

Output Indicators		Annual Target		Quarter	Calculation Type		
		2024/25	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	
4.2.1	Number of persons reached through social crime prevention programmes	9 970	2 397	2 653	2 298	2 622	Cumulative year end
4.2.2	Number of persons in conflict with the law who completed Diversion Programmes	60	06	26	46	60	Cumulative year to date
4.2.3	Number of children in conflict with the law who accessed secure care programmes	0	0	0	0	0	Cumulative year to date

2024/25 LOCAL SERVICE OFFICE TARGETS: CRIME PREVENTION AND SUPPORT

	OUTPUT INDICATORS	ENOCH MGIJIMA LSO	INXUBA YETHEMBA LSO	INTSIKA YETHU LSO	EMALAHLENI LSO	SAKHISIZWE LSO	DR AB XUMA LSO	2024/25 DISTRICT APP TARGET	CALCULATION TYPE
4.2.1	Number of persons reached through Social Crime Prevention Programmes	2 670	1 200	2 000	2 150	950	1 000	9 970	
	Q1	645	350	500	450	240	212	2 397	Cumulative
	Q2	675	400	500	500	240	338	2 653	year end
	Q3	675	250	500	400	235	238	2 298	
	Q4	675	200	500	800	235	212	2 622	
4.2.2	Number of persons in conflict with the law who completed Diversion Programmes	28	6	6	12	4	4	60	
	Q1	5	1	0	0	0	0	6	Cumulative
	Q2	13	3	2	4	2	2	26	year to date
	Q3	21	5	4	8	4	4	46	
	Q4	28	6	6	12	4	4	60	
4.2.3	Number of children in conflict with the law who accessed secure care programmes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Q1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Cumulative
	Q2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	year to date
	Q3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Q4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

2024/25 TARGET DISTRIBUTION PER SUB-PROGRAMME

The Table below depicts the contribution made by the funded NPOs and Departmental Social Service Practitioners in the implementation of sub-programme Performance Indicators:

PEFORMANCE INDICATOR	2024/25 ANNUAL TARGETS:								
	SOCIAL	BY DSD SERVICE FIONERS		D TARGET ED NPOs	TOTAL ANNUAL TARGET				
	No	%	No	%					
4.2.1 Number of persons reached through social crime prevention programmes	9 970	100	0	0	9 970				
4.2.2 Number of persons in conflict with the law who completed Diversion Programmes	60	100	0	0	60				
4.2.3 Number of children in conflict with the law who accessed secure care programmes	-		-		-				

SUB PROGRAMME 4.3 VICTIM EMPOWERMENT PROGRAMME

The Sub-Programme implements integrated victim empowerment programme providing care, support, prevention and protection services and programmes

to victims of crime and violence inclusive of victims of trafficking in persons, sexual offence and victims of hate crimes.

OUTCOMES, OUTPUTS, PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND TARGETS: VICTIM EMPOWERMENT PROGRAMME

Outcome		Output		Actual Perf		Estimated		um-term Ta	ırgets
Indicator		Indicators	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	Performance 2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27
CUTOOM					4:				.,.
OUTCOM	· · · · · · · · ·	responsive & com	prenensive	social prof	ection sys	tem for sustainal	ole and self	r-reliant co	mmunities
nunities	Victims of crime and violence accessing support services	4.3.1 Number of victims of crime and violence accessing support services	430	1 535	1 535	1 658	1 710	1 720	1 800
and self-reliant communities	Human trafficking victims who accessed social services	4.3.2 Number of human trafficking victims who accessed social services	1	3	3	2	04	05	06
Empowered, sustainable and se	Victims of Gender Based Violence, Femicide and crime who accessed sheltering services	4.3.3 Number of victims of Gender Based Violence, Femicide and crime who accessed sheltering services	148	148	148	22	22	22	22
Empowere	Persons reached through Gender Based Violence Prevention Programmes	4.3.4 Number of persons reached through Gender Based Violence Prevention Programmes	3 148	4 989	4 989	7 360	11 300	11 400	11 500

QUARTERLY TARGETS: VICTIM EMPOWERMENT

	Output Indicators	Annual		Quarter	ly Targets	;	Calculation	
			1st	2nd	3rd	4th	Туре	
4.3.1	Number of victims of crime and violence accessing support services	1 710	382	773	1 296	1 710	Cumulative year to date	
4.3.2	Number of human trafficking victims who accessed social services	04	0	02	01	01	Cumulative year end	
4.3.3	Number of victims of Gender Based Violence, Femicide and crime who accessed sheltering services	22	6	4	7	5	Cumulative year end	
4.3.4	Number of persons reached through Gender Based Violence Prevention Programmes	11 300	2 210	2 660	3 600	2 830	Cumulative year end	

2024/25 LOCAL SERVICE OFFICE TARGETS: VICTIM EMPOWERMENT

	OUTPUT INDICATORS	ENOCH MGIJIMA LSO	INXUBA YETHEMBA LSO	INTSIKA YETHU LSO	EMALAHLENI LSO	SAKHISIZWE LSO	DR AB XUMA LSO	2024/25 DISTRICT APP TARGET	CALCULATION TYPE
4.3.1	Number of victims of crime and violence accessing support services	530	80	320	180	200	400	1 710	
	Q1	92	20	80	40	53	97	382	Cumulative
	Q2	193	30	160	90	105	195	773	Year to date
	Q3	385	60	240	150	165	296	1 296	
	Q4	530	80	320	180	200	400	1 710	
4.3.2	Number of human trafficking victims who accessed social services	03	0	0	0	01	0	04	
	Q1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Cumulative
	Q2	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	year-end
	Q3	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	
	Q4	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	
4.3.3	Number of victims of Gender Based Violence, Femicide and crime who accessed sheltering services	22	0	0	0	0	0	22	
	Q1	6	0	0	0	0	0	6	Cumulative year-end
	Q2	4	0	0	0	0	0	4	year-end
	Q3	7	0	0	0	0	0	7	
	Q4	5	0	0	0	0	0	5	
4.3.4	Number of persons reached through Gender Based Violence Prevention Programmes	4 850	800	1 000	1 650	2 000	1 000	11 300	Quantitation
	Q1	740	120	250	350	500	250	2 210	Cumulative year-end
	Q2	960	250	250	350	600	250	2 660	your ond
	Q3	1 600	300	250	600	600	250	3 600	
	Q4	1 550	130	250	350	300	250	2 830	

2024/25 TARGET DISTRIBUTION PER SUB-PROGRAMME

The Table below depicts the contribution made by the funded NPOs and Departmental Social Service Practitioners in the implementation of sub-programme Performance Indicators:

PEFORMANCE INDICATOR	2024/25 ANNUAL TARGETS:							
	SOCIAL	BY DSD SERVICE FIONERS	COME TARG FUNDE		TOTAL ANNUAL TARGET			
	No	%	No	%				
4.3.1 Number of victims of crime and violence accessing Support services	1 030	58.2	680	41.8	1 710			
4.3.2 Number of human trafficking victims who accessed social services	4	100	0	0	04			
4.3.3 Number of victims of Gender Based Violence, Femicide and crime who accessed sheltering services	22	100	0	0	22			
4.3.4 Number of persons reached through integrated Gender Based Prevention Programmes	4 500	34.6	6 800	65.4	11 300			

SUB PROGRAMME 4.4 SUBSTANCE ABUSE PREVENTION AND REHABILITATION

The Sub-Programme implements integrated services (prevention governance, establishment of support structures stakeholder management and capacity

building) support for substance abuse, prevention, treatment and rehabilitation

OUTCOMES, OUTPUTS, PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND TARGETS: SUBSTANCE ABUSE PREVENTION AND REHABILITATION

Outcome	Outputs	Output	Audited	/Actual Perf	ormance	Estimated	Mediu	m-term Ta	rgets
Indicator		Indicators	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	Performance 2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27
OUTCOME 2	2: Inclusive, re	esponsive & comp	rehensive	social prot	ection syst	em for sustainab	le and self-	reliant con	nmunities
sustainable and self- communities	crime and violence	4.4.1 Number of people reached through substance abuse prevention programmes	-	9 110	9 110	9 940	10 210	10 500	10 700
Empowered, sustainable reliant communitie	who accessed Substance Use Disorder (SUD)	4.4.2 Number of service users who accessed Substance Use Disorder (SUD) treatment services	24	186	186	242	242	255	265

QUARTERLY TARGETS: SUBSTANCE ABUSE PREVENTION AND REHABILITATION

	Output Indicators			Quar	Calculation Type		
		Target 2024/25	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	
4.4.1	Number of people reached through substance abuse prevention programmes	10 210	3 195	2 360	2 330	2 325	Cumulative year end
4.4.2	Number of service users who accessed Substance Use Disorder (SUD) treatment services	242	62	123	177	242	Cumulative year to date

2024/25 LOCAL SERVICE OFFICE TARGETS: SUBSTANCE ABUSE PREVENTION AND REHABILITATION

O	UTPUT INDICATORS	ENOCH MGIJIMA LSO	INXUBA YETHEMBA LSO	INTSIKA YETHU LSO	EMALAHLENI LSO	SAKHISIZWE LSO	DR AB XUMA LSO	2024/25 DISTRICT APP TARGET	CALCULATION TYPE	
	Number of people reached through substance abuse prevention programmes	2 060	1 000	2 000	3 000	1 500	650	10 210		
	Q1	645	350	700	800	600	100	3 195	Cumulative	
	Q2	385	350	300	800	300	225	2 360	year - end	
	Q3	525	130	500	600	350	225	2 330		
	Q4	505	170	500	800	250	100	2 325		
4.4.2	Number of service users who accessed Substance Use Disorder (SUD) treatment services	124	40	12	18	30	18	242	0.1.	
	Q1	30	10	3	5	8	6	62	Cumulative year to date	
	Q2	62	20	6	10	15	10	123	, sa. 15 dato	
	Q3	90	30	8	13	24	12	177		
	Q4	124	40	12	18	30	18	242		

2024/25 TARGET DISTRIBUTION PER SUB-PROGRAMME

The Table below depicts the contribution made by the funded NPOs and Departmental Social Service Practitioners in the implementation of sub-programme Performance Indicators:

PEFORMANCE INDICATOR		2024/25 ANNUAL TARGETS:						
	SOCIAL	BY DSD SERVICE TIONERS	COMBINEI BY FUND		TOTAL ANNUAL TARGET			
	No	%	No	%				
4.4.1 Number of people reached through substance abuse prevention programmes.	10 210	40.2	0	59.8	10 210			
4.4.2 Number of service users who accessed Substance Use Disorder (SUD) treatment services	242	100	0	0	242			

PROGRAMME FOUR RESOURCE CONSIDERATIONS

Reconciling performance targets with the Budget and Expenditure estimates

Chris Hani District	Budget (R'000)
Sub-programmes	2024/25
Management and Support	3 040
Crime Prevention and support	19 391
Victim empowerment	24 417
Substance Abuse, Prevention and Rehabilitation	6 466
Total	53 314
Compensation of employees	45 570
Goods and services	570
Transfers and subsidies	7 174
Payments for capital assets	-
Payments for financial assets	-
Total economic classification	53 314

PROGRAMME 5: DEVELOPMENT AND RESEARCH

PROGRAMME 5: DEVELOPMENT AND RESEARCH

PROGRAMME PURPOSE

To provide sustainable development programmes which facilitate empowerment of communities based on demographic and evidence-based information.

Programme	Sub-Programme	Sub-Programme Purpose
	5.1 Management and Support	Provide administration for programme staff and coordinates professional development and ethics, provision of tools of trade for management and support staff providing services across all sub-programmes of this programme.
	5.2 Community Mobilisation	Building safe and sustainable communities through the creation of strong community networks, based on principles of trust and respect for local diversity, and nurturing a sense of belonging and confidence in local people through Financial and management support, Community Mobilization, Supporting socio-economic well-being of individuals and communities & People engagement and involvement.
Н	5.3 Institutional capacity building and support for NPOs	To support NPO registration and compliance monitoring, NPO stakeholder liaison and communication, provide institutional capacity building, manage NPO funding and monitoring and create a conducive environment for all NPO to flourish.
JT RESEAR	5.4 Poverty Alleviation and Sustainable Livelihoods	To provide Programmes and Services through interventions such as Food for All (DSD feeding programmes included e.g. food parcels; soup kitchens; Drop-in-Centres etc.; Social Cooperatives; Income Generating Projects and Community Food Security
5. DEVELOPMENT RESEARCH	5.5 Community Based Research and Planning	To provide communities an opportunity to learn about the life and conditions of their locality through household and community profiling and uplift the challenges and concerns facing their communities, as well as their strengths and assets to be leveraged to address their challenges.
ē,	5.6 Youth development	Create an environment to help young people to develop constructive, affirmative and sustainable relationships while concurrently providing opportunities for them to build their competencies and needed skills to engage as partners in their own development and that of their communities through Leadership and Life-skills, National Youth Service, Youth Service Centres, Inter-generational programmes and Support Structures.
	5.7 Women development	Create an environment to help women to develop constructive, affirmative and sustainable relationships while concurrently providing opportunities for them to build their competencies and needed skills to engage as partners in their own development and that of their communities through Intervention Programmes and Services (Leadership and Life-skills, Service Centres, Inter-generational programmes and Support Structures).

SUB PROGRAMME 5.1 MANAGEMENT AND SUPPORT

Provide policy coordination and administration for Community Development and Research programme

PROGRAMME PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND ANNUAL TARGETS FOR MANAGEMENT AND SUPPORT

Outcome Indicator	Outputs	Output Indicators	Audited/Actual Performance			Estimated Performance	Medium-term Targets			
			2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	
Outcome 2: Inclusive, responsive & comprehensive social protection system for sustainable and self-reliant communities										
sustainable and self-	Management support services coordinated	5.1.1. Number of management support services coordinated		37	20	20	36	36	36	

QUARTERLY TARGETS: MANAGEMENT AND SUPPORT

Output Indicators		Annual Target		Calculation Type			
		2024/25	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	
5.1.1	Number of management support services coordinated	36	8	10	8	10	Cumulative year end

SUB PROGRAMME 5.2 COMMUNITY MOBILIZATION

Community Mobilization aims to build safe and sustainable communities through the creation of strong community networks, based on principles of trust and respect for local diversity, and nurturing a sense of belonging and confidence in local people.

This is done through Financial and management support, Community Mobilization, Supporting socio-economic well-being of individuals and communities and involvement of individuals and communities in their own development.

PROGRAMME PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND ANNUAL TARGETS: COMMUNITY MOBILIZATION

Outcome	Outputs	Output	Audited/A	ctual Perfor	rmance	Estimated	Medium-terr	n Targets	
Indicators		Indicators	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	Performance 2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27
OUTCOME 1:	: Increased un	iversal access	to Develo	pmental Soc	cial Welfare	Services			
ell-being of vulnerable and marginalized	People reached through Community Mobilization Programmes	5.2.1 Number of people reached through Community Mobilization Programmes		320	4 315	4 315	5 315	3 895	3 995
Improved well-being of vulnerable groups and marginalized	organised to coordinate	communities organised to	0	13	36	36	44	34	36

QUARTERLY TARGETS: COMMUNITY MOBILIZATION

	Output Indicators	Annual		Q	Targets	Calculation	
		Target 2024/25	1 st	2 nd	3 rd	4 th	Туре
5.2.1	Number of people reached through Community Mobilization Programmes	5 315	1 120	2 670	3 835	5 315	Cumulative year to date
5.2.2	Number of communities organized to coordinate their own Development	44	13	14	11	6	Cumulative year end

2024/25 LOCAL SERVICE OFFICE TARGETS: COMMUNITY MOBILIZATION

OL	JTPUT INDICATORS	ENOCH MGIJIMA LSO	INXUBA YETHEMBA LSO	INTSIKA YETHU LSO	EMALAHLENI LSO	SAKHISIZWE LSO	DR AB XUMA LSO	2024/25 DISTRICT APP TARGET	CALCULATION TYPE
5.2.1	Number of people reached through Community Mobilization Programmes	1 410	621	640	764	640	1 240	5 315	Cumulative
	Q1	295	125	125	150	125	300	1 120	Year to date
	Q2	670	350	350	350	350	600	2 670	
	Q3	960	450	425	550	550	900	3 835	
	Q4	1410	621	640	764	640	1240	5 315	
5.2.2	Number of communities organized to coordinate their own Development	13	4	4	10	6	7	44	
	Q1	6	1	1	3	1	1	13	Cumulative year end
	Q2	3	2	1	3	2	3	14	
	Q3	3	1	1	2	2	2	11	
	Q4	1	-	1	2	1	1	6	

SUB PROGRAMME 5.3 INSTITUTIONAL CAPACITY BUILDING AND SUPPORT FOR NPOS

The sub-programme provides capacity building support to Community Based Organizations (i.e. Non-Profit Organisations and Cooperatives) and Social Service Practitioners to enhance the capacity of these organisations and practitioners with the aim of

improving services provided to the communities. The demand for these capacity building programmes requires more resources (financial and human) than is currently available.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND ANNUAL TARGETS: INSTITUTIONAL CAPACITY BUILDING AND SUPPORT FOR NPOS

Outcome	Outputs	Output	Audited/A	ctual Perf	ormance	Estimated	Mediu	ım-term Ta	argets
Indicator		Indicators	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	Performance 2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27
OUTCOME 2:	Inclusive, res	ponsive & compre	hensive so	cial protec	tion syste	m for sustainable	and self-	reliant con	nmunities
± s		5.3.1 Number of NPOs capacitated	38	41	44	44	45	45	45
powered, lable and self- communities	capacitated	5.3.2 Number of Cooperatives capacitated	21	24	13	13	20	20	20
Empowered, sustainable and t reliant communi	Opportunities created	5.3.3 Number of work opportunities created through EPWP		4 099	580	580	562	600	620

QUARTERLY TARGETS: INSTITUTIONAL CAPACITY BUILDING AND SUPPORT FOR NPOS

	Output Indicators	Annual		Quarterly	/ Targets		Calculation
		Target 2024/25	1 st	2 nd	3 rd	4 th	Туре
5.3.1	Number of NPOs capacitated	45	15	15	10	5	Cumulative year end
5.3.2	Number of Cooperatives capacitated	20	6	7	5	2	Cumulative year end
5.3.3	Number of work opportunities created through EPWP	562	562	562	562	562	Non-cumulative Highest Figure

2024/25 LOCAL SERVICE OFFICE TARGETS: INSTITUTIONAL CAPACITY BUILDING AND SUPPORT FOR NPOS

(DUTPUT INDICATORS	ENOCH MGIJIMA LSO	INXUBA YETHEMBA LSO	INTSIKA YETHU LSO	EMALAHLENI LSO	SAKHISIZWE LSO	DR AB XUMA LSO	2024/25 DISTRICT APP TARGET	CALCULATION TYPE
5.3.1	Number of NPOs capacitated	11	6	8	6	10	4	45	
	Q1	5	2	3	1	3	1	15	Cumulative year end
	Q2	3	3	3	2	3	1	15	
	Q3	2	1	2	2	2	1	10	
	Q4	1	-	0	1	2	1	5	
5.3.2	Number of Cooperatives capacitated	4	3	6	3	2	2	20	
	Q1	4	-	1	1	0	0	6	Cumulative year end
	Q2	-	3	2	1	1	0	7	
	Q3	-	-	2	1	1	1	5	
	Q4	=	-	1	-	0	1	2	
5.3.3	Number of work opportunities created through EPWP	168	55	77	93	108	61	562	New groundstine Highest
	Q1	168	55	77	93	108	61	562	Non-cumulative Highest Figure
	Q2	168	55	77	93	108	61	562	1.94.0
	Q3	168	55	77	93	108	61	562	
	Q4	168	55	77	93	108	61	562	

SUB PROGRAMME 5.4 POVERTY ALLEVIATION AND SUSTAINABLE LIVELIHOODS

Promote sustainable livelihood and self-reliance through building capabilities, improving access to food and nutrition security to vulnerable individuals and families as well as support to self-help initiative

OUTCOMES, OUTPUTS, PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND TARGETS: POVERTY ALLEVIATION AND SUSTAINABLE LIVELIHOODS

Outcome Indicator	Outputs	Output Indicators		ited/Actua formance	9	Estimated Performance	Medium	-term Ta	rgets
			2020/21	2021/22				2025/26	
OUTCOME	2: Inclusive, resp	onsive & comprehensive so	cial protect	ion syste	m for su	stainable and	self-relia	ant comr	nunities
ties	People benefitting from poverty reduction initiatives.	5.4.1 Number of people benefitting from poverty reduction initiatives.	-	915	915	1 110	1 115	1 115	1 203
iant communi	accessing food	5.4.2 Number of households accessing food through DSD food security programmes	65	42	42	37	42	42	42
Empowered, sustainable and self-reliant communities	people participating in	5.4.3 Number of people accessing food through DSD feeding programmes (centre based)	793	873	873	1 073	1 073	1 073	1173
powered, sust	participants	5.4.4 Number of CNDC participants involved in developmental initiatives.	12	21	21	70	70	70	70
Em	linked to	5.4.5 Number of cooperatives linked to economic opportunities	10	60	60	13	16	16	16

QUARTERLY TARGETS: POVERTY ALLEVIATION AND SUSTAINABLE LIVELIHOODS

	Output Indicators	Annual		Quarterly	Targets		Calculation Type
		Target 2024/25	1 st	2 nd	3 rd	4 th	
-	Number of people benefitting from poverty reduction initiatives.	1115	940	1 011	1 115	1 115	Cumulative year to- date
	Number of households accessing food through DSD food security programmes	42	0	31	42	42	Cumulative year to- date
	Number of people accessing food through DSD feeding programmes (centre based)	1 073	940	980	1 073	1 073	Cumulative year to- date
	Number of CNDC participants involved in developmental initiatives.	70	14	21	21	14	Cumulative year end
-	Number of cooperatives linked to economic opportunities	16	2	6	5	3	Cumulative year end

2024/25 LOCAL SERVICE OFFICE TARGETS: POVERTY ALLEVIATION AND SUSTAINABLE LIVELIHOODS

	OUTPUT INDICATORS	ENOCH MGIJIMA LSO	INXUBA YETHEMBA LSO	INTSIKA YETHU LSO	EMALAHLENI LSO	SAKHISIZWE LSO	DR AB XUMA LSO	2024/25 DISTRICT APP TARGET	CALCULATION TYPE
5.4.1	Number of people benefitting from poverty reduction initiatives.	160	400	158	126	151	120	1 115	
	Q1	150	360	130	100	100	100	940	Cumulative
	Q2	150	380	130	100	151	100	1 011	Year to date
	Q3	160	400	158	126	151	120	1 115	
	Q4	160	400	158	126	151	120	1 115	
5.4.2	Number of households accessing food through DSD food security programmes	0	0	5	6	31	0	42	
	Q1	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	Cumulative
	Q2	0	0	0	0	31	0	31	Year to date
	Q3	0	0	5	6	31	0	42	
	Q4	0	0	5	6	31	0	42	
5.4.3	Number of people accessing food through DSD feeding programmes (centre based)	160	400	153	120	120	120	1 073	
	Q1	150	360	130	100	100	100	940	Cumulative
	Q2	150	380	130	100	120	100	980	Year to date
	Q3	160	400	153	120	120	120	1 073	
	Q4	160	400	153	120	120	120	1 073	
5.4.4	Number of CNDC participants involved in developmental initiatives.	10	20	10	10	10	10	70	
	Q1	2	4	2	2	2	2	14	Cumulative
	Q2	3	6	3	3	3	3	21	Year end
	Q3	3	6	3	3	3	3	21	
	Q4	2	4	2	2	2	2	14	
5.4.5	Number of cooperatives linked to economic opportunities	3	2	4	3	2	2	16	
	Q1	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	Cumulative
	Q2	1	2	1	1	1	0	6	Year end
	Q3	0	0	1	2	1	1	5	
	Q4	1	0	1	0	0	1	3	

SUB PROGRAMME 5.5 COMMUNITY BASED RESEARCH AND PLANNING

The sub-programme promotes identification and analysis of family and community needs to inform interventions through household, community profiling and community-based planning.

OUTCOMES, OUTPUTS, PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND TARGETS: COMMUNITY BASED RESEARCH AND PLANNING

Outcome Indicator	Outputs	Output Indicators	Audited/A			Estimated Performance	Medium-t	erm Targ	ets
			2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27
OUTCOME 2: Inclusi	ive, responsiv	e & comprehens	ive socia	l protection	on system	for sustainabl	e and self-	reliant co	ommunities
iant		5.5.1 Number of households profiled	280	5 508	4 508	4 508	4 378	4 378	4 478
and self-rel	Community Based Plans developed	5.5.2 Number of Community Based Plans developed	10	27	28	28	27	27	27
sustainable a		5.5.3 Number of communities profiled in a ward	13	27	28	28	27	27	27
Empowered, sustainable and self-reliant communities	households linked	5.5.4 Number of profiled households linked sustainable livelihood programmes	-	New	451	451	444	438	448

QUARTERLY TARGETS: COMMUNITY BASED RESEARCH AND PLANNING

	Output Indicators	Annual		Quart	erly Targets		Calculation	
		Target 2024/25	1 st	2 nd	3 rd	4 th	Туре	
5.5.1	Number of households profiled	4 378	1 180	2 360	3 369	4 378	Cumulative year to date	
5.5.2	Number of Community Based Plans developed	27	5	15	21	27	Cumulative year to date	
5.5.3	Number of communities profiled in a ward	27	6	12	7	2	Cumulative year end	
5.4.4	Number of profiled households linked sustainable livelihoods programmes	444	115	236	339	444	Cumulative year to date	

2024/25 LOCAL SERVICE OFFICE TARGETS: COMMUNITY BASED RESEARCH AND PLANNING

C	UTPUT INDICATORS	ENOCH MGIJIMA LSO	INXUBA YETHEMBA LSO	INTSIKA YETHU LSO	EMALAHLENI LSO	SAKHISIZWE LSO	ENGCOBO LSO	2024/25 DISTRICT APP TARGET	CALCULATION TYPE
5.5.1	Number of households profiled	1 006	180	600	660	1 092	840	4 378	
	Q1	259	45	150	165	351	210	1 180	Cumulative
	Q2	518	90	300	330	702	420	2 360	Year to date
	Q3	762	135	450	495	897	630	3 369	
	Q4	1006	180	600	660	1092	840	4 378	
5.5.2	Number of Community Based Plans developed	8	2	4	4	4	5	27	
	Q1	2	-	1	-	1	1	5	Cumulative
	Q2	4	2	2	2	2	3	15	year to date
	Q3	6	2	3	3	3	4	21	
	Q4	8	2	4	4	4	5	27	
5.5.3	Number of communities profiled in a ward	8	2	4	4	4	5	27	
	Q1	2	-	1	1	1	1	6	Cumulative
	Q2	3	2	2	2	1	2	12	year end
	Q3	3	-	1	1	1	1	7	
	Q4	-	-	0	-	1	1	2	
5.5.4	Number of profiled households linked sustainable Livelihood programmes	106	19	60	66	109	84	444	Cumulative
	Q1	23	5	15	16	35	21	115	vear to date
	Q2	52	9	30	33	70	42	236	,
	Q3	76	14	45	50	90	63	338	
	Q4	106	19	60	66	109	84	444	

SUB PROGRAMME 5.6 YOUTH DEVELOPMENT

Youth Development Programme aims to create a conducive environment that enables young people to develop constructive, affirmative and sustainable relationships while concurrently providing

opportunities for them to build their competencies and needed skills to engage as partners in their own development and that of their communities.

Outcome Indicator	Outputs	Output Indicators	Audited/A			Performance		term Targe	ets
			2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27
OUTCOME 2	2: Inclusive, respo	nsive & comprehensiv	e social p	rotection	system	for sustainabl	e and sel	f-reliant co	ommunities
and self-	Youth development structures supported	5.6.1 Number of youth development structures supported		25	15	15	17	10	10
sustainable t communitie	Youth participating ir skills development Programmes.	5.6.2 Number of youth participating in skills development Programmes.		200	165	165	365	60	60
Empowered, s	Youth participating ir youth mobilisation Programmes	5.6.3 Number of youth participating in youth mobilisation Programmes		1 800	1 610	1 610	1 510	1 510	1 510

QUARTERLY TARGETS: YOUTH DEVELOPMENT

	Output Indicators	Annual		Calculation			
		Target 2024/25	1 st	2 nd	3 rd	4 th	Туре
5.6.1	Number of youth development structures supported	17	17	17	17	17	Non-cumulative highest number
5.6.2	Number of youth participating in skills development Programmes.	365	30	148	131	56	Cumulative year-end
5.6.3	Number of youth participating in youth mobilization Programmes	1 510	543	361	318	288	Cumulative year-end

2024/25 LOCAL SERVICE OFFICE TARGETS: YOUTH DEVELOPMENT

Ol	JTPUT INDICATORS	ENOCH MGIJIMA LSO	INXUBA YETHEMBA LSO	INTSIKA YETHU LSO	EMALAHLENI LSO	SAKHISIZWE LSO	DR AB XUMA LSO	2024/25 DISTRICT APP TARGET	CALCULATION TYPE
5.6.1	Number of youth development structures supported	6	2	3	2	1	3	17	
	Q1	6	2	3	2	1	3	17	Non-cumulative
	Q2	6	2	3	2	1	3	17	highest figure
	Q3	6	2	3	2	1	3	17	
	Q4	6	2	3	2	1	3	17	
5.6.2	Number of youth participating in skills development Programmes.	90	52	48	50	60	65	365	Cumulative
	Q1	10	3	2	0	5	10	30	year end
	Q2	40	20	23	25	15	25	148	,
	Q3	30	24	18	10	30	19	131	
	Q4	10	5	5	15	10	11	56	
5.6.3	Number of youth participating in youth mobilization Programmes	670	150	200	180	160	150	1 510	Cumulative
	Q1	203	60	80	60	80	60	543	year end
	Q2	176	40	40	45	30	30	361	, 55 6.10
	Q3	148	25	40	45	30	30	318	
	Q4	143	25	40	30	20	30	288	

Women Development creates an environment to help women to develop constructive, affirmative and sustainable relationships while concurrently providing opportunities for them to build their competencies and needed skills to engage as partners in their own

development and that of their communities through Intervention Programmes and Services (Leadership and Life-skills, Service Centres, Inter-generational programmes and Support Structures).

OUTCOMES, OUTPUTS, PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND TARGETS: WOMEN DEVELOPMENT

Outcome Indicator	Outputs	Output Indicators		dited/Act erforman		Estimated	Medium-	term Tarç	gets
			2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	Performance 2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27
OUTCOME 2: In	clusive, responsi	ve & comprehens	ive socia	I protecti	on syster	n for sustainat	le and se	lf-reliant	communities
and self-reliant s	Women participating in women empowerment programmes	5.7.1 Number of women participating in women empowerment programmes	95	1805	1 575	1 575	1 572	1 000	1 000
sustainable and communities	Women livelihood initiatives supported	5.7.3 Number of women livelihood initiatives supported	5	3	2	2	5	4	4
Empowered, si	grant beneficiaries	5.7.3 Number of Child Support Grant beneficiaries linked to sustainable livelihoods opportunities	-	-	271	271	271	271	271

QUARTERLY TARGETS: WOMEN DEVELOPMENT

	Output Indicators	Annua I		Quarterl	y Targets		Calculation Type
		Target 2024/25	1 st	2 nd	3 rd	4 th	
5.7.1	Number of women participating in women empowerment programmes	1 572	322	834	1 198	1 572	Cumulative year to date
5.7.2	Number of women livelihood initiatives supported	5	5	5	5	5	Non-Cumulative highest figure
5.7.3	Number of Child Support Grant beneficiaries linked to sustainable livelihoods opportunities	271	271	271	271	271	Non-cumulative highest number

2024/25 LOCAL SERVICE OFFICE TARGETS: WOMEN DEVELOPMENT

(OUTPUT INDICATORS	ENOCH MGIJIMA LSO	INXUBA YETHEMBA LSO	INTSIKA YETHU LSO	EMALAHLENI LSO	SAKHISIZWE LSO	DR AB XUMA LSO	2024/25 DISTRICT APP TARGET	CALCULATION TYPE
5.7.1	Number of women participating in women empowerment programmes	569	167	224	204	134	274	1 572	
	Q1	58	44	55	65	33	67	322	Cumulative
	Q2	298	87	109	104	103	133	834	Year to date
	Q3	478	135	150	125	122	188	1 198	
	Q4	569	167	224	204	134	274	1 572	
5.7.2	Number of women livelihood initiatives supported	2	0	0	0	1	2	5	
	Q1	2	-	0	-	1	2	5	Non-cumulative
	Q2	2	-	0	-	1	2	5	highest figure
	Q3	2	-	0	-	1	2	5	
	Q4	2	-	0	-	1	2	5	
5.7.3	Number of Child Support Grant recipients linked to sustainable livelihoods opportunities	24	71	49	33	29	65	271	Non averyletiva
	Q1	24	71	49	33	29	65	271	Non-cumulative highest figure
	Q2	24	71	49	33	29	65	271	
	Q3	24	71	49	33	29	65	271	
1	Q4	24	71	49	33	29	65	271	

PROGRAMME FIVE RESOURCE CONSIDERATIONS

Reconciling performance targets with the Budget and Expenditure estimates

Chris Hani District	Budget (R'000)
Sub-programmes	2024/25
Management and Support	10 176
Community Mobilisation	9 912
Institutional capacity building and support for NGO's	4 423
Poverty Alleviation and Sustainable Livelihoods	5 787
Community Based Research and Planning	5 211
Youth Development	7 239
Women Development	2 935
Population Policy Promotion	-
Total	45 683
Compensation of employees	45 599
Goods and services	84
Transfers and subsidies	-
Payments for capital assets	-
Payments for financial assets	
Total economic classification	45 683

PART D: TECHNICAL INDICATOR DESCRIPTIONS (TIDS)

PART D: TECHNICAL INDICATOR DESCRIPTIONS (TIDS)

The Revised Framework for Strategic Plans and Annual Performance Plans (DPME, 2020) stipulates that the Technical Indicator Descriptions (TIDs) must be given for each output indicator. The Department has developed the TIDs in line with the Framework and has ensured that each Indicator has been defined for ease of understanding. The Source of data (indicating where the information is collected from) has been provided and data is divided into Primary and Secondary and the primary source will be kept at the point of data collection (i.e. Institutions, Organisations, Local Service Offices) for record keeping and to

maintain confidentiality. The majority of the APP indicators are calculated quantitatively and are expressed in numbers. It should be noted that for the majority of the Performance Indicators, it might not be possible to accurately disaggregate beneficiaries at intake entry level for the services because services are voluntary and accessible to everyone who needs, without classification on gender, age, race and other classifications.

PROGRAMME 1: ADMINISTRATION

• OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT DIRECTOR

1.1.1 INDICATOR T	.1.1 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of corporate governance interventions implemented CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year end												
	EFINITION: The indicator strengthens integration within and across the Department for improved service delivery PATIAL TRANSFORMATION: The Indicator will be implemented to District Management, Staff and internal stakeholders												
ASSUMPTIONS: Integr				idit outcomes of the I									
DISAGREGATION OF			RIFICATION/POE		SOURCE OF DATA	METHOD OF	REPORTING	DESIRED	INDICATOR	VALIDATION			
BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:		CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY			
Stakeholders from vulnerable groups and relevant sectors (Women, Youth, Persons with Disabilities, NPOs, Communities, etc)	with Attendance Registers 2. Signed customer care report 3. Signed communication report 4. 3x District monthly performance report 5. District 4 th Quarterly Report 6. District Annual Report 7. 3x IYM reports	Registers 2. Signed customer care report 3. Signed communication report 4. 3x District monthly performance report 5. District 1st quarterly report 6. District Annual Performance Plan First Draft 6. District Annual Operational Plan	with Attendance Registers 2. Signed customer care report 3. Signed communication report 4. 3x District monthly performance report	with Attendance Registers 2. Signed customer care report 3. Signed communication report 4. 3x Distric monthly performance report 5. Final Distric Annual	engagement sessions of the DM	Quantitative (Simple Count)	Quarterly	Increase in the number of engagements by DM with key stakeholder of the Department	District Director	Chief Director: ISS			

NPO MANAGEMENT

1.2.3	INDICATO	ICATOR TITLE: Number of NPOs registered CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year end													
DEFINITION	DEFINITION: Organizations are assisted with governance issues and registration as NPOs in line with the NPO Act,71 of 1997														
SPATIAL	SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in the District and all Service Offices														
ASSUMP'	ASSUMPTIONS: Organisations are operating as legal entities (NPOs).														
DISAGRE	EGATION	N	IEANS OF VER	IFICATION/PO	E		METHOD OF	REPORTING		INDICATOR	VALIDATION				
OF BENEFIC	IADIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:	DATA	CALCULATION/	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY				
	IAILI						ASSESSMENT								

DEFINITION : Orga	FINITION: Organisations are assisted to comply with the NPO Act,71 of 1997 through SMSs, emails, one- on -one or workshops PATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 8 Districts ASSUMPTIONS: Reduction in the number of non-compliant NPOs													
DISAGREGATION OF BENEFICIARIES		MEANS OF VER QUARTER 2:			SOURCE OF DATA	METHOD OF CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	REPORTING CYCLE	DESIRED PERFORMANCE	INDICATOR RESPONSIBILITY	VALIDATION RESPONSIBILITY				
NPOs	Reports on compliance intervention s undertaken.	complianc e interventio	interventions undertaken.			Quantitative (Simple Count)	Quarterly	Compliance by NPOs	Manager: NPO	District Director				

1.2.5 INDICAT	INDICATOR TITLE: Number of funded NPOs CALCULATION TYPE: Non-cumulative highest figure													
DEFINITION: This refers to the total number of funded NPOs in line with the PFA														
SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in the District and all Service Offices														
ASSUMPTIONS:	ASSUMPTIONS: NPOs render services in line with legislative prescripts to the beneficiaries													
DISAGREGATION MEANS OF VERIFICATION/POE SOURCE OF METHOD OF REPORTING DESIRED INDICATOR VALIDATION														
OF BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:	DATA	CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY				
NPOs	1. List of funded organization s.	List of funded organization s.	List of funded organization s.	funded	Count all the funded NPOs	Quantitative (Simple Count)		NPOs are funded to ensure continuous service delivery	Manager: NPO	District Director				

				ed organizations r				C	ALCULATION TYPE: (Cumulative year en	d		
DEFINITIO	EFINITION: NPOs are monitored for compliance, through monitoring visits or SMS reports or emails.												
SPATIAL T	PATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in the District and all Service Offices												
ASSUMPTI	SSUMPTIONS: Improved compliance of NPOs.												
DISAGREG	ISAGREGATION MEANS OF VERIFICATION/POE SOURCE OF METHOD OF REPORTING DESIRED INDICATOR VALIDATION												
OF		QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:	DATA	CALCULATION/	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY		
BENEFICIA	ARIES						ASSESSMENT						
NPOs		 List of 	Count the	Quantitative	Quarterly	All NPOs	Manager: NPO	District Director					
		monitored	monitored	monitored	monitored	number of	(Simple Count)		monitored				
		organizatio	organizatio		organizations &	funded							
		ns &	ns &		Monitoring report.	organizations							
		Monitoring	Monitoring	report.		that were							
	report. report. monitored.												

FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

DEFINITION : To	2.7 INDICATOR TITLE: Audit opinion on financial statements obtained CALCULATION TYPE: Non-cumulative highest figure EFINITION: To maintain and set all the processes in place with the assistance of all managers (joint accountability) to receive a clean audit report for the Department. PATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in the District and all Service Offices													
ASSUMPTIONS:	ASSUMPTIONS: To obtain at least a clean audit report with no matters of emphasis for the Department from the AGSA for every financial year													
DISAGREGATION OF	QUARTER		VERIFICATION/POE QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4	SOURCE OF DATA	CALCULATION/	REPORTING CYCLE	DESIRED PERFORMANCE		VALIDATION RESPONSIBILITY				
BENEFICIARIES N/A	1:	2:	Signed final	-	Signed final	ASSESSMENT Qualitative – Audit	Annually	Clean Financial	Finance Manager	District Director				
			AĞSA Management		AĞSA Management	opinion expressed by Auditor	,	Audit Outcome						
	Letter on Audit Letter on Audit General South Outcome Outcome Africa													

1.2.8 I	INDICAT	OR TITLE: Per	centage of inv	oices paid witl	hin 30 days		CALCU	JLATION TYPE:	Non-cumulative highes	st figure				
DEFINITIO	DEFINITION: Percentage of invoices and claims paid within 30 days													
SPATIAL	PATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in the District and all Service Offices													
ASSUMPT prescripts.	ASSUMPTIONS: Payment of Invoices and claims with complete and valid documentation within 30 days of receipt of invoice and ensuring that the Department complies with the relevant													
	GATION	M	IEANS OF VER	RIFICATION/PO	DE	SOURCE OF	METHOD OF	REPORTING	DESIRED	INDICATOR	VALIDATION			
OF BENEFICI														
N/A		Payment cycle and age analysis reports.	Payment cycle and age analysis reports.	Payment cycle and age analysis reports.	cycle and age analysis reports.	Calculate the percentage of invoices and claims paid within 30 days. Invoice register	Quantitative (Simple Count)	Quarterly	Payment of invoices with complete and valid documentation within 30 days of receipt of invoice.		District Director			

SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

	Framework												
DEFINITI	DEFINITION: Percentage of budget spent on procurement benefiting the local suppliers to ensure that LED Framework objectives are realised												
SPATIAL	SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in the District and all Service Offices												
ASSUMF	ASSUMPTIONS: At least 100% of procurement budget spend targeting local suppliers in terms of LED Framework to ensure that procurement spend targets in terms of LED Framework are met												
										VALIDATION RESPONSIBILITY			
N/A		Approved/ signed off Department al LED Reports	Approved/ signed off Department al LED Reports	Approved/ signed off Department al LED Reports	signed off	budget spent	Quantitative (Percentage of procurement budget)	Quarterly	85% of goods and services and capital expenditure spent on local supplier.	Finance Manager	District Director		

• CORPORATE SERVICES

DEFINITION: This SPATIAL TRANSI ASSUMPTIONS: (FORMATION: This Compliance with a	es effective recru s indicator will be Il relevant Human	itment, training ar implemented in t Capital prescript	nd developmen he District and	t of employees all Service Office	for improved deliv	ery of services.	E: Non-cumulative hi		
DISAGREGATION OF BENEICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	MEANS OF VERI QUARTER 2:		QUARTER 4:	SOURCE OF DATA	METHOD OF CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	REPORTING CYCLE	DESIRED PERFORMANCE	INDICATOR RESPONSIBILITY	VALIDATION RESPONSIBILITY
Woman / Youth Disability	Employment Equity Quarterly Report HRD quarterly report PMDS Contracting Recruitment Report PERSAL Exception reports EHW Reports	Equity Quarterly Report 2. HRD quarterly report 3. PMDS Contracting 4. Recruitment Report 5. PERSAL Exception reports	Equity Quarterly Report 2. HRD quarterly report 3. PMDS Contracting 4. Recruitment Report 5. PERSAL Exception reports	Equity Quarterly Report 2. HRD quarterly report 3. PMDS Contracting		Quantitative (Simple Count)	Quarterly	Improved organisation employee performance, development, capabilities and resources	Services Manager	District Director

SECURITY MANAGEMENT

1.2.11 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of Security Practices implemented **CALCULATION TYPE:** Cumulative year end **DEFINITION:** Creating an improved secure environment by executing the pillars of security management, Organizational, Administrative, Physical, Information, Personnel Security and Contingency Planning to render services as per the Departmental mandate. SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in the District and all Service Offices ASSUMPTIONS: Management buy-in, staff cooperation, sufficient budget and populated Organisational Structure DISAGREGATION **MEANS OF VERIFICATION/POE** SOURCE OF METHOD OF REPORTING DESIRED **INDICATOR** VALIDATION CALCULATION/ CYCLE PERFORMANCE RESPONSIBILITY RESPONSIBILITY DATA QUARTER 1: QUARTER 2: QUARTER 3: **QUARTER 4:** BENEFICIARIES ASSESSMENT All Departmental 1. Progress 1. Progress 1. Progress 1. Progress Total number of Quantitative Quarterly Reduce risks. Security Manager | District Director Staff report on the report on the report on the security reports (Simple Count) report on the maintain implementati implementati implementati submitted on implementati continuity of on of on of on of on of practices operations and implemented safeguard the security security security security institutions management management management management within the within the within the within the assets and Department. Department. Department. Department. information

INFORMATION COMMUNICATION AND TECHNOLOGY

1.2.13 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of Innovative ICT infrastructure support services implemented

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year to date

DEFINITION: Total number of ICT infrastructure services implemented, installed and supported in the Province and at a District level for our offices, business production, communication, information, and business systems.

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in the District and all Service Offices

ASSUMPTIONS: Employees have PERSAL numbers and their functions require computer access

DISAGREGATIO		MEANS OF VE	RIFICATION/POE		SOURC	METHOD OF	REPORTIN	DESIRED	INDICATOR	VALIDATION
N OF BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:	E OF DATA	CALCULATION / ASSESSMENT	G CYCLE	PERFORMANC E	RESPONSIBILIT Y	RESPONSIBILIT Y
All Departmental Staff	related services 2. Communicatio n infrastructure 3. Network infrastructure. 4. Remote	 3. Communication n infrastructure 4. Network infrastructure. 5. Remote services 6. Desktop support service 7. Provision of 	infrastructure 4. Network infrastructure. 5. Remote services 6. Desktop support service 7. Provision of working tools 8. Cabling offices 9. Transversal system implementation	Data storage Communication infrastructure Network infrastructure. Remote services Desktop support service Provision of working tools Cabling offices Transversal system	all	Quantitative (Simple Count)	Quarterly	Availability of secured network, storage, working tools, communication infrastructure, datalines and transversal systems infrastructure services to enable business production		District Director

PROGRAMME 2: SOCIAL WELFARE SERVICES

2.1 MANAGEMENT AND SUPPORT

INDICATOR TITLE: Number of support services co-ordinated **CALCULATION TYPE:** Cumulative year end DEFINITION: The main purpose of this indicator is to track the strategic direction and management support provided by the programme manager to all the sub-programmes for effective functioning of entire programme. This is done through the coordination of planning, finance and reporting sessions. SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province ASSUMPTIONS: Effective, efficient human capital development. Coordination of support services improves organisational performance. DISAGREGATION MEANS OF VERIFICATION/POE SOURCE OF DATA METHOD OF REPORTING DESIRED INDICATOR VALIDATION OF BENEFICIARIES QUARTER 1: QUARTER 2: QUARTER 3: CALCULATION/ CYCLE PERFORMANCE RESPONSIBILITY RESPONSIBILITY QUARTER 4: ASSESSMENT 1. March Monthly 1. June Monthly 1. September Signed PerformanceQuantitative (SimpleQuarterly Work District Director Programme Staff 1. December Strategic Support is Social monthly Report, monthly Report, Report, Financial Count) provided to all subManager (women, men, Report Report. 2. October Monthly 2. January Monthly Reports persons with 2. April Monthly 2. July Monthly, programmes. 3. August Monthly disabilities) Report. Report. Report. Performance Plans 3. May Monthly 3. November Report, 3. February Quarterly Monthly Report, Report, 4 1st Monthly Report, Report, 4. Third Quarterly 4. Fourth 4. Second 5. Three Signed Quarterly Quarterly Report. Report IYM Reports Report. 5. Annual Draft 5. Half 5. Three Signed 6. First Year Performance IYM Reports Annual Report Plan. Performance 6. Three Signed 6. Annual 6. Annual Report Plan IYM Reports Operational Draft 7. First Plan Annual 7. Three Signed Operational IYM Reports 8. Final Budget Plan 8. First Budget Plan Plan

2.2 SERVICES TO OLDER PERSONS

2.2.1 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of Older Persons accessing Residential Facilities

CALCULATION TYPE: Non-cumulative highest figure

DEFINITION: This indicator counts the number of Older Persons (60 years and above) who access services (stimulation, nutrition, and health care services) in residential facilities rendering 24-hour care services to frail older persons and older persons who need special attention as proclaimed by Chapter 4 section 17 of the Older Persons Act 13 of 2006.

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province

ASSUMPTIONS: Improved wellbeing, prolonged life span and protection of rights of Older Persons accessing Residential Facilities and Optimal utilisation of funded residential facilities for older persons.

DISAGREGATION			RIFICATION/POE		SOURCE OF DATA	METHOD OF	REPORTING	DESIRED PERFORMANCE	INDICATOR	VALIDATION
OF BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:		CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE		RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
80 % Women 2 % Persons with Disabilities:	Signed consolidated database of Older Persons accessing Residential Facilities	Signed consolidated database of Older Persons accessing Residential Facilities	Signed consolidated database of Older Persons accessing Residential Facilities	consolidated database of Older Persons	Attendance Registers of Older Persons accessing services in funded Residential Facilities	Quantitative (Simple Count)	Quarterly		Social Work Manager	District Director

2.2.2 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of Older Persons accessing Community Based Care and Support Services

CALCULATION TYPE: Non-cumulative highest figure

DEFINITION: This indicator counts the number of Older Persons (60 years and above) who are receiving care, protection, home-based care and support services to ensure that frail older persons receive maximum care within their communities in funded service centers as proclaimed by Chapter 3 section 11 of the Older Persons Act 13 of 2006.

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province

ASSUMPTIONS: Improved wellbeing, prolonged life span and protection of rights of Older Persons to ensure that Older Persons remain in their homes within their communities for as long as possible.

DISAGREGATION		MEANS OF VER	RIFICATION/POE		SOURCE OF	METHOD OF	REPORTING	DESIRED PERFORMANCE	INDICATOR	VALIDATION
OF BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:	DATA	CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE		RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
80 % Women 2 % Persons with Disabilities:	Signed consolidated database of Older Persons accessing Community Based Care and Support Services.	Signed consolidated database of Older Persons accessing Community Based Care and Support Services	Signed consolidated database of Older Persons accessing Community Based Care and Support Services	consolidated database of Older Persons accessing	Persons accessing	Quantitative (Simple Count)	Quarterly		Social Work Manager	District Director

2.2.3 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of Older Persons accessing Community Based Care and Support Services in Non-Funded Facilities

CALCULATION TYPE: Non-cumulative highest figure

DEFINITION: This indicator counts the number of Older Persons (60 years and above) who are receiving care, protection, home-based care and support services to ensure that frail older persons receive maximum care within their communities in non-funded centres as proclaimed by Chapter 3 section 11 of the Older Persons Act 13 of 2006.

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province

ASSUMPTIONS: Improved wellbeing, prolonged life span and protection of rights of Older Persons to ensure that Older Persons remain in their homes within their communities for as long as possible.

DISAGREGATION		MEANS OF VER	IFICATION/POE		SOURCE OF DATA	METHOD OF	REPORTING	DESIRED	INDICATOR	VALIDATION
OF BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:		CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
80 % Women 2 % Persons with Disabilities:	1. Signed consolidated database of Older Persons accessing Community Based Care and Support Services	Signed consolidated database of Older Persons accessing Community Based Care and Support Services	Signed consolidated database of Older Persons accessing Community Based Care and Support Services	database of Older Persons accessing	Attendance Registers of Older Persons accessing services in Community Based Care and Support Services in Non-Funded Facilities	(Simple Count)	Quarterly	To maintain and promote the status, well-being, safety and security of older persons	Social Work Manager	District Director

2.3 SERVICES TO PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES

INDICATOR TITLE: Number of Persons with Disabilities accessing Residential Facilities

CALCULATION TYPE: Non-cumulative highest figure

DEFINITION: This indicator counts the number of Persons with severe disabilities who access services (stimulation, nutrition, care and support services) in funded Residential Facilities rendering 24hour care services in terms of Chapter 2 of the White Paper on the rights of Persons with disabilities (2015)

SPATIAL TRANSFO	RMATION: This inc	dicator will be implen	nented in all 6 Distr	icts and 2 Metros w	rith special focus on th	e 39 poorest wards o	f the Province			
ASSUMPTIONS: Imp	roved wellbeing, pr	rotection of life and t	he Rights of persor	s with disabilities.						
DISAGREGATION		IRCE OF DATA/ ME	ANS OF VERIFICA	ATION	SOURCE OF DATA	METHOD OF	REPORTING	DESIRED PERFORMANCE	INDICATOR	VALIDATION
OF BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:		CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE		RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
80 % Women 50 % Youth	I. Signed consolidated database of Persons with Disabilities accessing government owned and funded Residential Facilities	Signed consolidated database of Persons with Disabilities accessing government owned and funded Residential Facilities	Signed consolidated database of Persons with Disabilities accessing government owned and funded Residential Facilities	Signed consolidated database of Persons with Disabilities accessing government owned and funded Residential Facilities	Persons with Disabilities accessing	Count the number of all Persons with Disabilities accessing services in funded Residential Facilities		To promote the rights of persons with severe disabilities	Social Work Manager	District Director

2.3.2 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of Persons with Disabilities accessing services in funded Protective Workshops

CALCULATION TYPE: Non-cumulative highest figure

DEFINITION: This indicator counts the number of Persons with Disabilities participating in Skills Development Programmes and Psycho-social support (e.g. carpentry, sewing etc.) in funded Protective Workshops

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province

ASSUMPTIONS: Improved socio-economic status of Persons with disabilities

DISAGREGATION OF	SC	OURCE OF DATA/ ME	ANS OF VERIFICA	TION	SOURCE OF DATA		REPORTING	DESIRED		VALIDATION
BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:		CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
80 % Women 50 % Youth	Signed consolidated database of Persons with Disabilities accessing services in funded Protective Workshops.	Signed consolidated database of Persons with Disabilities accessing services in funded Protective Workshops	Signed consolidated database of Persons with Disabilities accessing services in funded Protective Workshops	Signed consolidated database of Persons with Disabilities accessing services in funded Protective Workshops.	Registers of Persons with Disabilities	Count the number of all Persons with Disabilities accessing services in funded Protective Workshops		To promote the socio- economic empowerment of persons with disabilities	Social Work Manager	District Director

2.3.3 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of Persons accessing Community Based Rehabilitation services.

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year end

DEFINITION: This indicator counts the number of Persons with and without disabilities accessing Community Based Rehabilitation services, (psychosocial support -counselling, assessment and material support, home based care, life skills programmes, prevention programmes, integrated and rehabilitation services) within their communities in line with the White Paper on the rights of Persons with disabilities (2015)

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province

ASSUMPTIONS: Improved wellbeing, protection of life and the Rights of persons with disabilities.

DISAGREGATION	so	OURCE OF DATA/ M	EANS OF VERIFICATION	ON	SOURCE OF	METHOD OF	REPORTING	DESIRED	INDICATOR	VALIDATION
OF BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:	DATA	CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
80 % Women 50 % Youth	Signed consolidated database of Persons accessing Community Based Rehabilitation Services	1. Signed consolidated database of Persons accessing Community Based Rehabilitation Services	Signed consolidated database of Persons accessing Community Based Rehabilitation Services	consolidated database of Persons accessing	Registers of all Persons accessing Community Based	of all Persons	Quarterly	To enable persons with disabilities to live independently and participate fully in all aspects of life	Social Work Manager	District Director

2.3.4 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of families caring for children and adults with disabilities who have access to a well-defined basket of social support services

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year end

DEFINITION: This indicator counts the number of families caring for children and adults with disabilities who have access to a well-defined basket of social support services, (psychosocial support -counselling, assessment and material support, home based care, life skills programmes, prevention programmes, integrated and rehabilitation services) within their communities in line with the White Paper on the rights of Persons with disabilities (2015)

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province

ASSUMPTIONS: Improved wellbeing, protection of life and the Rights of persons with disabilities.

DISAGREGATION OF	so	URCE OF DATA/ M	EANS OF VERIFIC	ATION	SOURCE OF	METHOD OF			INDICATOR	VALIDATION
BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:	DATA	CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE		RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
	database of families caring for children and adults with disabilities accessing a well-defined	accessing a well-	families caring for children and adults with disabilities accessing a well- defined basket of	consolidated database of families caring for children and adults with disabilities accessing a well- defined basket of	Beneficiary files			To enable persons with disabilities to live independently and participate fully in all aspects of life		District Director

2.3.5 Number of Persons with disabilities receiving personal assistance services support

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year end

DEFINITION: This indicator counts the number of Persons with disabilities receiving personal assistance services support, (psychosocial support -counselling, assessment and material support, home based care, life skills programmes, prevention programmes, integrated and rehabilitation services) within their communities in line with the White Paper on the rights of Persons with disabilities (2015)

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province

ASSUMPTIONS: Improved wellbeing, protection of life and the Rights of Persons with disabilities.

DISAGREGATION	SOURC	E OF DATA/ ME	ANS OF VERIF	ICATION	SOURCE OF	METHOD OF		DESIRED PERFORMANCE	INDICATOR RESPONSIBILITY	VALIDATION RESPONSIBILITY
OF BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:	DATA	CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE			
80 % Women 50 Youth	database of Persons with disabilities receiving personal assistance services	database of Persons with disabilities receiving personal assistance services	database of Persons with disabilities receiving personal assistance services	1.Signed consolidated database of Persons with disabilities receiving personal assistance services support	Beneficiary files	Count the number of all Persons with disabilities receiving personal assistance services support		To enable persons with disabilities to live independently and participate fully in all aspects of life	Social Work Manager	District Director

2.4 HIV & AIDS

2.4.1 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of implementers trained on Social and Behaviour Change Programmes.

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year end

DEFINITION: This indicator counts the total number of implementers trained on social and Behaviour change programmes (Implementers refers to Social Workers, Social Auxiliary Workers, and Child and Youth Care workers, Community Care Givers, Student Support from TVET Colleges)

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province

ASSUMPTIONS: Implementers capacitated on Social and Behaviour Change Programmes so that there is change in behaviour patterns to combat new HIV infections. Increase access of the Psychosocial support services.

DISAGREGATION			ANS OF VERIFICA	<u> </u>	SOURCE OF DATA		REPORTING	DESIRED	INDICATOR	VALIDATION
OF BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:		QUARTER 4:		CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
Social Workers,	Consolidated		Count the total		Attendance		Quarterly			District Director
Social Auxiliary	data base of		number of		Registers of				Manager	
Workers, and Child	implementers	implementers	implementers	implementers	implementers trained			beneficiaries in need		
and Youth Care	trained on	trained on	trained on social	trained on	on social and			of Psychosocial		
workers, Community	social and	social and	and behaviour	social and	behaviour change.			support services		
Care Givers, Student	behaviour	behaviour	change.	behaviour						
Support from TVET	change	change		change						
Colleges and	programmes.	programmes.		programmes.						
Universities)										

2.4.2 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of beneficiaries reached through Social and Behavior Change Programmes.

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year end

DEFINITION: This indicator counts all beneficiaries participating in community dialogues and awareness programmes focusing on behavior change for the quarter. Beneficiaries refers to children, youth and adults reached through the Social and Behaviour Change Programmes. Social and Behaviour Change Programmes include You Only Live Once (YOLO), Families Matter Programme (FMP), Men Champion Change (MCC), Traditional Leaders Programme (TLP), Community Capacity Enhancement (CCE) and any other behaviour change programmes.

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province

ASSUMPTIONS: Increase in the coverage of beneficiaries sensitized and made aware of HIV and AIDS issues to reduce new HIV infections.

DISAGREGATION OF	SOL	JRCE OF DATA/ MI	EANS OF VERIFICA	ATION	SOURCE OF DATA			DESIRED	INDICATOR	VALIDATION
BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:		CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
Sex Workers, Older Persons, Persons with disabilities, Lesbian, Gay, Bi-sexual, Trans- gender, Inter-sexual, Queer, Asexual plus (LGBTIQA+'s) and Families experiencing Gender Based Violence	Consolidated database of beneficiaries reached through Social and Behavior Change Programmes.	Consolidated database of beneficiaries reached through Social and Behavior Change Programmes.	Consolidated database of beneficiaries reached through Social and Behavior Change Programmes.	beneficiaries reached through Social and Behavior	Registers of beneficiaries reached through	Count the number of beneficiaries who were reached through social and behaviour change programmes.	,		Manager	District Director

2.4.3 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of beneficiaries receiving Psychosocial Support Services

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year end

DEFINITION: This indicator counts all beneficiaries (children, youth and adults) receiving Psychosocial Support Services from DSD Service points and Community Based Organisations.

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province

ASSUMPTIONS: Increase and Improved well-being of children, youth and adults participating in psychosocial support services. Increase in the coverage of beneficiaries in need of Psychosocial support services.

DISAGREGATION OF	SOU	RCE OF DATA/ ME	ANS OF VERIFICA	TION	SOURCE OF DATA	METHOD OF	REPORTING	DESIRED	INDICATOR	VALIDATION
BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:		CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
Sex Workers, Older Persons, Persons with disabilities, Lesbian, Gay, Bi-sexual, Trans- gender, Inter-sexual, Queer, Asexual plus (LGBTIQA+'s) and Families experiencing Gender Based Violence	beneficiaries who received psychosocial support services	Consolidated Database of beneficiaries who received psychosocial support services.	Consolidated Database of beneficiaries who received psychosocial support services	Database of beneficiaries who received	persons who received Psychosocial support	Count the number of beneficiaries receiving Psychosocial support services.		Improved well-being of children, youth and adults participating in psychosocial support services. Increase in the coverage of beneficiaries in need of Psychosocial support services.	Manager	District Director

2.5: SOCIAL RELIEF

2.5.1 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of beneficiaries who benefited from DSD Social Relief Programmes

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year end

DEFINITION: This indicator counts the number of reported people who experience undue hardships (due to poverty and natural disasters) receiving counselling and material aid (uniform, clothing, food parcels etc.)

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province

ASSUMPTIONS: More people were reached leading to improved wellbeing of beneficiaries who are experiencing undue hardship

DISAGREGATION OF BENEFICIARIES	sou	IRCE OF DATA/ MI	EANS OF VERIFICAT	TION		CALCULATION/	REPORTING CYCLE	DESIRED PERFORMANCE	INDICATOR RESPONSIBILITY	VALIDATION RESPONSIBILITY
	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:		ASSESSMENT				
Vulnerable groups (Youth, women, men, Older Persons, Persons with disabilities, Child headed households)	Consolidated database of beneficiaries who benefited from DSD Social Relief Programmes	Consolidated database of beneficiaries who benefited from DSD Social Relief Programmes	beneficiaries who benefited from DSD	beneficiaries who benefited from DSD	files with (application forms, ID	Count the number of people who benefited from DSD Social Relief programmes		Improved wellbeing of beneficiaries who are experiencing undue hardship	Social Work Manager	District Director

2.5.2 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of leaners who benefitted through Integrated School Health Programmes

CALCULATION TYPE: Non-Cumulative Highest Figure

DEFINITION: This indicator counts the number of learners in Quintile 1,2 & 3 schools provided with material support as outlined in the Integrated School Health Programme.

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province

SPATIAL TRANSFOR	MATION: Thi	s indicator will be in	mplemented in all 6	Districts and 2 Metro	s with special focus on	the 39 poorest wards	of the Province			
ASSUMPTIONS: Impre	oved educatio	nal outcomes in ide	entified schools							
DISAGREGATION	S	OURCE OF DATA	/ MEANS OF VERIF	ICATION	SOURCE OF DATA	METHOD OF	REPORTING	DESIRED PERFORMANCE	INDICATOR	VALIDATION
OF BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:		CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE		RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
Youth at school	-	1. Consolidated database of learners who received material support through Integrated School health Programme		-	Certificate/ Affidavit of the beneficiary		Quarterly	Learners in identified schools access material support as part Integrated School Health.	Social Work Manager	District Director

3.1 MANAGEMENT AND SUPPORT

		nce and reporting sess cator will be implement		and 2 Metros with spe	cial focus on the 39 po	orest wards of the Pro	vince			
	ective, efficient huma				es organisational perfor			20020		
ISAGREGATION OF BENEFICIARIES	CHARTER 4.	MEANS OF VER	RIFICATION/POE QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:	SOURCE OF DATA	METHOD OF CALCULATION/	REPORTING CYCLE	DESIRED PERFORMANCE	INDICATOR RESPONSIBILITY	VALIDATION RESPONSIBILITY
F BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER I.	QUARTER 2.	QUARTER 3.	QUARTER 4.		ASSESSMENT	CTOLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILIT
rogramme Staff women, men, ersons with isabilities)	Report, 3. May Monthly Report, 4. Fourth Quarterly Report	Report, 2. July Monthly Report, 3. August Monthly Report, 4. 1st Quarterly Report, 5. Three Signed IYM Reports	monthly Report, / 2. October Monthly Report, / 3. November Monthly Report, / 4. Second Quarterly Report, 5. Half Year Report 16. Three Signed IYM Reports	monthly Report, 2. January Monthly Report, 3. February Monthly Report, 4. Third Quarterly Report, 5. Annual Performance	Reports & Performance Plans		eQuarterly	Strategic Support provided to all suprogrammes.		District Director

3.2 CARE AND SERVICES TO FAMILIES

3.2.1 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of family members participating in family preservation services

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year end

DEFINITION: This indicator counts the total number of family members participating in family preservation services as outlined in the norms and standards for services to families. These include 24-hour intensive family support, youth mentorship and support, community conferencing, marriage preparation and marriage enrichment as outlined in the White Paper for Families (2013) and Manual for family preservation. These are services rendered by both governments, NPO's and NGO's.

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented across all 8 Districts

ASSUMPTIONS: Increased number of family members accessing preservation services towards keeping children, youth and adults at home/ community with their families

DISAGREGATION		MEANS OF VE	RIFICATION/POE		SOURCE OF DATA	METHOD OF	REPORTING	DESIRED	INDICATOR	VALIDATION
OF BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:		QUALIFICATION/ ASSESMENT	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
All Family Members inclusive of vulnerable groups (Youth, women, men, Older Persons, Persons with disabilities, Children)	consolidated standardized Database of family members participated in family preservation	Signed consolidated standardized Database of family members participated in family preservation services and programmes	standardized Database of family members participated in family preservation services and	consolidated Standardized Database of		Quantitative (Simple Count)		Preserved, improved wellbeing and well- functional families	Social Work Manager	District Director

3.2.2 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of family members re-united with their families

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year end

DEFINITION: This indicator counts the number of all family members reunited with their families and refers to family members who were removed or displaced and are successfully reunited with their families or communities as stipulated in the Guidelines on Reunification Services for Families. These are services rendered by NGOs, NPOs and Government

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented across all 8 Districts

ASSUMPTIONS: Increased number of family members reunited with their families receiving support from their families.

DISAGREGATION OF		MEANS OF VE	RIFICATION/POE		SOURCE OF DATA		REPORTING CYCLE	DESIRED	INDICATOR	VALIDATION
BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:		CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT		PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
All Family Members inclusive of vulnerable groups (Youth, women, men, Older Persons, Persons with disabilities, Children)	standardized Database of Family	standardized Database of Family members reunited with	consolidated standardized Database of Family members reunited with their families	consolidated standardized Database of			,	To keep families together and encourage families to take responsibility of their family or community members.		District Director

3.2.3 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of family members participating in Parenting Programmes

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year end

DEFINITION: This indicator counts the number of family members participated in parenting programmes such as Positive parenting, Teenage parents and Parenting skills. These services are rendered by Government, NPO's and NGO's

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented across all 8 Districts

ASSUMPTIONS: Increased number of family members participating in parenting programmes to enhance parent-child bonding and lessen the chances of children growing up with behavioral problems

DISAGREGATION OF		MEANS OF VER	RIFICATION/POE		SOURCE OF DATA		REPORTING	DESIRED	INDICATOR	VALIDATION
BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:		QUALIFICATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
All Family Members inclusive of vulnerable groups (Youth, women, men, Older Persons, Persons with disabilities, Children)	standardized Database of families participated in	Signed consolidated standardized Database of families participated in parenting programmes	standardized Database of families participated in parenting	Signed consolidated standardized Database of families participated in parenting programmes	Attendance Registers of all family members participated in parenting programmes			Preserved, improved wellbeing, well- functional and empowered families with parenting skills	Social Work Manager	District Director

3.3 CHILDCARE AND PROTECTION

3.3.1 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of reported cases of child abuse

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year end

DEFINITION: This refers to the number of children reported to have been abused in line with section 110 as well as 11 - 128A of the Children's Act 38 of 2005 as amended.

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: Municipalities and Wards within the eight (8) Districts of the Eastern Cape

DISAGREGATION		MEANS OF VER	RIFICATION/POE		SOURCE OF DATA	METHOD OF	REPORTING	DESIRED	INDICATOR	VALIDATION
OF BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:		QUALIFICATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
all children under the ige of 18 in need or iare and protection.		Consolidated standardized database of reported cases of child abuse.			reported cases of child abuse (to be strictly in the service		Quarterly	Reporting of abused children so that they receive therapeutic and appropriate interventions. Determine extent of the different forms of abuse and ensure appropriate prevention and early intervention programmes. Registering of perpetrators of child abuse in Part B of Child Protection Register (CPR)		District Director

3.3.2 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of children placed with valid foster care orders

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year to date

DEFINITION: This indicator counts the number of children 0-18 years of age, placed in foster care with valid foster care orders as well as persons whom were placed in foster care and have been approved to remain in Foster Care in terms of Section 176 of the Children's Act, 38 of 2005.

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: Municipalities and Wards within the eight (8) Districts of the Eastern Cape

ASSUMPTIONS: To protect and nurture children by providing safe, healthy environment with positive support and promote the goals of permanency planning.

DISAGREGATION		MEANS OF VER	IFICATION/POE		SOURCE OF DATA		REPORTING	DESIRED	INDICATOR	VALIDATION
OF BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:		QUALIFICATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
All children under the age of 18 years in need of care and protection including those persons who still require extension of their placement beyond 18 years of age until they turn age 21 years old.	standardized database of children placed with valid foster care orders	children placed with valid foster	children	standardized database of children placed with	Process files with valid foster care court orders (to be strictly in the service office to maintain confidentiality)	Count)		To safeguard all children in need of Care and Protection within the Eastern Cape Province through placement, extension and review of foster care orders	Manager	District Director

Foot note: This number will go up and down in every guarter and at the end of the year due to application of the following Sections of the Children's Act, 38 of 2005:

- Sections 156 & 186: New placement
- Section 171: transfer of a child from one alternative care to another
- Section 175: discharge of a child from foster care placement
- Section 187: re-unification of a child with his/her biological parent(s) or family
- Section 189: termination of foster care
- Death of a child in a foster care placement

3.3.3 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of children placed in Foster Care

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year end

DEFINITION: This indicator counts the number of children in need of care and protection newly placed in the Foster Care in line with the Children's Act 38 of 2005.

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: Ensuring provision of Foster Care Services across the eight Districts of the Province (Alfred Nzo, Amathole, Buffalo City Metro, Chris Hani, Joe Gqabi, Nelson Mandela Metro, Sarah Baartman and OR

ASSUMPTIONS: To provide access to foster care services towards promotion of permanency planning as well as connecting children to other safe and nurturing family relationships intended to last a lifetime. Improvement in the effectiveness of foster care services.

DISAGREGATION			RIFICATION/POE		SOURCE OF DATA	METHOD OF	REPORTING	DESIRED	INDICATOR	VALIDATION
OF BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:		CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
Children found to be in need of Care and Protection under the age of 18.	Consolidated standardized database of children placed in Foster Care.	Consolidated standardized database of children placed in Foster Care.	Consolidated standardized database of children placed in Foster Care.	standardized database of	Process files for children placed in Foster Care (to be strictly kept in the service office to maintain confidentiality)	(Simple Count)		To safeguard all children in need of Care and Protection within the Eastern Cape Province through placement in stable families	Manager	District Director

3.3.4 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of children in foster care re-unified with their families

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year end

DEFINITION: This indicator counts the number of children in foster care reunited with their families in line with the Children's Act, 38 of 2005.

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: Municipalities and Wards within the eight (8) Districts of the Eastern Cape

DISAGREGATION		MEANS OF VEF	RIFICATION/POE		SOURCE OF DATA		REPORTING CYCLE	T	INDICATOR	VALIDATION
OF BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:		CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT		PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
Children in need of care and protection under 18 years requiring permanent care	Consolidated database of children in foster care reunified with their families	Consolidated database of children in foster care reunified with their families	Consolidated database of children in foster care reunified with their families	Consolidated database of children in foster care reunified with their families				Stable and permanent care with families for children in need of care and protection	Manager	District Director

3.3.4 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of children in foster care re-unified with their families

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year end

DEFINITION: This indicator counts the number of children in foster care reunited with their families in line with the Children's Act, 38 of 2005.

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: Municipalities and Wards within the eight (8) Districts of the Eastern Cape

ASSUMPTIONS: Increased number of children placed in Foster Care who are being reunited with their families

DISAGREGATION		MEANS OF VER	RIFICATION/POE		SOURCE OF DATA		REPORTING CYCLE		INDICATOR	VALIDATION
OF BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:		CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT		PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
Children in need of care and protection under 18 years requiring permanent care	2. Consolidated database of children in foster care re- unified with their families	Consolidated database of children in foster care reunified with their families	Consolidated database of children in foster care reunified with their families	Consolidated database of children in foster care reunified with their families					Social Work Manager	District Director

3.3.5 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of people accessing Prevention and Early Intervention Programmes (PEIP)

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year end

DEFINITION: This indicator counts the number of people accessing Prevention and Early Intervention Programmes (PEIP) in line with Chapter 8 of the Children's Act 38 of 2005 as amended.

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: Municipalities and Wards within the eight (8) Districts of the Eastern Cape

DISAGREGATION		MEANS OF VE	RIFICATION/POE		SOURCE OF	METHOD OF	REPORTING	DESIRED PERFORMANCE	INDICATOR	VALIDATION
OF BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:	DATA	QUALIFICATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE		RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
Persons including children.	Consolidated standardized database of people accessing PEI Programmes implemented	Consolidated standardized database of people accessing PEI Programmes implemented	Consolidated standardized database of people accessing PEI Programmes implemented	standardized database of people accessing PEI Programmes implemented	Attendance Registers of all people accessing Prevention and Early Intervention Programmes (PEIP) and a process file for each PEIP Programme conducted kept at a local service office.		Quarterly	To safeguard persons and all children within the Eastern Cape Province through promoting access to Prevention and Early Intervention Programmes (PEIP) to strengthen the base of child protection triangle and reduce demand for statutory intervention as well	Manager	District Director

3.3.6 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of children recommended for adoption

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year end

DEFINITION: This refers to the number of children in need of care and protection recommended for adoption to be presented before the presiding officers by the Adoption Social workers for the purposes of granting order for adoption in line with the Adoption Chapter – Chapter 15 of the Children's Act 38 of 2005 as amended.

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: Municipalities and Wards within the eight (8) Districts of the Eastern Cape

ASSUMPTIONS: Increase in number of children recommended for adoption towards permanency placement in the care of adoptive parents to protect and nurture these children by providing a safe healthy lifetime.

DISAGREGATION		MEANS OF VE	RIFICATION/POE		SOURCE OF	METHOD OF	REPORTING CYCLE	DESIRED	INDICATOR	VALIDATION
OF BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:	DATA	CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT		PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
Children in need of care and protection under eighteen years requiring permanent care	3. Consolidated database of children recommended for adoption	Consolidated database of children recommended for adoption	Consolidated database of children recommended for adoption		Adoption Applications	Quantitative (Simple Count)	,	Stable and permanent care for children in need of care and protection		District Director

3.4 PARTIAL CARE SERVICES

3.4.1 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of newly registered partial care facilities

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year end

DEFINITION: This indicator counts the number of registered partial care (funded and un-funded) facilities (excluding ECD centers) for that quarter including after school care, private hostels and temporary respite care)

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: Municipalities and Wards within the eight (8) Districts prioritizing poorest wards in the Eastern Cape Province

ASSUMPTIONS: Increase in number of registered Partial Care Facilities that are complying with norms and standards as stipulated in the Children's Act No 38 of 2005.

DISAGREGATION	SOURCE	OF DATA/ MEANS	OF VERIFICATION	N/POE	SOURCE OF		REPORTING		INDICATOR	VALIDATION
OF BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:	DATA	CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
Children 0-18	Dated and signed database of newly registered Partial Care facilities	signed database of newly registered Partial	signed database of newly registered Partial	signed database of newly registered Partial Care facilities	registration	Count)	Quarterly	Increased number of Registered Partial Care facilities		District Director

3.4.2 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of children accessing newly registered Partial Care facilities

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year end

DEFINITION: This indicator counts the number of children (0-18 years) accessing registered Partial Care facilities (funded and un-funded)

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: Municipalities and Wards within the eight (8) Districts prioritizing poorest wards in the Eastern Cape Province

ASSUMPTIONS: Increase in number of children accessing registered Partial Care facilities and are complying with norms and standards as stipulated in the Children's Act No 38 of 2005.

DISAGREGATION OF	SOUR	CE OF DATA/ MEAN	S OF VERIFICATIO	N/POE	SOURCE OF DATA			DESIRED		VALIDATION
BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:		CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
	signed database of children	registered Partial Care facilities	database of children newly accessing registered Partial	signed database of children newly accessing registered Partial Care facilities	Attendance Registers of children accessing		,	Increased number of children accessing registered Partial Care facilities		District Director

3.4.3. INDICATOR TI	TLE: Number of ch	ildren benefitting fro	om funded Special I	Day Care Centres				CALCULATION TYP	E: Non-Cumulative Hig	hest Figure			
DEFINITION: This indic	ator counts the num	ber of children benefit	ting from funded Spe	cial Day Care Centr	es								
SPATIAL TRANSFORM	MATION: Municipalit	ies and Wards within	the eight (8) Districts	prioritizing poorest	wards in the Eastern	Cape Province							
ASSUMPTIONS: Increa	SSUMPTIONS: Increase in number of children benefitting from funded Special Day Care Centres												
DISAGREGATION OF	ISAGREGATION OF SOURCE OF DATA/ MEANS OF VERIFICATION/POE SOURCE OF DATA METHOD OF REPORTING DESIRED INDICATOR VALIDATION												
BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:		CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY			
Children 0-18	signed database of children benefiting from	funded Špecial day Care centres	database of children benefiting from funded Special day Care	signed database of children benefiting from	Attendance register of children benefitting from funded Special Day	,		Increase in number of children benefitting from funded Special Day Care Centres		District Director			

3.5 CHILD AND YOUTH CARE CENTRES

3.5.1 INDICATOR T	ITLE: Number of c	hildren in need of	care and protection	accessing service	es in funded Child a	and Youth Care Centi	res	CALCULATION TYPE:	Non-cumulative higher	est figure
DEFINITION: This indi	cator counts the total	al number of childre	n currently placed in	Government-owned	and funded NPO CI	hild and Youth Care C	enters. It includ	les children placed with court ord	ders and form 36.	
SPATIAL TRANSFOR	RMATION: Municipa	lities and Wards with	nin the eight (8) Dist	ricts of the Eastern (Cape					
ASSUMPTIONS: Care	and protection of c	hildren in need of ca	re and protection							
DISAGREGATION		MEANS OF VER	RIFICATION/POE		SOURCE OF	METHOD OF	REPORTING	DESIRED PERFORMANCE	INDICATOR	VALIDATION
OF BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:	DATA	CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE		RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
						ASSESSIMENT				
All children under the		1. Consolidated	Consolidated	Consolidated			,	, ,	Social Work Manager	District Director
age of eighteen in need of care and		standardized database of	standardized database of	standardized database of	with valid court orders or	Count)		promoting access in Child and Youth Care Centres		
protection including					completed form 36.			Todar odre odnaco		
those persons who	of care and	of care and	need of care		Process File (to be					
still require extension	l ' .	protection	and protection		strictly kept in the					
beyond eighteen	accessing	accessing	accessing	-	CYCC to maintain					
years as well as continued stay until	services in funded Child				confidentiality)					
age 21	and Youth Care									
-3	Centers.	Centers.	Centers.	Care Centers.						

3.5.2 INDIC	ATOR TITLE: Number	er of children in CY	CCs re-unified with	their families			CA	ALCULATION TYPE:	Cumulative year end	
DEFINITION: This	indicator counts the	number of children	in CYCCs care re-u	nited with their fami	lies during that quart	er.				
SPATIAL TRANSI	ORMATION: Municip	palities and Wards w	ithin the eight (8) Dis	tricts of the Eastern (Cape					
ASSUMPTIONS:	Care and protection of	children in need of	care and protection							
DISAGREGATION		MEANS OF VE	RIFICATION/POE		SOURCE OF	METHOD OF	REPORTING CYCLE			VALIDATION
OF BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:	DATA	CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT		PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
	database of children in CYCCs reunited with their	children in CYCCs	children in CYCCs reunited with their	database of children in CYCCs reunited with their	service office to	Count)	Quarterly	To protect children through promoting access in Child and Youth Care Centers		District Director

3.6 COMMUNITY BASED CARE SERVICES FOR CHILDREN

3.6.1 INDICA	TOR TITLE: Number of	f children reached thro	ugh Community Bas	ed Prevention and E	arly Intervention Prog	jrammes		CALCULATIO	ON TYPE: Cumulative	year to date
DEFINITION: This in	dicator counts the numb	er of children reached th	rough community-bas	ed prevention and ear	rly intervention program	nmes.				
SPATIAL TRANSFO	RMATION: Municipalitie	es and Wards within the	eight (8) Districts of the	e Eastern Cape						
ASSUMPTIONS: Inc	crease in number of child	Iren and youth accessing	g services community-l	pased Prevention and	early Intervention Prog	grammes				
DISAGREGATION		MEANS OF VERIF	FICATION/POE		SOURCE OF DATA	METHOD OF	REPORTING	DESIRED	INDICATOR	VALIDATION
OF BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:		CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
eighteen including youth between 18 – 24 years.	database of children accessing services through Community Based PEIP	database of children accessing services through Community Based PEIP	database of children accessing services through Community Based PEIP	accessing services through Community Based PEIP Standardized data	Attendance Registers of children and youth between 18-24 years accessing services through the Prevention and Early Intervention Programmes.	Count)	•	Children protected through promoting access to Community Based Prevention and Early Intervention Programmes	Manager	District Director
	base of Youth accessing services through community	base of Youth accessing services	accessing services through community	accessing services through community based PEIP						

PROGRAMME 4: RESTORATIVE SERVICES

4.1: MANAGEMENT AND SUPPORT

1.1 INDICATO	R TITLE: Num	ber of	support se	ervices c	o-ordinated							CA	LCULATION TYPE: Co	imulative year end	
						ıd m	nanagement suppo	ort provid	ed by the prog	ramme manager t	to all	the sub-program	nmes for effective functi	oning of entire program	me. This is done
ough the coordinate															
					nted in all 6 Districts a						Prov	vince			
	ective, efficient	humar			t. Coordination of sup	opor									
SAGREGATION	OUA DEED 4				RIFICATION/POE			SOURC		METHOD OF		REPORTING	DESIRED	INDICATOR	VALIDATION
F BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	(QUARTER 2	2:	QUARTER 3:	QU	JARTER 4:			CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT		CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILIT
ogramme Staff		onthly	1. June	Monthly		1.			Performance		mple	Quarterly	Strategic Support		District Director
omen, men,	Report		Report		monthly Report,		monthly Report,		Financial	Count)				sub Manager	
			2. July Mor		2. October Monthly	/2.		Reports	& Diama				programmes.		
sabilities)	Report, 3. May Mo	onthly	3. August	iviontniy	Report, 3. November	١	Monthly Report, February	Perrorma	ince Plans						
	Report,		Report, 4. 1st	Quarterly		ال	Monthly Report,								
	4. Fourth Qua		Report,	Quarterry		4.									
	Report		5. Three	Signed		''	Report,								
		igned	IYM Rep		Report,	5.	Annual								
	IYM Report	s	6. First		5. Half Year Report	t	Performance								
	Annual Rep	ort	Annual		6. Three Signed		Plan,								
			Perform	ance	IYM Reports	6.	Annual								
			Plan	D (Operational								
			7. First Annual	Draft		_	Plan Three Signed								
			Operation	nnal		l' ·	Three Signed IYM Reports								
			Plan	Jilai		8.	Final Budget								
			8. First	Budget		.	Plan								
			Plan	3 - 1			-								

4.2 CRIME PREVENTION AND SUPPORT

4.2.1 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of persons reached through Social Crime Prevention Programmes

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year end

DEFINITION: This indicator counts the number of persons (children and adults) reached through developmental life skills programmes, Community dialogues, outreach, door-to-door, awareness programmes, conferencing and seminars in line with the Integrated Social Crime Prevention Strategy (2011)

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province

ASSUMPTIONS: People will participate in crime awareness and life skills programmes. Increase in the number of persons reached through social crime prevention programmes

DISAGREGATION		MEANS OF VERI	FICATION/POE		SOURCE OF DATA			DESIRED PERFORMANCE		VALIDATION
OF BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:		CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE		RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
women and men.	standardized database of persons reached through Social Crime Prevention	standardized database of persons reached through Social Crime Prevention	database of persons reached through Social Crime Prevention	standardised database of persons reached through Social			,	Create awareness and reduce levels of crime and violence		District Director

4.2.2 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of persons in conflict with the law who completed Diversion Programmes

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year to date

DEFINITION: This indicator counts the number of persons (children and adults) in conflict with the law who completed diversion programmes.

SPATIAL TRANSFOR	RMATION: This indic	cator will be impleme	ented in all 6 Distric	ts and 2 Metros with	special focus on the 39	poorest wards of	the Province			
ASSUMPTIONS: Per	sons in conflict with t	the law who are refe	erred to diversion pro	ogrammes complete	the programme.					
DISAGREGATION		MEANS OF VER	RIFICATION/POE		SOURCE OF DATA		REPORTING	DESIRED PERFORMANCE		VALIDATION
OF BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:		CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE		RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
Children in conflict with the law.	database of persons in conflict with the law who completed	persons in conflict with the law who completed diversion	persons in conflict with the law who completed diversion	Consolidated database of persons in conflict with the law who completed diversion programmes	Diversion orders Attendance Registers	(Simple Count)		All persons in conflict with the law who access diversion programmes are empowered with life skills that will make them productive members of the society	-	District Director

	R TITLE: Number of cl						CALCU	LATION TYPE: Cumu	lative year to date				
DEFINITION: The indic													
SPATIAL TRANSFORM													
	UMPTIONS: Children in conflict with the law awaiting trial or sentenced in Child and Youth Care Centres participate in therapeutic and vocational skills programmes												
DISAGREGATION OF													
BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1: QUARTER 2: QUARTER 3: QUARTER 4: CALCULATION/ CYCLE PERFORMANCE RESPONSIBILITY RESPONSIBILITY												
		ASSESSMENT											
Children and youth in	Consolidated												
conflict with the laws.	standardised	standardised	standardised	standardised		(Simple Count)		with the law awaiting	_				
	database of	database of	database of	database of	Beneficiary files	,		trial or sentenced in					
	children in conflict	children in	children in	children in conflict	,			Child and Youth Care					
	with the law who	conflict with the	conflict with the	with the law who				Centres accessed					
	accessed secure law who law who accessed secure vocational and life												
	care centres	accessed secure	accessed secure	care centres				skills training					
		care centres	care centres					programmes					

4.3 VICTIM EMPOWERMENT PROGRAMME

4.3.1 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of victims of crime and violence accessing support services

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year to date

DEFINITION: The indicator counts all the individuals that suffer harm due to acts of physical, emotional, sexual abuse, including domestic and gender-based violence and femicide who accessed support services in Victim Empowerment Programme service centres. These include services rendered at Shelters, Green and White Doors Houses, Welfare Organizations, NPOs, NGOs, Social Service Practitioners, DSD service points and Thuthuzela Care Centres and other service organisations funded by DSD.

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province

ASSUMPTIONS: All victims of crime and violence access care and support services.

DISAGREGATION OF			SOURCE OF DATA	METHOD OF	REPORTING	DESIRED	INDICATOR	VALIDATION		
BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:		CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
Vulnerable groups (women and children) (Youth, men, Older Persons, Persons with disabilities, LGBTIQA persons)	victims of crime and violence	victims of crime and violence accessing support	violence accessing	database of victims of crime	Beneficiary Files	Quantitative (Simple Count)	,	All survivors are empowered, their dignity restored and are self- reliant.	Social Work Manager	District Director

	OR TITLE: Number				ervices afficking who accessed	social services.	CALCU	ILATION TYPE: Cur	nulative year end	
SPATIAL TRANSFO		icator will be implen	mented in all 6 Distric	ts and 2 Metros		the 39 poorest wards of the Province)			
DISAGREGATION		MENS OF VERIF	ICATION/POE				REPORTING	DESIRED	INDICATOR	VALIDATION
OF BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:	SOURCE OF DATA	METHOD OF CALCULATION/ASSESSMENT	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
Children, youth, women and men.	Consolidated database of human trafficking victims who accessed social services	Consolidated database of human trafficking victims who accessed social services	Consolidated database of human trafficking victims who accessed social services	1. Consolidated database of human trafficking victims who accessed social services	Beneficiary Files	Quantitative (Simple Count)	Quarterly	All survivors are empowered, their dignity restored and are self- reliant.	Social Work Manager	District Director

DEFINITION: This ind SPATIAL TRANSFOR	DEFINITION: This indicator counts the number of victims of gender-based violence and crime and their children, accessing sheltering services (Khuseleka/shelters and white doors). SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province ASSUMPTIONS: All victims of gender-based violence and crime in need of shelter accommodation access protection, care and support services										
DISAGREGATION		MEANS OF VERIF	ICATION/POE		SOURCE OF DATA	METHOD OF	REPORTING	DESIRED	INDICATOR	VALIDATION	
OF BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:		CALCUATION/	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY	
						ASSESSMENT					
Women and men with	 Consolidated 	 Consolidated 	 Consolidated 	 Consolidated 	Beneficiary Files	Quantitative	Quarterly	All survivors admitted in	Social Work	District Director	
	database of victims			database of		(Simple Count)		shelters are	Manager		
	of GBVF and crime	of GBVF and crime	victims of GBVF	victims of GBVF				empowered, their			
	who accessed	who accessed	and crime who	and crime who				dignity restored and are			
	sheltering services.	sheltering services.	accessed	accessed				self-reliant.			
			sheltering	sheltering							
			services.	services.							

4.3.4 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of persons reached through Gender Based Violence Prevention Programmes

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year end

DEFINITION: This indicator counts the number of persons (children and adults) reached through Gender Based Violence Prevention Programmes (developmental life skills programmes, dialogues, outreach, door-to-door, awareness programmes, conferencing and seminars)

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province

ASSUMPTIONS: All people empowerment through Gender Based Violence prevention programmes in communities

DISAGREGATION OF		MEANS OF VE	RIFICATION/POE		SOURCE OF DATA		REPORTING	DESIRED	INDICATOR	VALIDATION RESPONSIBILITY
BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:		CALCUATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	
and Youth	1.Consolidated database of persons reached through Gender Based Violence Prevention Programmes	reached through Gender Based Violence	persons reached through Gender Based Violence	Consolidated database of persons reached through Gender Based Violence Prevention Programmes	Registers	Quantitative (Simple Count)	Quarterly	Create awareness and reduce levels of gender-based violence and crime.	Social Work Manager	District Director

4.4 SUBSTANCE ABUSE PREVENTION AND REABILITATION

4.4.1. INDICATOR TITLE: Number of people reached through Substance Abuse Prevention Programmes

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year end

DEFINITION: The indicator relates to prevention programmes implemented by NPOs and Government in addressing issues of substance abuse through awareness and educational programmes targeting hot spot areas, schools and Institutions of Higher Learning

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province

ASSUMPTIONS: People participate in drug prevention and educational awareness campaigns.

DISAGREGATION OF		MEANS OF VERIFICATION/POE					REPORTING	DESIRED	INDICATOR	VALIDATION
BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:	DATA	CALCUATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
Children, youth, women and man.	1. Consolidated database of people reached through Substance Abuse Prevention Programmes	people reached through Substance Abuse	Consolidated database of people reached through Substance Abuse Prevention Programmes	Consolidated database of people reached through Substance Abuse Prevention Programmes		Quantitative (Simple Count)		Increased awareness on the effects of substance abuse.	Social Work Manager	District Director

4.4.2. INDICATOR TITLE: Number of service users who accessed Substance Use Disorder (SUD) treatment services

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year to date

DEFINITION: The indicator refers to people who have accessed a residential and non-residential treatment and Rehabilitation services at Treatment or / community based centre providing a specialized social, psychological and medical services to service users and to persons affected by substance abuse with a view to addressing the social and health consequences associated therewith.

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province

SEATIAL TIVE	AINOI OI	TINATION. THIS IN	ilcator will be impr	emented in all 0 Dis	stricts and 2 Metros v	nui special locus on the	33 poorest wards or	uie i iovilice			
ASSUMPTION	NS: Serv	vice users will acce	ss treatment and	rehabilitation progra	ammes.						
DISAGREGAT	TION	MEANS OF VERIFICATION/POE				SOURCE OF DATA	METHOD OF	REPORTING	DESIRED PERFORMANCE	INDICATOR	VALIDATION RESPONSIBILITY
OF BENEFICI	IARIES	QUARTER 1: QUARTER 2: QUARTER 3: QUARTER 4:		QUARTER 4:			CYCLE		RESPONSIBILITY		
							ASSESSMENT				
Children,	youth,	 Database of 	1. Database of	f1. Database o	f 1. Database of	Attendance Registers	Quantitative	Quarterly	Treatment and rehabilitation	nSocial Work Manage	District Director
women and m	an.	service users	service users	s service users	s service users		(Simple Count)		services are accessible to		
		who accessed	l who	who accessed	who accessed				people who are need of the	e	
		Substance Use	accessed	Substance Use	Substance Use				service.		
		Disorder (SUD)	Substance	Disorder (SUD)	Disorder (SUD)						
		treatment	Use Disorder		treatment						
		services	(SUD)	services	services						
ĺ		00111000	treatment	33,1,000	33111303						
			services								

5.1 MANAGEMENT AND SUPPORT

INDICATOR TITLE: Number of support services co-ordinated CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year end **DEFINITION:** The main purpose of this indicator is to track the strategic direction and management support provided by the programme manager to all the sub-programmes for effective functioning of entire programme. This is done through the coordination of planning, finance and reporting sessions. SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province ASSUMPTIONS: Effective, efficient human capital development. Coordination of support services improves organisational performance MEANS OF VERIFICATION/POE SOURCE OF DATA METHOD OF REPORTING DESIRED INDICATOR VALIDATION DISAGREGATION OF BENEFICIARIES QUARTER 1: CALCULATION/ PERFORMANCE RESPONSIBILITY RESPONSIBILITY **QUARTER 2:** CYCLE QUARTER 3: QUARTER 4: ASSESSMENT isCommunity Programme Staff Monthly 1. June Monthly 1. September 1. December Signed PerformanceQuantitative (SimpleQuarterly Strategic Support District Director 1. March monthly Report. monthly Report, Report. Financial Count) provided to all subDevelopment (women, men, Report Report. persons with 2. April Monthly 2. July Monthly 2. October 2. January Reports programmes. Manager Monthly Report, Performance Plans disabilities) Report. Report. Monthly Report, 3. May Monthly 3. August Monthly 3. November 3. February Monthly Report, Monthly Report, Report, Report, 4. Third Quarterly 4. Fourth Quarterly 4. 1st Quarterly 4. Second Report, Report Quarterly Report. 5. Three Signed 5. Three Signed Report. 5. Annual IYM Reports IYM Reports 5. Half Year Performance 6. Annual Report 6. First Draft Report Plan. 6. Three Signed 6. Annual Annual Performance IYM Reports Operational Plan Plan 7. Three Signed 7. First Draft IYM Reports Annual Operational 8. Final Budget Plan Plan 8. First Budget Plan

5.2. COMMUNITY MOBILIZATION

5.2.1 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of people reached through Community Mobilization Programmes

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year to date

DEFINITION: This Indicator counts the number of people attending a mobilization session which may be a dialogue, advocacy, campaign, information sharing session. This may include Ministerial programmes such as Imikhonzo, Mayoral outreach programmes and limbizos.

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province

ASSUMPTIONS: People attending mobilization sessions are capacitated by information received and empowered to access service delivery from government

DISAGREGATION OF		MEANS OF VERIF	ICATION/POE		SOURCE OF	METHOD OF	REPORTING	DESIRED	INDICATOR	VALIDATION
BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:	DATA	CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
Members of designated groups such as Women, Youth, Persons with Disabilities Vulnerable Communities and households which may fall within the 39 poorest wards	proceedings of the mobilization session conducted. 2. Signed Attendance	Report on the nature and proceedings of the mobilization session conducted. Signed Attendance registers	Report on the nature and proceedings of the mobilization session conducted. Signed Attendance registers	Report on the nature and proceedings of the mobilization session conducted. Attendance registers.	Attendance Registers	Quantitative (Simple Count)	Quarterly	Increase in number of people reached through Community Mobilization Programmes.	Community Development Manager	District Director

SPATIAL TRANSFORM								n existing Policy Frame	works and Practice Guidelin	nes				
ASSUMPTIONS: Improve	JMPTIONS: Improved conscientization and organisation of communities contributing to active citizenry													
DISAGREGATION OF		MEANS OF VE	RIFICATION/POE		SOURCE OF	METHOD OF	REPORTING	DESIRED	INDICATOR	VALIDATION				
BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:	DATA	CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY				
	Consolidated database of community development structures	Consolidated database of community development structures	Consolidated database of community development structures	Consolidated database of community development structures	List of communities	Quantitative (Simple Count)	Quarterly	Increase in the number of communities organised to coordinate their own Development	Community Development Manager	District Director				

5.3 INSTITUTIONAL CAPACITY BUILDING AND SUPPORT FOR NPOS

5.3.1 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of NPOs capacitated

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year end

DEFINITION: Non-Profit Organizations are capacitated in identified interventions. This includes formal, accredited or non-accredited training facilitated to NPOs by accredited training providers and/or Departmental staff as well as mentorship and incubation in line with NPO Act, PFMA, Skills Development Act and GAAP. This indicator is implemented in partnership with other institutions such as Government Departments and Agencies, Private Sector and Civil Society.

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province

ASSUMPTIONS: Capacitation of NPOs improves functionality, governance, and compliance.

DISAGREGATION OF	MEANS OF VERI	FICATION/POE		SOURCE OF	METHOD OF		DESIRED	INDICATOR	VALIDATION
BENEFICIARIES QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:	DATA	CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
Registered and non-registered NPOs that operate in local communities. Members of leadership structures of NPOs are provided with training in areas that facilitate compliance of the NPO with the NPO Act. 1. Consolidat Database capacitate capacitater. 2. Attendance registers, Consolidat Capacity Reports	of Database conception of Capacitated NPO 2. Attendance registers, 3. Consolidated	NPOs 2. Attendance registers,	capacitated NPOs 2. Attendance registers, 3. Consolidated		Quantitative (Simple Count)	Quarterly	performance and	Community Development Manager	District Director

5.3.2 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of Cooperatives capacitated

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year end

DEFINITION: Cooperatives are capacitated in identified interventions. This refers to formal, accredited, or non-accredited training facilitated by accredited training providers and/or Departmental staff to Cooperatives as well as mentorship and incubation in line with Cooperative Act, PFMA, Skills Development Act and GAAP. This indicator is implemented in partnership with other institutions such as Government Departments and Agencies, Private Sector and Civil Society.

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province

ASSUMPTIONS: Cooperatives capacity is strengthened thereby increasing self-reliance and sustainability among the Cooperatives

DISAGREGATION OF		MEANS OF VE	RIFICATION/POE		SOURCE OF	METHOD OF	REPORTING	DESIRED	INDICATOR	VALIDATION
BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:	DATA	QUALIFICATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
Registered and non-registered Coops that operate in local communities. Members of leadership structures of Coops are provided with training in areas that facilitate compliance of the NPO with the NPO Act. Members of Coops are also provided with skills training in technical areas that improve quality of their produce	Database of trained Cooperatives 2. Attendance registers, 3. Consolidated capacity building	Consolidated Database of trained Cooperatives Attendance registers, Consolidated capacity building Reports	Consolidated Database of trained Cooperatives Attendance registers, Consolidated capacity building Reports	trained Cooperatives 2. Attendance registers, 3. Consolidated capacity	Attendance Registers Training Manuals	Quantitative (Simple Count)	Quarterly	performance and		District Director

5.3.3 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of work opportunities created through EPWP

CALCULATION TYPE: Non-Cumulative Highest Figure

DEFINITION: This indicator counts the number of work opportunities created for youth, women and Persons with disabilities through Equitable share budget, EPWP incentive and Integrated grants.

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province

ASSUMPTIONS: Employability resulting to access to income which will translate to a better life for all.

DISAGREGATION		MEANS OF VER	IFICATION/POE			METHOD OF	REPORTING	DESIRED	INDICATOR	VALIDATION
OF BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:	DATA	CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
people (including Graduates) Women	Signed database of all participants (young people and women) that received stipend through Equitable share budget, EPWP incentive and Integrated grants.	participants (young people and women) that received stipend through Equitable share budget and EPWP incentive and	all participants (young people and women) that received stipend through Equitable	participants (young people and women) that received stipend through Equitable share budget and EPWP incentive and	Files Attendance Registers	Quantitative (Simple Count)	Quarterly	for job	Community Development Manager	District Director

5.4 POVERTY ALLEVIATION AND SUSTAINABLE LIVELIHOODS

5.4.1 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of people benefiting from poverty reduction initiatives

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year to date

This indicator counts the total number of people who benefitted from poverty reduction initiatives during the quarter. Initiatives refer to projects i.e., that covers families, income generating projects and cooperatives, linking of poor households to livelihood opportunities such as support to change agents etc. Support means training, funding, capacity building, coaching, and mentoring in line National Food and Nutrition Policy, Cooperative Act and NPO Act.

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province

ASSUMPTIONS: Food security programmes enhance living conditions of vulnerable individuals.

DISAGREGATION OF		MEANS OF VER	RIFICATION/POE			METHOD OF	REPORTING	DESIRED	INDICATOR	VALIDATION
BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:	DATA	CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
Members of designated groups such as Women, Youth, Persons with Disabilities Vulnerable Communities and households which may fall within the 39 poorest wards	database of people benefiting from poverty reduction initiatives	people benefiting	1 1 1	database of people	Register	Quantitative (Simple Count)	Quarterly	Improved access to food at household level		District Director

INDICATOR TITLE: Number of households accessing food through DSD food security programmes

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year to-date

DEFINITION: This indicator counts the number of households which received nutritious food (household food gardens) through DSD food security programmes during the quarter in line with Integrated Food Security and Nutrition Policy 2000 and NPO Act 1996

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province

ASSUMPTIONS: Food security programmes enhance living conditions of vulnerable households.

5.4.2

	3 1 3 3 3	3								
DISAGREGATION OF		MEANS OF VER	RIFICATION/POE		SOURCE OF		REPORTING CYCLE		INDICATOR	VALIDATION
BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:	DATA	CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT		PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
Poorest Households including designated groups such as Women, Youth, Persons with Disabilities Vulnerable Communities and		households	Consolidated database of households accessing food		households	Quantitative (Simple Count)		Improved access to food at household level	,	District Director
households which may fall within the 39 poorest wards										

5.4.3 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of people accessing food through DSD feeding programmes (centre based)

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year to-date

DEFINITION: This indicator counts the number of people who accessed nutritious food through DSD centre-based feeding programmes such as CNDCs and shelters for homeless people in line with Integrated Food Security and Nutrition Policy (2000) and NPO Act 1996

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province

ASSUMPTIONS: Continuous access to nutritious food improves well-being of people.

DISAGREGATION		MEANS OF VER	RIFICATION/POE		SOURCE OF DATA		REPORTING CYCLE	DESIRED	INDICATOR	VALIDATION
OF BENEFICIARIES Q	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:		CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT		PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
Members of 1 designated groups such as Women, Youth, Persons with Disabilities Vulnerable Communities and households which may fall within the 39 poorest wards	Consolidated database of individuals served with food through DSD feeding Programs	Consolidated database of individuals served with food through DSD feeding Programs	food through	database of individuals served with food through	, and the second	Quantitative (Simple Count)			Community Development Manager	District Director

5.4.4 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of CNDC participants involved in developmental initiatives

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year end

DEFINITION: The indicator counts the number of people participating in CNDCs who have benefited through developmental programmes (income generation, skills development, life and interpersonal skills) in line with Skills Development Strategy 111, Integrated Food Security and Nutrition Policy 2002.

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province

ASSUMPTIONS: Increased number of CNDC participants linked to developmental programmes.

DISAGREGATION		MEANS OF VE	ERIFICATION/POE		SOURCE OF DATA	METHOD OF	REPORTING	DESIRED	INDICATOR	VALIDATION
OF BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:		QUALIFICATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
designated groups	participants involved in developmental initiatives	Consolidated databases of participants involved in developmental initiatives	Consolidated databases of participants involved in developmental initiatives	Consolidated databases of participants involved in developmental initiatives		Quantitative (Simple Count)	·	CNDC participants linked to developmental activities have improved self- reliance.	Community Development Manager	District Director

DEFINITION: This indica	INDICATOR TITLE: Number of cooperatives linked to economic opportunities ON: This indicator counts the number of cooperatives which are registered in the country that have been linked to economic opportunities in line with Cooperative Act 2004, Skills Development Act 2008 and GAAP 2019. TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province TIONS: Cooperatives linked to economic opportunities generate income												
ASSUMPTIONS: Coope	eratives linked to e	conomic opportunitie	s generate income										
DISAGREGATION OF													
BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:	DATA	CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY			
Cooperatives facilitated and funded by DSD that benefit unemployed youth, women and people with disabilities.		Consolidated databases of linked cooperatives	Consolidated databases of linked cooperatives		Signed contracts of Cooperatives linked to CNDCs	Quantitative (Simple Count)		Increased number of cooperatives linked to economic opportunities	Development	District Director			

5.5. COMMUNITY BASED RESEARCH AND PLANNING

5.5.1 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of households profiled **CALCULATION TYPE:** Cumulative year to-date **DEFINITION:** This indicator counts the number of household profiles as well as administration of household profiling tool in each targeted household to determine level of poverty according to the Norms and Standards 2019, Social Service Professions Practice Policy 2017 and Community Development Practice Policy 2017 SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province ASSUMPTIONS: Information gathered from profiling assists in planning interventions and relevant strategies to improve household livelihoods MEANS OF VERIFICATION/POE VALIDATION DISAGREGATION OF SOURCE OF METHOD OF REPORTING DESIRED PERFORMANCE INDICATOR BENEFICIARIES QUALIFICATION/ RESPONSIBILITY RESPONSIBILITY QUARTER 1: QUARTER 2: QUARTER 3: QUARTER 4: DATA CYCLE ASSESSMENT Quantitative (Simple Quarterly District Director Vulnerable households 1. Consolidated Consolidated Consolidated 1.Consolidated Completed Improved service delivery to Community that may fall within the database of database of database of database of Household Count) poor households through Development 39 poorest wards profiled profiled profiled profiled **Profiling Tools** relevant interventions. Manager households. households. households. households. 2. Approved 2. Approved Narrative Approved Approved Narrative report Narrative report Narrative report report of profiled of profiled of profiled of profiled households in a households in a households in a households in a village village village village

S S O INIDIOATOR TIT	15 N L (0	'' D I DI				0.41.0111.4714	ON TYPE O	1.0 () (
5.5.2 INDICATOR TIT	LE: Number of Cor	mmunity Based Plan	s developed			CALCULATIO	ON TYPE: Cumi	ulative year to-date		
					ion planning of the	communities to address	socio-economic	challenges in each ward	in line with Norms an	d Standards 2019,
Social Service Profession										
SPATIAL TRANSFORM										
ASSUMPTIONS: Comm	nunity Based Plans in					. ,				
DISAGREGATION OF			RIFICATION/POE				REPORTING	DESIRED	INDICATOR	VALIDATION
BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:	DATA		CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
						ASSESSMENT				
Communities targeted		1. Signed	1. Signed		Community-based	, ,	Quarterly		Community	District Director
for and participated in	,	Community	Community	,	plans.	Count)			Development	
the community mobilization activities of		Based Plans 2. Database of	Based Plans	Based Plans 2. Database of				interventions	Manager	
DSD.										
טטט.	community- based plans	community- based plans	community- based plans	community- based plans						
	developed	developed	developed	developed						
	developed	developed	developed	developed						

5.5.3 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of communities profiled in a ward

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year end

DEFINITION: This indicator counts the number of communities profiled in a ward through participatory rural appraisal as a form of community profiling tool in each targeted ward to determine levels of poverty according to the Norms and Standards 2019, Social Service Professions Practice Policy 2017 and Community Development Practice Policy 2017.

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province

ASSUMPTIONS: Information gathered from profiling assists in planning strategies to improve community development interventions

DISAGREGATION		MEANS OF VER	IFICATION/POE		SOURCE OF	METHOD OF	REPORTING	DESIRED PERFORMANCE	INDICATOR	VALIDATION
OF BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:	DATA	CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE		RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
Vulnerable Communities and that may fall within the 39 poorest wards		Attendance register o community members. Consolidated database o profiled communities	Attendance register o community members. Consolidated database o profiled communities	Attendance register o community members. Consolidated database o profiled communities	Community Profile (PRA)	Quantitative (Simp Count)	eQuarterly	Informed planning, decisions and interventions	Community Development Manager	District Director

5.5.4 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of profiled households linked to sustainable livelihood programmes **CALCULATION TYPE:** Cumulative to date **DEFINITION**: This indicator counts the number of Profiled households accessing sustainable livelihoods initiatives empowered through sustainable Livelihood programmes SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province ASSUMPTIONS: Resilient Families DISAGREGATION MEANS OF VERIFICATION/POE SOURCE OF METHOD OF REPORTING DESIRED PERFORMANCE INDICATOR VALIDATION OF BENEFICIARIES QUARTER 1: **QUARTER 4:** CALCULATION/ CYCLE RESPONSIBILITY RESPONSIBILITY QUARTER 2: QUARTER 3: DATA ASSESSMENT Consolidated Consolidated Consolidated Quantitative (Simple Quarterly District Director Vulnerable and Consolidated Assessment Informed planning, decisions Community profiled households database of linked database of linked database of linked Tools Count) and interventions Development profiled households profiled households profiled Manager . households

5.6 YOUTH DEVELOPMENT

5.6.1 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of youth development structures supported

CALCULATION TYPE: Non-cumulative highest figure

DEFINITION: This indicator counts the number of youth development structures supported through training, capacity building, funding, coaching and mentoring in line with National Youth Policy (2015-2020), Youth Employment Accord 2013, EC Youth Development Strategy 2015, Skills Development Strategy 111, DSD Youth Development Policy (2016-2021), NPO Act, Cooperative Act, 2005 and PFMA. Youth development structures include youth development clubs, youth forums, youth NPOs, youth cooperatives, and youth development centres targeting youth.

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province

ASSUMPTIONS: Support to youth structures promotes self-reliance and improves capacity of young people.

DISAGREGATION		MEANS OF VER	IFICATION/POE		SOURCE OF	METHOD OF	REPORTING	DESIRED	INDICATOR VALIDATION RESPONSIBILITY				
OF BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:	DATA	CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY			
Youth with Disabilities, Not in Education, Employment or Training (NEET focusing on those located in poores wards.	database of youth development structures 2 Youth	1. Consolidated database of youth development structures 2. Youth Development Structures Report	Consolidated database of youth development structures, Overlopment Structures Report	database of youth	Register of youth development structures Masterlist	Quantitative (Simple Count)	,	Increase in number of youth structures supported.	Community Development Manager	District Director			

5.6.2 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of youth participating in skills development programmes.

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year end

DEFINITION: This indicator counts the number of youth participating in skills development programmes. Out-of-school, unemployed graduates, youth in conflict with the law, youth with disabilities and direct beneficiaries of social assistance are capacitated on technical and non-technical skills and other relevant training programmes in partnership with other stakeholders as outlined in the National Youth Policy (2015-2020), Youth Employment Accord 2013, Provincial Youth Development Strategy, Skills Development Strategy, Skills Development Strategy 111 and DSD Youth Development Policy (2016-2021). Skills development programmes refer to programmes such as the National Youth Service Programme, Leanerships, training in vocational skills i.e. Construction & plumbing, assist youth to obtain drivers licenses, hospitality courses, computer skills, structured life skills programmes, electrical, business skills, carpentry (cabinet making & construction), community house building, entrepreneurship, chefs/culinary skills, designing and sewing, welding and motor mechanic and others.

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province

ASSUMPTIONS: Participation in skills development programmes promotes socio economic empowerment and employability of young people

DISAGREGATION OF BENEFICIARIES		MEANS OF VE	RIFICATION/POE			REPORTING	DESIRED	INDICATOR	VALIDATION	
	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:			CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
Youth with disabilities, Not in Education, Employment or Training (NEET) especially those in poorest wards.	Signed Attendance registers Training reports Database of youth participants.	1. Signed Attendance registers 2. Training reports 3. Database of youth participants.	Signed Attendance registers, Training reports Database of youth participants.	Signed Attendance registers Training reports Database of youth participants.	Attendance Registers	Quantitative (Simple Count)	Quarterly	Improved skills among young people for employment and creation of entrepreneurial opportunities.	Community Development Manager	District Director

5.6.3 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of youth participating in youth mobilisation programmes

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year end

DEFINITION: This indicator counts the number of youth participating in mobilisation programmes (awareness campaigns, outreach programs, youth dialogues, Intergenerational dialogues, youth camps, social behaviour change programmes, workshops and commemorations) in line with National Youth Policy (2015-2020), Youth Employment Accord 2013, Provincial Youth Development Strategy, Skills Development Strategy 111 and DSD Youth Development Policy (2016-2021).

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province

ASSUMPTIONS: Active participation of youth in mobilisation programmes.

DISAGREGATION OF BENEFICIARIES		MEANS OF VERIFICATION/POE				METHOD OF	REPORTING		INDICATOR	VALIDATION
	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:		CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
Youth with Disabilities, Not in Education, Employment or in Training especially those from poorest Wards.	Mobilisation reports, Consolidated databases of participants	Mobilisation reports, Consolidated databases of participants	Mobilisation reports Consolidated databases of participants		Attendance Registers	Quantitative (Simple Count)	,	young people participating	Community Development Manager	District Director

5.7 WOMEN DEVELOPMENT

5.7.1 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of women participating in women empowerment programmes

CALCULATION TYPE: Cumulative year to-date

DEFINITION: This indicator counts the number of women participating in socio-economic empowerment programmes focusing on Women's Rights, Legal Rights, social, economic & technical skills in line with the Constitution of Republic of South Africa 1996 and National Policy on Women's Empowerment & Gender Equality 2000.

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province

ASSUMPTIONS: Women participating in empowerment programmes have increased levels of self-reliance and awareness about their Rights.

DISAGREGATION OF BENEFICIARIES					SOURCE OF	METHOD OF	REPORTING	DESIRED	INDICATOR	VALIDATION
	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:		CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
Unemployed Women including 2% of Women with Disabilities	Consolidated Report on empowerment programs, Consolidated database for women.	Consolidated Report on empowerment programs, Consolidated database for women.	Consolidated Report on empowerment programs, Consolidated database for women.	Consolidated Report on empowerment programs Consolidated database for women.	Attendance Registers.	Quantitative (Simple Count)	Quarterly	Active participation of women in socio economic development programmes and social inclusion	Development	District Director

5.7.2 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of women livelihood initiatives supported

CALCULATION TYPE: Non-Cumulative highest figure

DEFINITION: This indicator counts the number of women livelihood initiatives (Cooperatives & NPOs) supported. Provision of financial and technical support (through funding & skills development) to women for participation in self-help & income generation opportunities for poverty alleviation in line with Cooperative Act 2004, Skills Development Act 2008 and NPO Act 1996

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on the 39 poorest wards of the Province

ASSUMPTIONS: Sustainable Women Livelihood Initiatives with improved income levels to reduce poverty.

DISAGREGATION OF		MEANS OF VE	RIFICATION/POE		SOURCE OF DATA	METHOD OF	REPORTING			VALIDATION
BENEFICIARIES	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:		CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT	CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
Unemployed Women including Women 2% of Women with Disabilities	Consolidated Monitoring report, Consolidated database of women Livelihoods initiatives	Consolidated Monitoring report, Consolidated database of women Livelihoods initiatives	Consolidated Monitoring report, Consolidated database of women Livelihoods initiatives	Consolidated Monitoring report, Consolidated database of women Livelihoods initiatives	List of funded Women livelihood initiatives Masterlist	Quantitative (Simple Count)		Improved women livelihood initiatives provide opportunities for economic participation and inclusion of women in the mainstream economy.	Development Manager	District Director

5.7.3 INDICATOR TITLE: Number of Child Support Grant beneficiaries linked to sustainable livelihoods opportunities

CALCULATION TYPE: Non-Cumulative highest figure

DEFINITION: This indicator counts the number of child support grant beneficiaries (with specific focus to mothers of children affected by malnutrition) linked to sustainable livelihoods opportunities

SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION: This indicator will be implemented in all 6 Districts and 2 Metros with special focus on hotspots of malnutrition identified by DoH across the Province

ASSUMPTIONS: Child support grant beneficiaries linked to sustainable livelihoods opportunities to reduce poverty.

DISAGREGATION OF BENEFICIARIES		MEANS OF VER	RIFICATION/POE		SOURCE OF METHOD OF CALCULATION/ ASSESSMENT		REPORTING			VALIDATION
	QUARTER 1:	QUARTER 2:	QUARTER 3:	QUARTER 4:			CYCLE	PERFORMANCE	RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY
Child Support grant beneficiaries	Consolidated database of CSG beneficiaries linked to sustainable livelihoods initiatives	beneficiaries linked to sustainable		database of CSG beneficiaries linked to sustainable	Tool	Quantitative (Simple Count)		Improved women livelihood initiatives provide opportunities for economic participation and inclusion of women in the mainstream economy.	Development Manager	District Director